

CROATIAN NATIONAL BANK

BULLETIN No. 59

April 2001

REAL SECTOR

The stagnation of industrial production in the second half of 2000, continued in early 2001. The industrial production volume index was 0.8% lower in February than in the same month last year. In the first two months of 2001 it recorded a cumulative growth of 6.2%, due to its high growth rate in January.

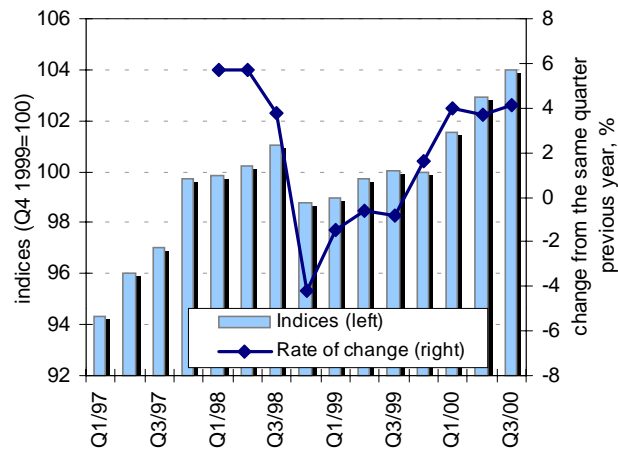
The manufacturing, which accounted for more than four fifths of total industrial production, was on the same level this February as it was a year ago. In the first two months it grew by an average 9.2%, higher than the industry total.

Increasing by 2.9% in January and with a 1.8% year-on-year growth index, mining and quarrying have not significantly contributed to the growth of industrial production. Energy supply, which decreased by 4.7% in February and by 3.6% cumulatively in the first two months of 2001, adversely affected industrial trends in general. This decrease in energy supply was due to a warm winter at the turn of 2000 / 2001, as well as the agreement concluded with Slovenia for the distribution of electric power generated by the Krško nuclear power plant. On the basis of this agreement, Croatia and Slovenia are now alternatively using the electric power from that power plant.

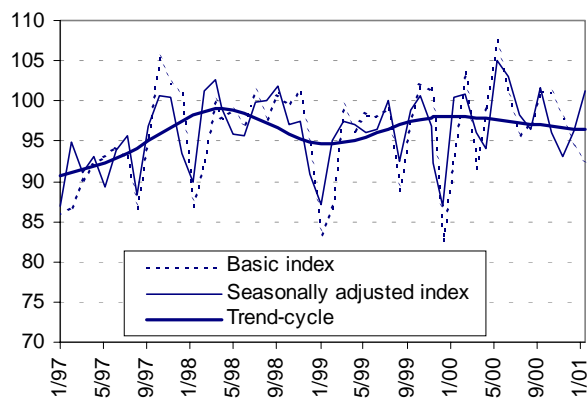
Looking at the main industrial groupings, production of capital goods grew at a high rate (27.5%) in the first two months, together with production of durable (18.1%) and non-durable consumer goods (10.1%). Conversely, energy production decreased by 3.6%.

Industrial production stagnated and income grew at

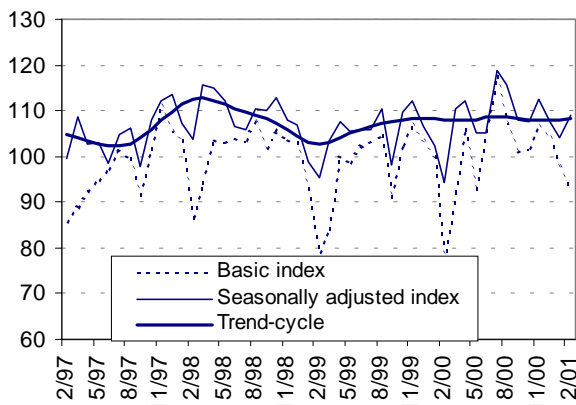
QUARTELY GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT,
seasonally adjusted indices, at constant prices



INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION,
December 1999=100



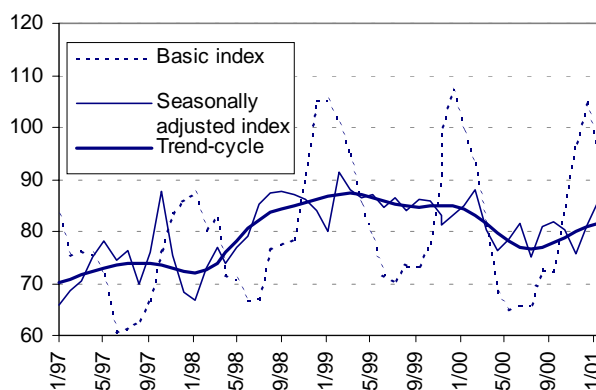
MANUFACTURING,
December 1999=100



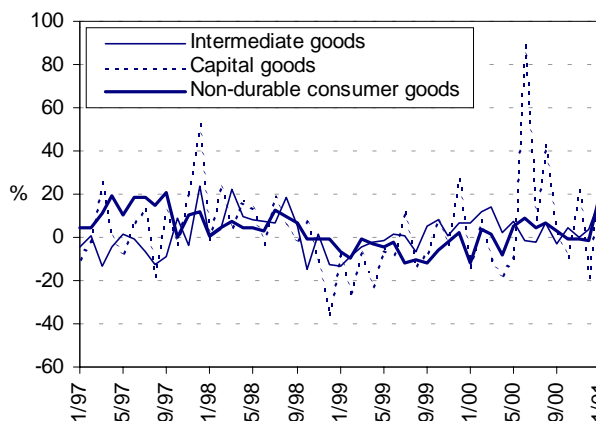
low real rates in late 2000 and early 2001 (with the exception of pensions, which grew at substantially higher average rates, on account of the fact that the debt to pensioners was repaid). In spite of this, retail trade turnover continued its accelerated growth in January. Its growth was to a great extent brought about by transient influences, such as a very good tourist season in mid-2000 and car sales that soared late that year, prior to the introduction of excises in 2001, whose net impact could not be precisely assessed. Still, although no longer affected by these factors, the real retail trade turnover growth rate did not come down in the beginning of 2001. The turnover in January was lower than in December. However, this was primarily a seasonal decrease, so that the year-on-year growth index of the retail trade turnover amounted to 20.1%.

Total merchandise trade boomed in January. Expressed in kuna and in US dollars, exports of goods grew by 22.5% and 15.0% respectively, compared to the same month last year. Imports of goods also grew at considerably higher rates, i.e. 51.0% expressed in kuna and 41.6% expressed in US dollars. There are several probable causes of these trends. Firstly, the European Union has recently granted tariff concessions to Croatian products, which produced positive effects. This was confirmed by data that showed that trade with the European Union grew at higher rates than total merchandise trade (expressed in kuna, exports grew at a 36.1% rate and imports at a 56.8% rate), which made it the main growth generator of total merchandise trade. Additionally, the economic revival in Croatia and a more dynamic EU economy stimulated the mutual

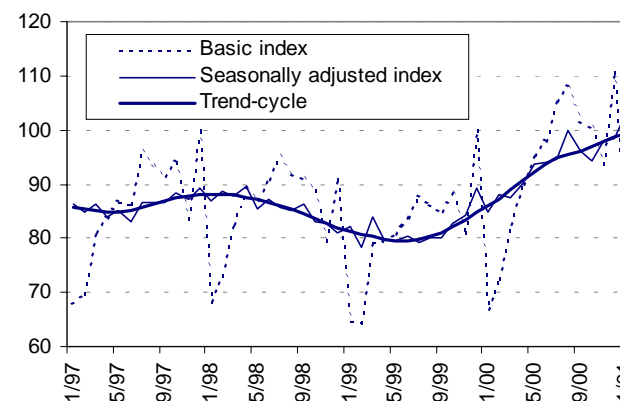
ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER SUPPLY,
December 1999=100



INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION BY MAIN INDUSTRIAL
GROUPINGS, change from the same month previous
year



REAL RETAIL TURNOVER,
December 1999=100

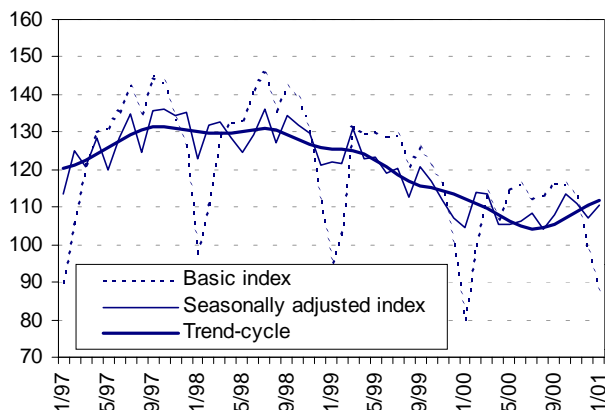


merchandise trade. The data on merchandise trade has apparently also confirmed the existence of certain trends in retail trade turnover. This is primarily related to the fact that, instead of shopping abroad, more Croatian citizens shop at one of the newly opened shopping centers in Croatia.

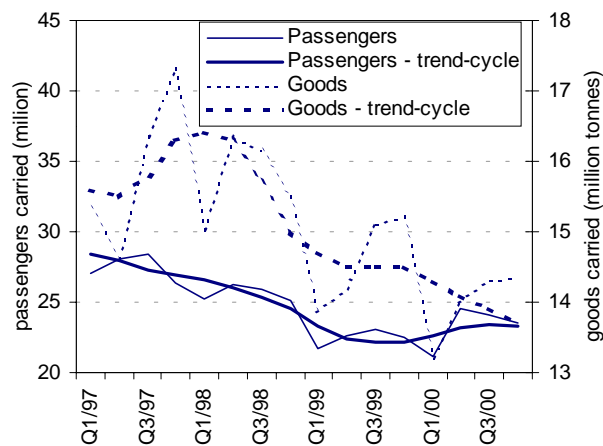
In January the volume index of construction projects rose by 9.0%, in comparison with the same month last year, but it was still 13% lower than in December 1999. However, together with the lower rate of decline of the construction project volume index in late 2000, this growth reversed construction trends. January was thus the first month in which construction was on the increase, after recording a negative monthly rate of change in the volume of construction projects for a year and a half. The volume of construction projects was on the decrease for even longer than the rate of change. This improvement can be attributed to economic recovery, as well as to recent government incentive policies aimed at housing construction.

In January 2001 tourist arrivals increased by 2.3%, in comparison with the same month last year. Domestic and foreign arrivals rose by 0.6% and 5.4% respectively. Tourist overnight stays rose by 0.7%, on account of a 2.3% increase in the nights stayed by domestic tourists. The nights stayed by foreign tourists decreased by 1.7%. However, this should not give rise to concern, as off-peak-season developments have little impact on the overall annual tourist turnover.

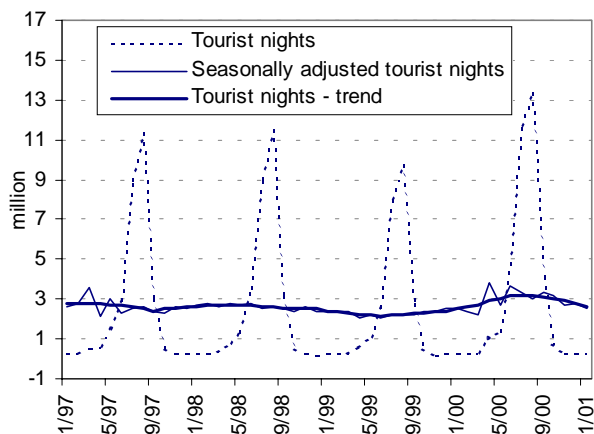
VOLUME OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS,
December 1999=100



TRANSPORT OF PASSENGERS AND GOODS



TOURIST NIGHTS



PRICES

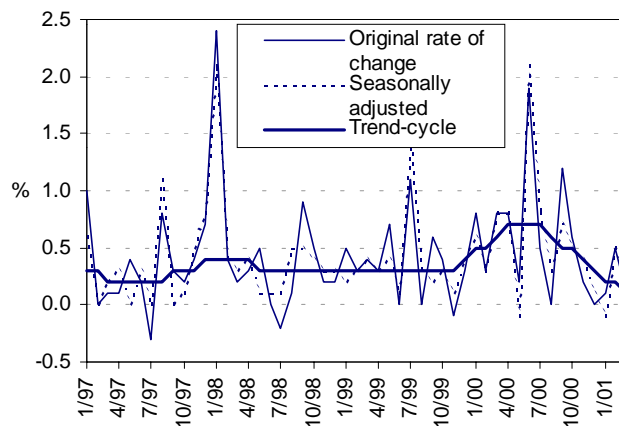
According to data from the Central Bureau of Statistics, retail prices and the cost of living rose by an average 0.1%, compared to the previous month, while the producers' prices of industrial products decreased by 1.6%.

The monthly inflation rate of retail prices has followed a downward trend since August last year. In March this year, goods' prices fell by an average 0.1%, largely on account of a 1.8% decrease in the prices of refined petroleum products. Somewhat more conspicuous was the 1.4% rise in the prices of agricultural products. In contrast to lower goods' prices, the prices of services rose by 0.5%. Although goods' prices grew higher than the prices of services last year, in 2001 the trend was reversed. In the first quarter the prices of goods and services rose by an average 0.6% and 1.0% respectively, compared to the prices in December last year.

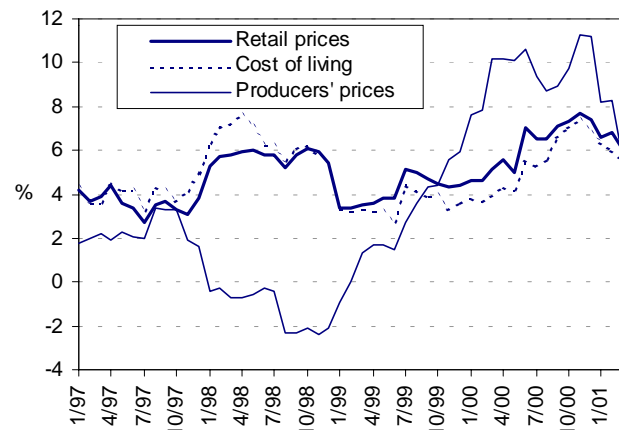
As a result of the more sustained average growth of prices in recent months and the impact of the base period, the year-on-year inflation rate, measured by the movements in retail prices, came down from 7.4% in December to 6.6% in January and 6.0% in March.

The monthly decrease in producers' prices of industrial products was primarily due to the prices of energy dropping by 6.2% (reduced prices of domestic crude petroleum and refined petroleum derivatives, as well as seasonally reduced prices of electric power for industry). The prices of intermediary goods fell by 0.8%. The year-on-year growth rate of producers' prices was 5.5% in March, twice as low as in December last year, when it stood at 11.2%.

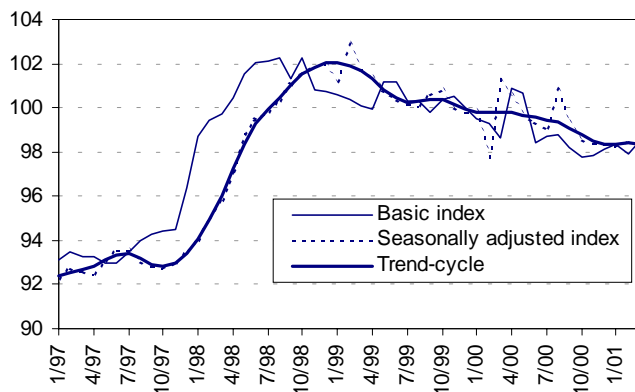
RETAIL PRICES, monthly changes



RETAIL PRICES, PRODUCERS' PRICES AND COST OF LIVING, change from the same month previous year



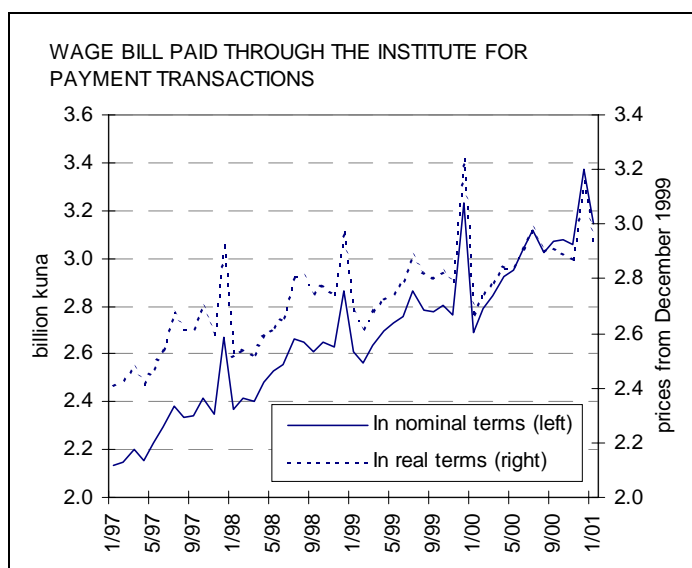
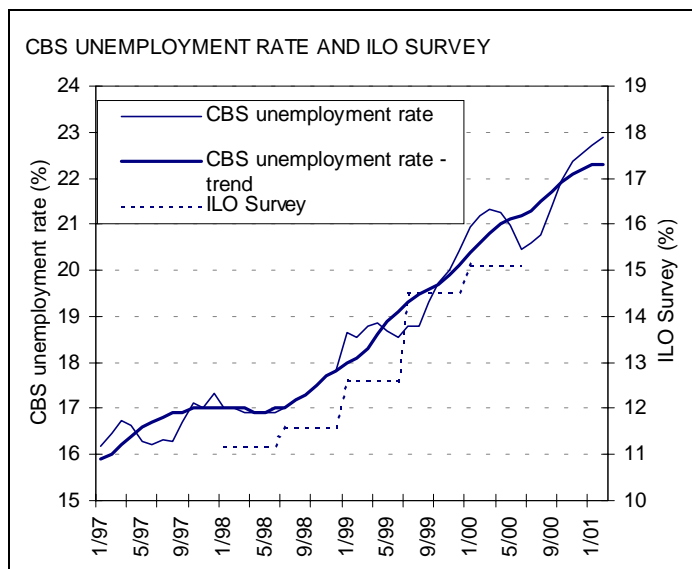
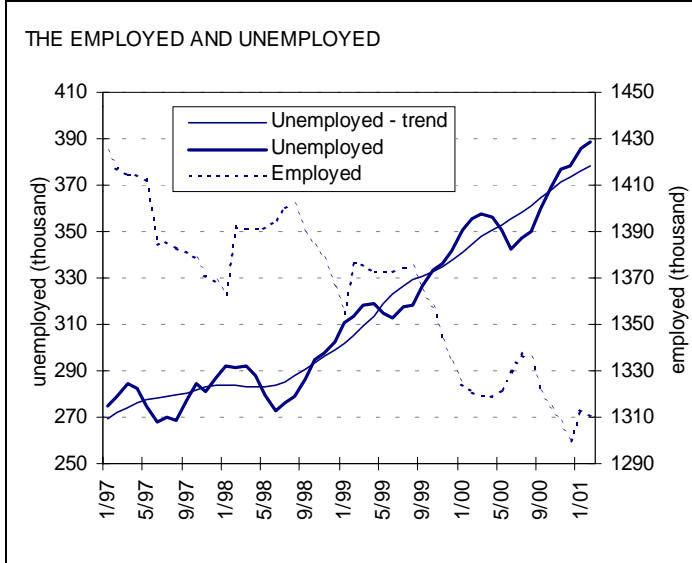
RELATIVE PRICE INDEX FOR NON-TRADABLE GOODS, services' prices relative to goods' prices, December 1999=100



EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES

In the first two months of 2001 the number of new registrations with the Croatian Unemployment Bureau rose by 10.4%, in comparison with the same period last year. Registered employment grew at a rate of 33.5%, exceeding total outflow, which increased by 25.6%. Nevertheless, the upward trend in registered unemployment continued through February. Late in February unemployment came close to 389,000. Compared to late January, it rose by almost 3,000 (0.7%). Total employment fell by 3,000 (0.2%) during February, standing at 1,310,000 at the end of the month. As a result of these developments, the labor force stagnated in February and the registered unemployment rate reached 22.9%.

The wage bill paid through the Institute for Payment Transactions was 16.7% higher than in the same month last year and 9.6% higher in real terms. Such a high growth rate of the real wage bill could only partly be accounted for by the fact that the number of employees receiving their wages through the Institute for Payment Transactions rose by 5.3% in January in comparison to December. With regard to this increase in the number of paid wages, the decrease in total employment, shown last year by the CBS data, could partly be explained by a smaller number of old-age insurance beneficiaries in agriculture. Furthermore, there were fewer employees in those companies in which restructuring procedures were initiated last year or early this year, and in which wages were generally not paid last year. According to the Central Bureau of Statistics, the average net wage paid in February, rose by 1.3% and 1% in nominal and real terms respectively compared to January.



MONETARY DEVELOPMENTS

Continued growth in corporate lending was the dominant characteristic of the monetary developments in February. In view of the slower growth of net foreign assets, developments in the formation of total liquid assets, which also grew, were increasingly determined by the growth in net domestic assets.

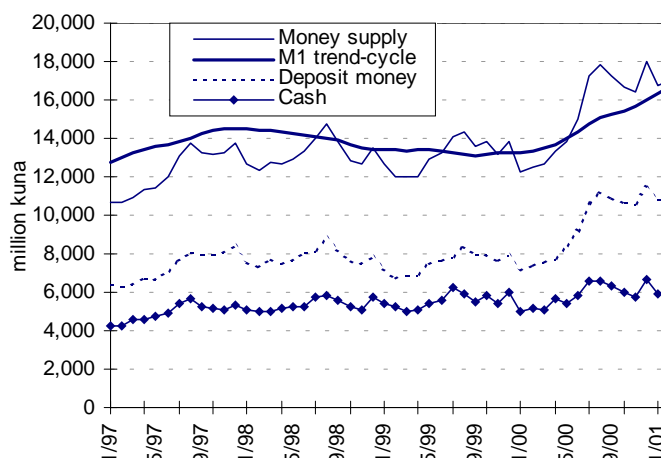
The money supply has continued its upward trend, reaching HRK 16.7bn at the end of February. Once again the increase in money supply was more the consequence of the growth of currency in circulation than the growth in deposits. At the end of February currency in circulation stood at HRK 6.1bn, reaching a monthly growth of HRK 0.2bn, although a seasonal decline of currency in circulation is usual for February.

Seasonally adjusted data indicates that a recent drop in corporate deposits can be accounted for by seasonal impact (February is a month with the lowest seasonal factor for that category). However, corporate deposits (in their original value) dropped from HRK 7.1bn at the end of December 2000 to HRK 6.4bn at the end of February 2001. The following months will show whether the reduced liquidity of enterprise is only temporary, or if all positive incentives through the payment of arrears from the government budget have been exhausted, indicating that the liquidity of enterprise has again deteriorated.

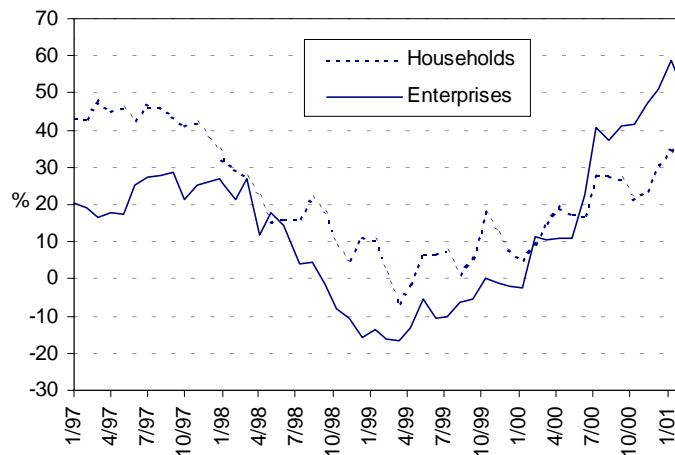
Foreign exchange deposits have continually grown at stable, moderate rates reaching the level of HRK 49.6bn. In the current three-month period the average monthly growth rate trend for foreign exchange deposits (1.4%) has been slightly higher than the previous quarters. Kuna deposits have also grown continually, reaching the level of HRK 9.1bn.

Bank lending to the private sector is recovering and its growth rates are higher each month. It should be noted that in the middle of the third quarter of 2000 lending reached its lowest level. A slight recovery, observed in the last quarter of 2000, has been speeding up since the beginning of the current

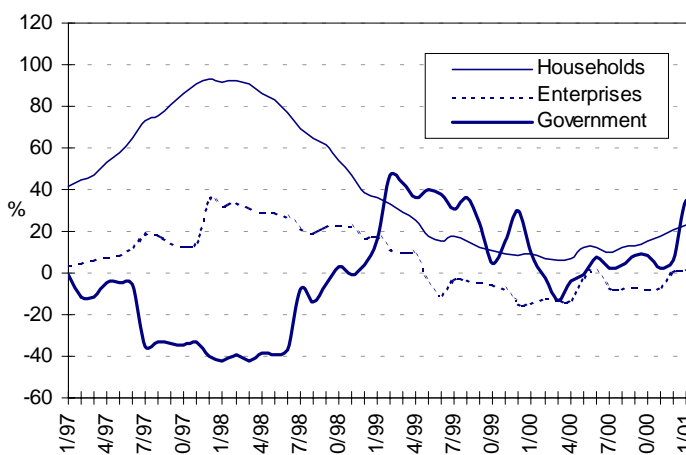
MONEY SUPPLY



GROWTH RATES OF HOUSEHOLDS' AND ENTERPRISES' DEPOSIT MONEY, change from the same month previous year



CREDITS TO HOUSEHOLDS AND ENTERPRISES AND NET CLAIMS ON GOVERNMENT, change from the same month previous year



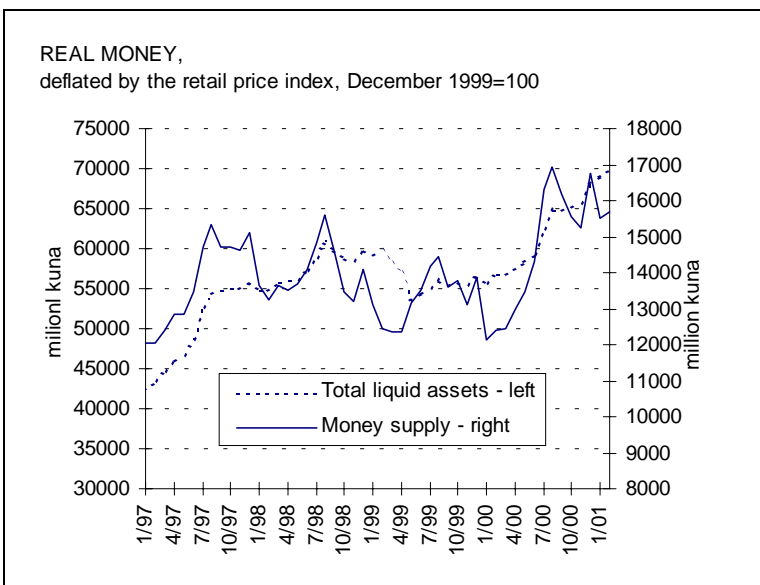
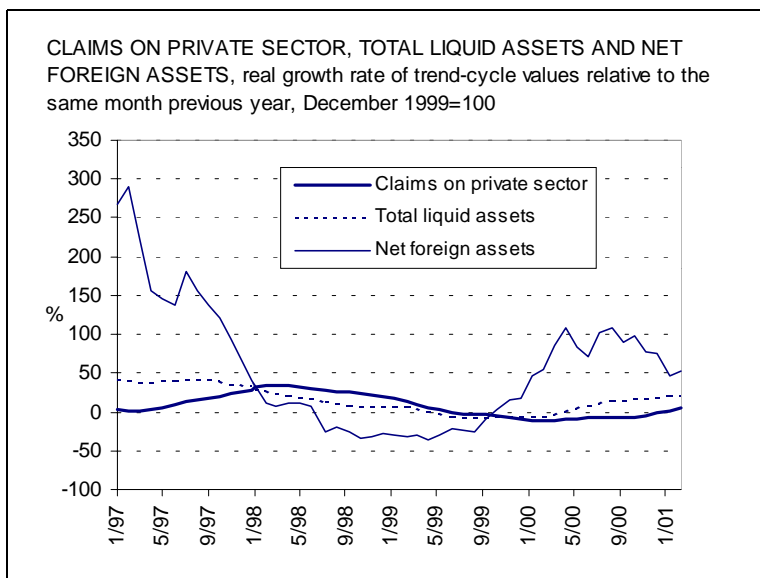
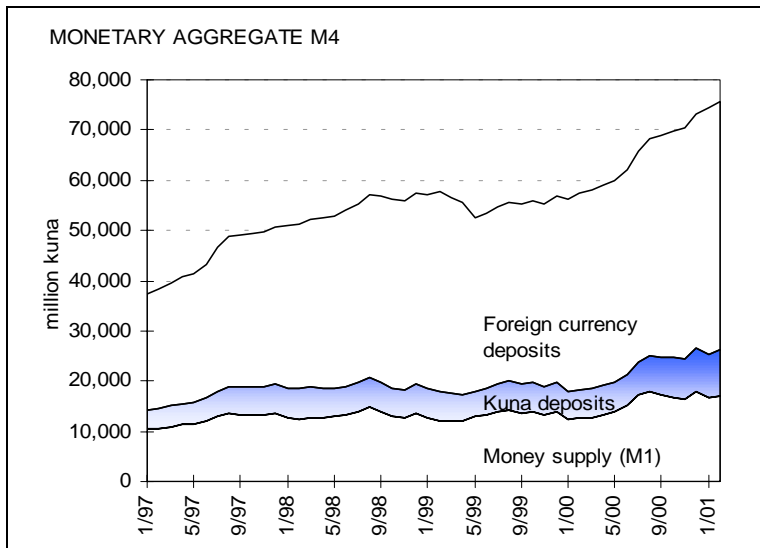
year. Over the first three quarters of 2000 the average monthly growth rate trend of real placements was below zero; in the fourth quarter it grew to 1%, while in the first quarter of 2001 it reached almost 2%.

Particularly encouraging is the increase in corporate lending, although household lending is still growing at much higher rates. In February about half of all new kuna loans were granted to households and the other half to enterprise.

Bank lending stood at HRK 62.8bn at the end of February.

High growth rates of kuna lending to households and stagnant corporate lending in the previous few years resulted in a new sectorized structure of lending. Currently the level of kuna lending to households is approximately the same as that to enterprise. Two years ago the ratio between corporate lending and household lending was 60% to 40%, while four years ago it was 70% to 30% in favor of enterprise. However, favorable trends have been confirmed from month to month, so that the share of corporate lending in newly granted loans is on the increase.

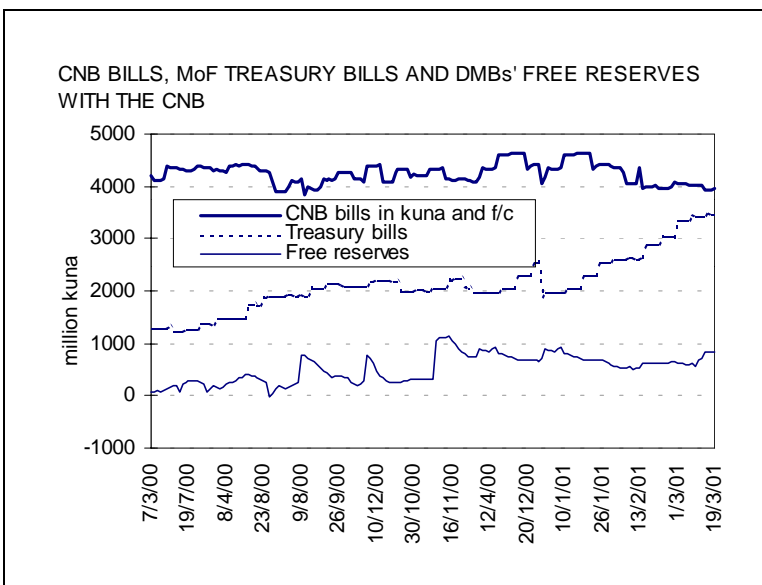
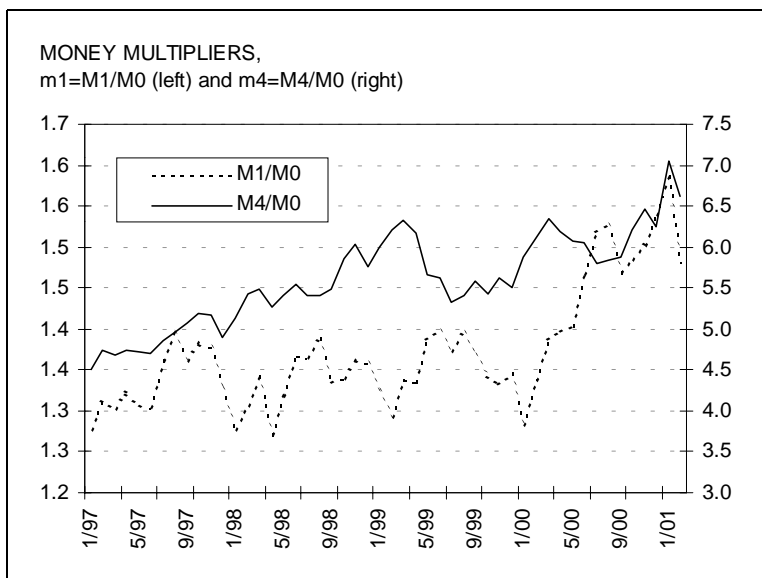
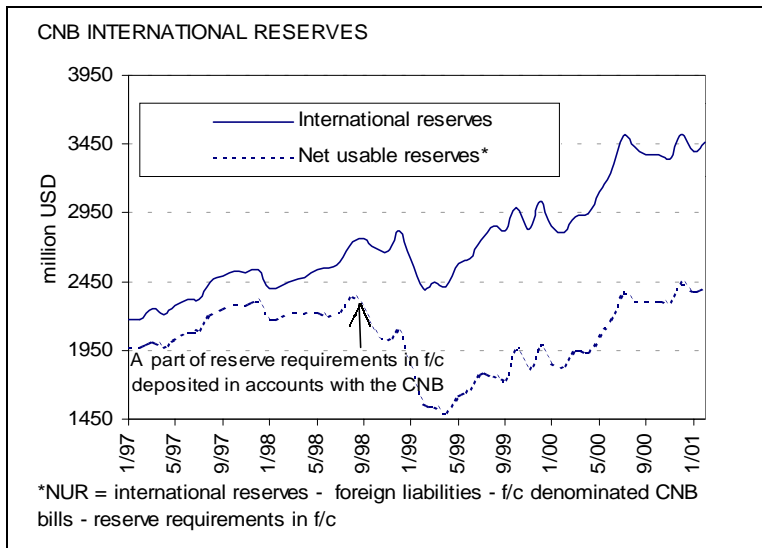
In February there was a slight decrease in bank claims on the central government, compared to January. This was mainly the result of the central government's repayment of a short-term HRK 0.9bn loan to Privredna banka Zagreb, which had been granted in January 2000. The growth in the subscription of treasury bills from the Ministry of Finance (see p. 8) resulted in higher bank claims on the central government. In February an increase in Ministry of Finance foreign exchange deposits was also recorded, as a result of an inflow from abroad from the issue of government bonds. The net result of these developments was a slight decrease in the net bank claims from the central government, which stood at HRK 15.4bn at the end of February. The February increase in the net foreign assets of banks was primarily the result of a decline in the foreign liabilities of domestic banks, together with stagnant foreign assets. It should be noted that a slight increase in bank lending to domestic sectors, which started at the end of the last year, was



accompanied by a slow-down in the growth of net foreign assets. During the period of stagnant and decreased lending the banks placed their assets abroad, estimating that even a small yield from that market is better than risky investments in domestic sectors. As a result of the trend reversal the growth of domestic assets of banks has become faster than that of foreign assets.

In early February the value of subscribed treasury bills of the Ministry of Finance exceeded the value of subscribed kuna CNB bills. This increased subscription of treasury bills and the reduced subscription of kuna CNB bills also continued in March. In mid-March the subscribed treasury bills in bank portfolios stood at HRK 3.5bn, while kuna CNB bills were HRK 2bn. In the third quarter of 2000 kuna CNB bills reached HRK 2.5bn and remained about the same level until the beginning of February 2001. At that time treasury bills stood at some HRK 1.5bn, which was less than half the current amount. Such developments are the result of reducing the frequency of CNB bills auctions, with the purpose of having only one auction a month to facilitate the development of secondary markets. Since treasury bills auctions are still held on a weekly basis, banks prefer more frequent auctions, which is reflected in the reduced subscription of CNB bills.

However, CNB bills also represent a significant sterilization instrument intended to absorb surplus liquidity. Unlike CNB bills, treasury bills of the MOF are used for short-term financing of the government budget so that currency remains in circulation. Therefore the central bank withdrew a part of its surplus liquidity through a foreign exchange auction held on 2 March, which was a minor auction (EUR 19.1m). In mid-March, the government issued EUR 500m bonds for the European market, EUR 75m from the inflow were immediately sold to the Croatian National Bank, and EUR 100m were deposited with the central bank. As a result, the gross international reserves with the Croatian National Bank increased by EUR 170m (USD 158.6m), while the monetary effect stood at HRK 578m.



EXCHANGE RATE

Following a five-month weakening of the kuna against the Euro, from October 2000 to February 2001, a small nominal appreciation of the domestic currency was recorded in March. Specifically, in late March the exchange rate of Euro reached HRK 7.68/ EUR, which is 0.3% lower than the exchange rate in late February. The appreciation of the kuna against the Euro was particularly great in the second half of the month.

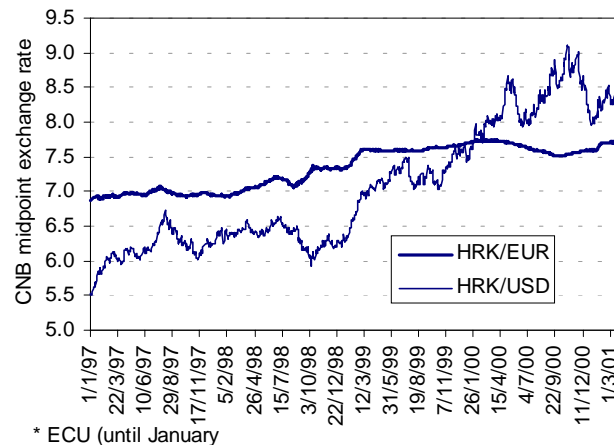
Bearing in mind the depreciation of the kuna against the Euro by 1.4% in the first two months of 2001, the total nominal depreciation of the kuna against the Euro in the first quarter of the current year was 1.1%, compared to the exchange rate at the end of 2000.

A significant weakening of the kuna against the US dollar in the second half of March resulted in the total monthly depreciation of the kuna against the US dollar of 3.6%. Over the first quarter of the current year the exchange rate of the kuna against the US dollar was continually weakening, based on the end-of-month exchange rates. As a result, the total nominal depreciation of the kuna against the US dollar was 7%, compared to the exchange rate realized at the end of 2000.

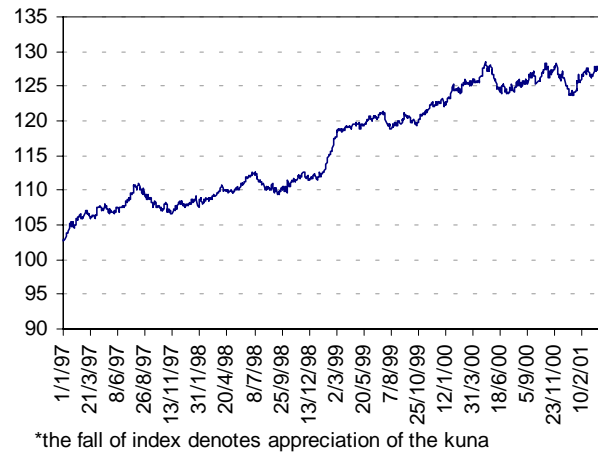
The weakening of the kuna against the basket of currencies, recorded in the first two months of the current year, continued into March when the total nominal depreciation of the kuna reached 0.9%. In the first quarter of 2001 the depreciation of the kuna against the basket of currencies was 2.9%

In January 2001 different trends in price competitiveness of domestic exporters were observed. Specifically, the appreciation of the average monthly exchange rate of the kuna against the basket of currencies, which amounted to 1.2%, together with a 0.7% decrease in producers' prices and a 0.1% increase in retail prices, resulted in a mild depreciation of the real effective exchange rate of the kuna by 0.2% (for producers' prices), and a slightly more pronounced appreciation of the real effective exchange rate of the kuna by 1.2% (for retail prices) compared to the previous month.

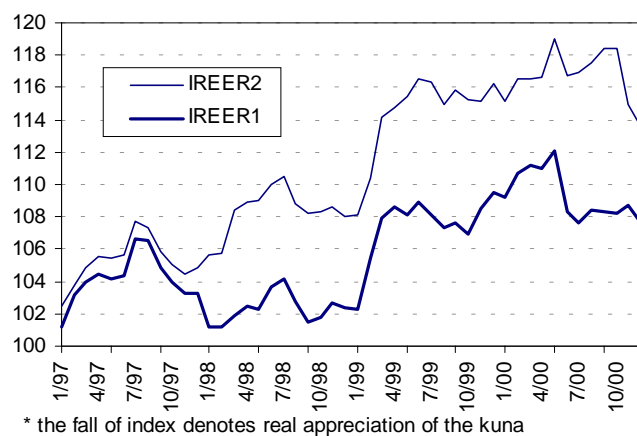
DAILY NOMINAL EXCHANGE RATE - HRK vs. EURO* AND USD



INDEX OF DAILY NOMINAL EFFECTIVE EXCHANGE RATE OF THE KUNA*, 1995=100



INDEX* OF REAL EFFECTIVE EXCHANGE RATE OF THE KUNA, RPI (IREER1) & PPI (IREER2), 1995=100



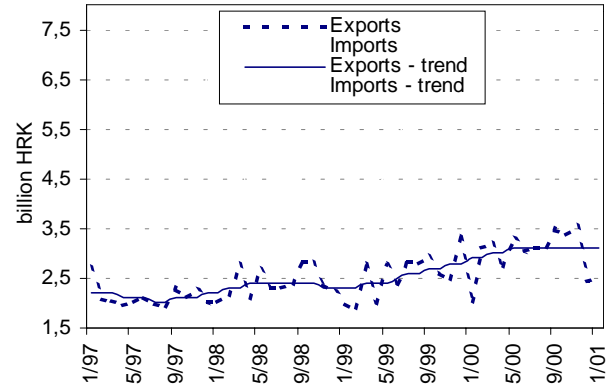
BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

According to preliminary balance of payments data for 2000, the current account deficit was USD 0.5bn, or three times less than in 1999 when it reached USD 1.5bn.

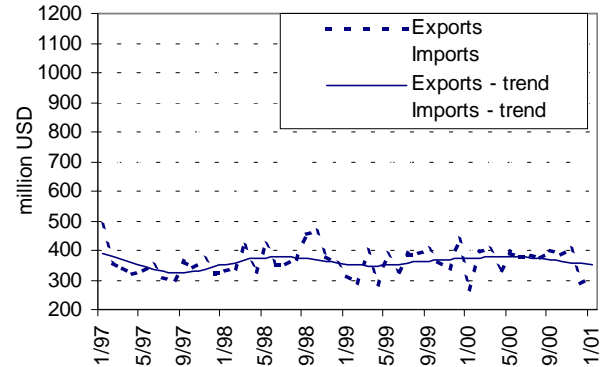
A decrease in the current account deficit in 2000 resulted from a decline in the goods account deficit (2% compared with the deficit in 1999) and a considerable increase in the services account surplus (39%), which grew from USD 1.6bn in 1999 to USD 2.3bn in 2000. Within the services account, the positive balance in the transportation services doubled (from USD 84m in 1999 to USD 178m in 2000), whereas net income from tourism grew by USD 0.5bn, and was 25.7% higher than the previous year, reaching USD 2.2bn in 2000. After growing for three consecutive years, the deficit in the income account decreased by 11% in 2000. The current transfers surplus grew by 52% compared with 1999 and stood at USD 759m. This growth resulted from a 15.5% increase in private transfers and a 56.5% drop in government transfers abroad.

The capital and financial transactions account recorded a 77% decrease in 2000. The balance in this account decreased from USD 1.5bn in 1999 to USD 338m in 2000. This development was mostly the result of a decrease in net revenues from foreign investments. In 2000, foreign direct investments in Croatia were 42% lower (USD 828m) compared with 1999 (USD 1,445m), while portfolio investments grew by about 28% (USD 733m). Total balance of payments developments in 2000 resulted in a USD 582m increase in international reserves of the CNB, or 36% according to the transaction exchange rate. International reserves with the central bank reached USD 3,524m at the end of December 2000.

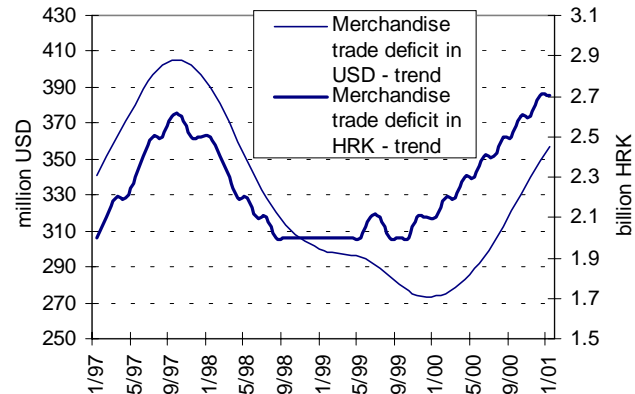
MERCHANDISE EXPORTS (f.o.b.) AND IMPORTS (c.i.f.) AND TREND, at current prices



MERCHANDISE EXPORTS (f.o.b.) AND IMPORTS (c.i.f.) AND TREND, at current prices



MERCHANDISE TRADE DEFICIT IN USD AND HRK, at current prices



BALANCE OF PAYMENTS (preliminary data), million USD

	Jan.-Dec. 2000	Jan.-Dec. 1999	Indices Jan.-Dec..2000/ Jan.-Dec.1999
Current account	-531.0	-1.522.6	34.9
Capital and financial account (excl. reserves)	920.0	1.902.7	48.4
CNB international reserves	-582.1	-428.5	135.8
Net errors and omissions	193.1	38.4	502.9

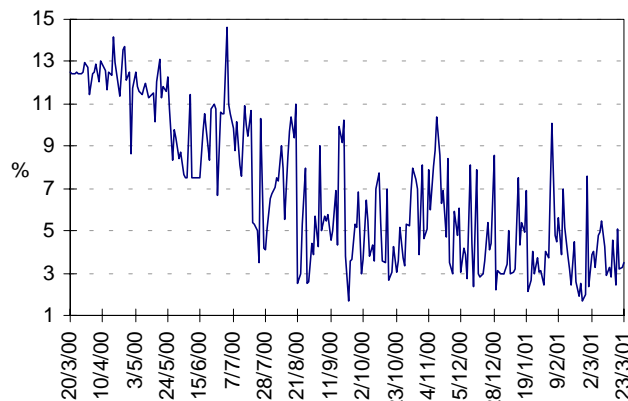
Source: CNB

MONEY MARKET AND INTEREST RATES

After a slight increase in February, resulting from the introduction of the National Clearing System and the initial disorientation of banks causing temporary difficulties in the money market, interest rates decreased again to below 4% and thus reverted to the long-lasting downward trend. Notwithstanding the high liquidity of the system, the volume of average daily transactions did not significantly decline in March. Daily trade has for a long time fluctuated between HRK 20m and 30m, whereas overnight interbank trade has remained on a downward trend for over a year. The average turnover, both with and without the Zagreb Money Market mediation, fell below HRK 100m, while in mid-last year it averaged HRK 360m.

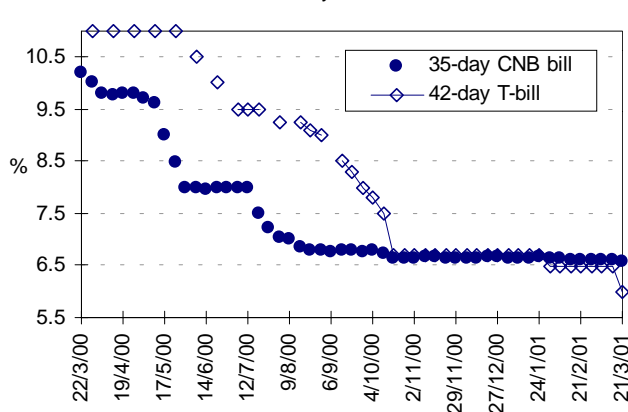
The purchase of CNB bills and Ministry of Finance treasury bills on the primary short-term securities market has continued to increase with a change in the maturity dates of kuna CNB bills leading to an increase in the purchase of the Ministry of Finance treasury bills in February. The CNB seeks to enhance the development of the secondary market by changing CNB bills maturity dates and reducing the frequency of CNB bills auctions. It seems that banks have not immediately responded to this intention since they directed their surplus funds to T-bills with unchanged maturity dates, preferring more frequent auctions which facilitate liquidity management. Considering their high liquidity, it is obvious that banks have to place their funds somewhere. Furthermore, even the interest rate fall did not discourage banks from purchasing larger amounts of treasury bills. Interest rates have continued to decline. The average interest rate on 42-day T-bills (shortest

AVERAGE INTEREST RATE ON THE ZAGREB MONEY MARKET, daily data, on annual basis



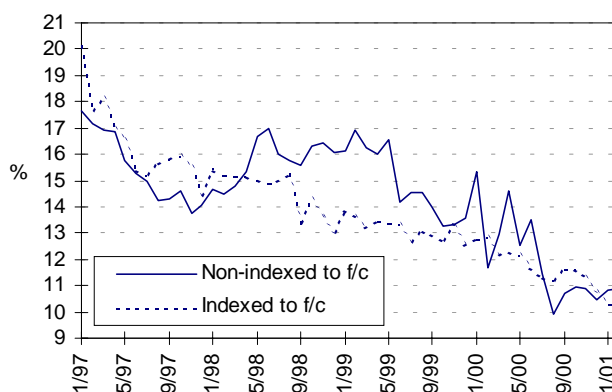
Source: Zagreb Money Market

INTEREST RATES ON KUNA CNB BILLS AND MoF TREASURY BILLS, on auction days



Note: in accordance with the new system of auctions, CNB bills purchased at the last auction mature in 28 and 21 instead of 35 days.

DMBs' AVERAGE INTEREST RATES ON CREDITS IN KUNA, on annual basis



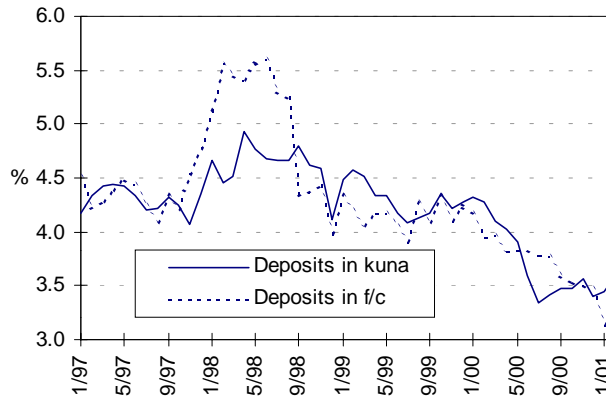
maturity) fell to 6.00%, and the average interest rate on 182-day T-bills fell to 7.15%.

The average interest rate on kuna CNB bills has been declining for a longer period of time, but is still higher than the one on treasury bills.

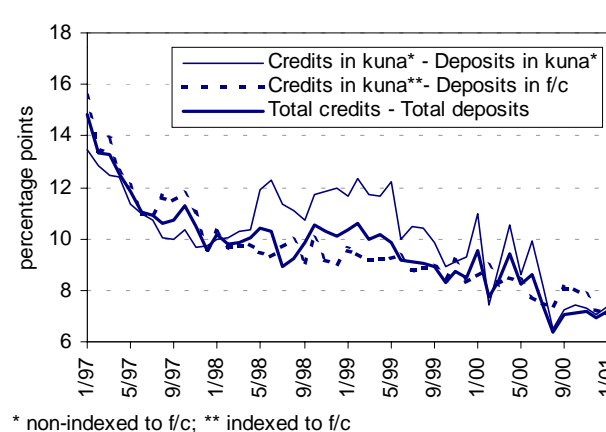
The average interest rates of commercial banks have continued their long downward trend, despite occasional increases, such as the period between spring 1998 and spring 1999. This trend is even more marked in average interest rates on short-term corporate loans, which have almost halved over the last year and a half. Calculation of the total system average is somewhat difficult because it also includes short-term household loans, 99% of which are overdraft facilities in current accounts, with the average interest rate constantly fluctuating between 20% and 22% for several years. The average interest rate on long-term loans, the majority of which are loans with currency clause, was around 10.5% over the preceding months and did not fall as much as the interest rate on short-term corporate loans without currency clause. This interest rate has been moderately, but continually decreasing.

Deposit rates have been declining for a longer period of time (to below 4%). This was especially observable after the second banking crisis when banks offering high deposit rates exited the market. Banks realized that their credit activities, accompanied by declining lending rates, can not support high deposits. This led to a drop in deposit rates, especially those for on call deposits.

DMBs' AVERAGE INTEREST RATES ON DEPOSITS, on annual basis



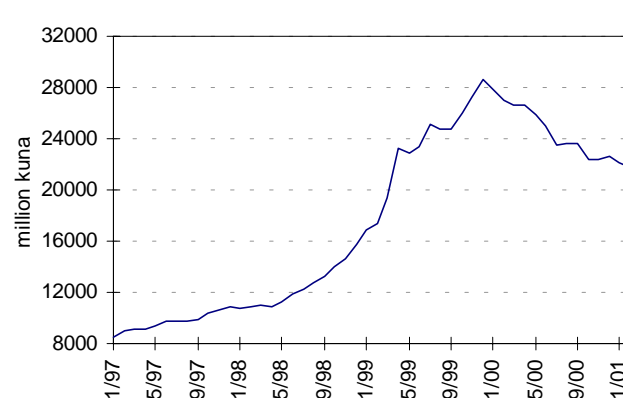
SPREAD BETWEEN LENDING AND DEPOSIT RATES



* non-indexed to f/c; ** indexed to f/c

Note: spread is calculated as a difference between average interest rates on credits and average interest rates on deposits.

ARREARS REPORTED TO THE PAYMENTS INSTITUTE



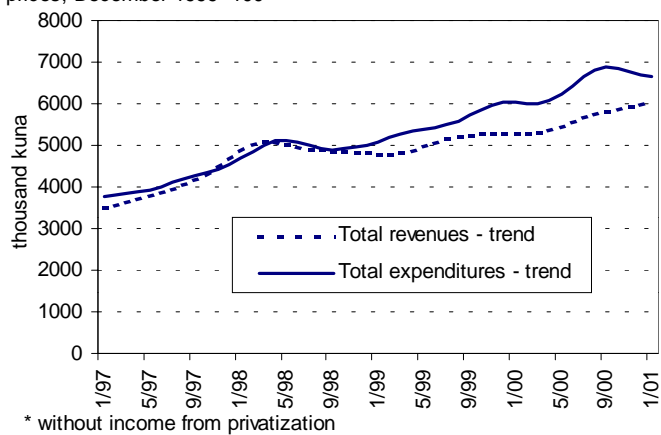
Note: on accounts of legal and natural persons
Source: Payment Institute

GOVERNMENT BUDGET

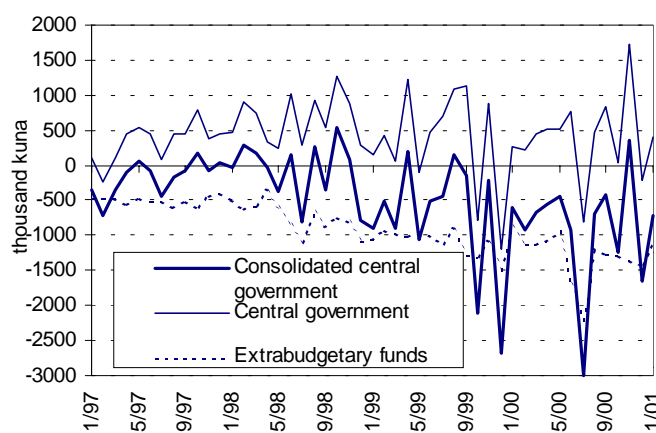
The consolidated central government budget (excluding privatization receipts) has been continually running a deficit since March 1998. The maximum deficit was recorded in September 2000 when it stood around HRK 1.1bn. After that, the deficit was gradually reduced, so that it reached HRK 628m in January 2001. The consolidated central government budgetary deficit resulted from the deficits of the extra-budgetary funds. Whereas the central government budget has almost always recorded a surplus (except at the end of 1999 and in July 2000), extra-budgetary funds have been continually running a deficit. This deficit was around HRK 500m in the period between 1997 and mid-1998, whereas it subsequently reached around HRK 1bn. It was at its highest in July 2000, around HRK 2.2bn, and has been gradually declining since. The consolidated central government budgetary deficit was financed through domestic commercial banks in January 2001.

Total central government revenues were HRK 2.8bn in February 2001, with a 3% increase in VAT revenues compared with January. Total expenditures were around HRK 3.8bn, or 5% higher than in the month before, mostly due to increases in subsidies and other current transfers. The consolidated central government budgetary deficit, which totaled HRK 928m in February, was mostly financed from foreign sources (by the issuance of USD 200m worth of Samurai bonds).

TOTAL REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES OF CONSOLIDATED CENTRAL GOVERNMENT, at constant prices, December 1999=100



CENTRAL GOVERNMENT SUCIFIT/DEFICIT, at constant prices, December 1999=100



FINANCING OF CONSOLIDATED CENTRAL BUDGET DEFICIT

million kuna

	Jan. 2001	2001 Budget
• TOTAL FINANCING	717	9 959
• DOMESTIC FINANCING	1 206	-997
From other general govern.		0
From monetary authorities	-247	0
From deposit money banks	1 553	-826
Other domestic financing	-100	-171
• FOREIGN FINANCING	-508	2 185
• PRIVATIZATION	20	8 771

Table A1: Monetary and Credit Aggregates

End of period, million kuna and %

Year	Month	Reserve money	Money M1	Money M1a	Broadest money M4	Net domestic assets	Domestic credit	Monthly rates of growth						
								Reserve money	Money M1	Money M1a	Broadest money M4	Net domestic assets	Domestic credit	
1993	December	2 248,9	3 134,4	3 759,2	10 061,1	12 005,7	20 287,9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1994	December	4 714,2	6 642,6	6 996,7	17 679,9	16 540,1	27 661,5	11,73	2,20	3,83	2,26	11,84	3,45	
1995	December	6 744,1	8 234,9	8 503,2	24 623,0	21 576,3	32 819,5	2,97	0,89	1,54	3,41	1,00	1,88	
1996	December	8 770,4	11 368,9	11 494,9	36 701,1	24 960,4	33 831,2	11,35	7,83	7,67	4,88	- 5,41	- 11,61	
1997	December	10 346,1	13 731,4	13 848,8	50 742,0	33 829,0	48 863,4	7,86	3,93	3,85	2,16	4,98	4,96	
1998	December	9 954,2	13 531,4	13 615,2	57 340,3	44 626,8	59 792,0	7,24	6,92	6,59	2,51	3,73	0,25	
1999	September	9 906,7	13 559,5	13 656,3	55 337,8	40 976,1	58 133,5	-3,40	-5,27	-5,48	-0,37	-0,65	0,21	
	October	10 278,2	13 809,0	13 952,5	55 838,1	39 897,9	58 412,3	3,75	1,84	2,17	0,90	-2,63	0,48	
	November	9 863,1	13 140,9	13 239,8	55 434,3	39 865,7	58 559,7	- 4,0	- 4,8	- 5,1	- 0,7	- 0,1	0,3	
	December ¹⁾	10 310,0	13 858,9	13 965,7	56 698,6	40 003,8	55 875,8	4,5	5,5	5,5	2,3	0,3	- 4,6	
2000	January	9 529,9	12 222,0	12 379,1	56 090,4	38 509,0	55 898,9	- 7,6	- 11,8	- 11,4	- 1,1	- 3,7	0,0	
	February	9 380,9	12 534,8	12 630,2	57 335,1	39 689,7	56 165,8	-1,56	2,56	2,03	2,22	3,07	0,48	
	March	9 129,3	12 669,9	12 771,8	57 975,0	37 041,1	56 135,3	-2,68	1,08	1,12	1,12	-6,67	-0,05	
	April	9 544,6	13 335,4	13 452,7	59 016,9	37 798,2	56 231,6	4,55	5,25	5,33	1,80	2,04	0,17	
	May	9 875,5	13 857,9	14 011,5	60 036,4	38 597,9	56 372,4	3,47	3,92	4,15	1,73	2,12	0,25	
	June	10 259,7	15 032,6	15 180,5	62 097,9	39 958,3	56 508,3	3,89	8,48	8,34	3,43	3,52	0,24	
	July	11 330,0	17 215,5	17 546,8	65 717,8	39 561,1	57 400,5	10,43	14,52	15,59	5,83	-0,99	1,58	
	August	11 681,8	17 837,6	18 163,6	68 281,2	39 576,9	57 448,2	3,10	3,61	3,52	3,90	0,04	0,08	
	September	11 746,9	17 244,0	17 485,9	69 023,9	40 187,2	57 826,4	0,56	-3,33	-3,73	1,09	1,54	0,66	
	October	11 255,3	16 702,1	16 921,9	69 875,4	39 270,1	58 535,4	-4,18	-3,14	-3,23	1,23	-2,28	1,23	
	November	10 918,1	16 384,7	16 612,8	70 549,7	39 873,5	59 287,9	-3,00	-1,90	-1,83	0,97	1,54	1,29	
	December	11 717,3	18 030,3	18 256,4	73 321,4	44 043,9	60 863,3	7,32	10,04	9,89	3,93	10,46	2,66	
2001	January	10 541,8	16 717,2	16 870,2	74 299,7	46 937,0	61 896,7	-10,03	-7,28	-7,59	1,33	6,57	1,70	
	February	11 454,1	16 970,6	17 057,9	75 762,3	46 900,1	62 858,4	8,65	1,52	1,11	1,97	-0,08	1,55	

¹⁾ Domestic credit decreased by a one-off 2,759.4 million kuna.

Table B1: Monetary Survey

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec. ¹⁾	Mar.	June	Sep.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
ASSETS													
1. Foreign assets (net)	-1 944,6	1 139,8	3 046,7	11 740,7	16 913,0	12 713,5	16 694,8	20 933,9	22 139,6	28 836,7	29 277,5	27 362,7	28.862,2
2. Domestic credit	39 339,1	43 280,5	47 976,6	48 464,9	56 194,9	66 923,1	65 938,6	63 728,1	66 801,6	67 444,9	72 051,4	75 748,7	75.811,6
2.1. Claims on central government and funds	19 051,2	15 619,0	15 157,1	14 633,7	7 331,4	7 131,1	10 062,8	7 592,8	10 293,3	9 618,5	11 188,2	13 852,0	12.953,3
2.2. Claims on other domestic sectors	20 262,0	27 599,5	32 718,6	33 691,0	48 616,6	59 597,7	55 676,4	55 891,2	56 363,5	57 676,6	60 653,4	61 703,8	62.631,8
2.3. Claims on other banking institutions	10,2	-	-	-	-	0,4	45,4	82,7	35,7	41,2	48,2	55,7	74,4
2.4. Claims on other financial institutions	15,7	62,1	100,8	140,2	246,8	193,9	154,0	161,5	109,1	108,6	161,7	137,2	152,1
Total (1+2)	37 394,5	44 420,3	51 023,3	60 205,6	73 107,8	79 636,5	82 633,3	84 662,0	88 941,2	96 281,6	101 328,9	103 111,4	104.673,8
LIABILITIES													
1. Money	3 134,4	6 642,6	8 234,9	11 368,9	13 731,4	13 531,4	13 858,9	12 669,9	15 032,6	17 244,0	18 030,3	16 717,2	16.970,6
2. Savings and time deposits	1 466,1	2 045,6	2 158,0	3 386,6	5 598,9	5 683,8	5 397,5	5 305,9	5 840,2	7 054,1	7 651,1	7 884,9	8.357,4
3. Foreign currency deposits	5 412,3	8 783,3	14 099,4	21 817,5	31 278,1	37 970,9	36 966,0	39 505,7	40 729,4	44 266,9	46 901,6	48 941,3	49.652,3
4. Bonds and money market instruments	48,3	208,5	130,7	128,1	133,6	154,1	476,1	493,5	495,7	458,9	738,5	756,2	782,0
5. Restricted and blocked deposits	14 262,9	12 128,6	10 717,4	8 305,4	5 953,4	4 315,2	3 814,7	3 473,2	3 439,5	3 147,9	2 864,5	2 574,8	2.583,7
o/w: Households' blocked f/c deposits	13 857,4	11 470,6	9 812,5	7 170,6	4 573,8	3 419,1	2 742,7	2 488,5	2 399,2	1 984,9	1 695,1	1 516,1	1.483,9
6. Other items (net)	13 070,5	14 611,8	15 682,8	15 199,2	16 412,5	17 981,1	22 120,0	23 213,8	23 403,8	24 109,8	25 143,1	26 236,9	26.327,8
Total (1+2+3+4+5+6)	37 394,5	44 420,3	51 023,3	60 205,6	73 107,8	79 636,5	82 633,3	84 662,0	88 941,2	96 281,6	101 328,9	103 111,4	104.673,8

¹⁾ The privatisation of Privredna banka Zagreb brought about a one-off decrease in its balance sheet of 2,759.4 million kuna. Loans in f/c to public enterprises diminished on the assets side and at the same time obligations to the Republic of Croatia arising from foreign credits diminished on the liabilities side. Loans in f/c to public enterprises are listed under assets item "2.2. Claims on other domestic sectors". Obligations to the Republic of Croatia arising from loans in f/c are listed under assets item "2.1 Claims on central government and funds (net)".

Table B2: Number of Reporting Deposit Money Banks and Savings Banks and their Classification by Size

Year	Month	Total number of reporting DMBs	Reporting DMBs graded according to their total assets						Total number of reporting savings banks	Savings banks graded according to their total assets		
			Less than 100 million kuna	100 million kuna to less than 500 million kuna	500 million kuna to less than 1 billion kuna	1 billion kuna to less than 2 billion kuna	2 billion kuna to less than 10 billion kuna	10 billion kuna and over		Less than 10 million kuna	10 million kuna to less than 100 million kuna	100 million kuna and over
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1993	December	43	16	12	7	4	2	2	0	0	0	0
1994	December	50	13	21	6	6	2	2	33	22	9	2
1995	December	53	15	20	7	7	2	2	21	7	13	1
1996	December	57	10	26	6	9	4	2	22	10	11	1
1997	December	60	4	28	9	8	9	2	33	12	18	3
1998	December	60	3	26	8	11	10	2	33	4	25	4
1999	Septembe	54	3	25	7	8	9	2	31	4	23	4
	October	54	3	25	7	8	9	2	31	3	24	4
	November	54	3	25	7	7	10	2	31	3	24	4
	December	53	4	23	7	7	10	2	30	5	21	4
2000	January	53	4	23	7	6	11	2	30	5	21	4
	February	53	4	21	9	6	11	2	30	5	21	4
	March	53	4	22	8	8	9	2	30	5	21	4
	April	53	4	22	8	8	9	2	30	5	21	4
	May	53	5	21	8	8	9	2	30	5	21	4
	June	52	5	20	8	8	9	2	30	5	21	4
	July	50	5	18	9	7	9	2	30	5	21	4
	August	50	4	18	10	6	10	2	30	5	21	4
	Septembe	47	3	17	9	6	10	2	30	5	20	5
	October	45	2	16	9	6	10	2	29	5	19	5
	November	45	2	16	9	6	10	2	29	5	19	5
	December	45	3	15	9	6	10	2	29	5	19	5
2001	January	45	3	15	9	6	10	2	27	5	17	5
	February	45	3	15	9	5	11	2	27	5	17	5

Table C1: Monetary Authorities Accounts (Assets)

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sep.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
ASSETS													
1. Foreign assets	4 043,6	7 908,4	10 075,2	12 818,9	16 005,6	17 592,5	23 135,7	23 639,6	26 045,2	28 817,7	28 747,4	28 433,5	29 187,4
1.1. Gold	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2. Holdings of SDRs	24,4	25,4	743,4	695,5	927,0	1 444,4	1 449,2	1 494,3	1 352,2	1 375,0	1 204,2	1 228,6	1 220,3
1.3. Reserve position in the IMF	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,3	0,7	1,0	1,6	1,9	1,8	1,9	1,8	1,9	1,9
1.4. Currency and demand deposits with foreign banks	615,7	89,2	395,8	165,9	510,6	342,0	1 109,6	811,2	128,9	7,4	7,4	7,6	7,6
1.5. Time deposits with foreign banks	3 403,5	7 793,6	8 381,3	11 009,8	12 169,5	11 696,6	17 702,4	16 837,9	18 694,8	22 027,5	20 986,9	19 657,8	19 411,2
1.6. Securities in f/c	-	-	554,6	947,3	2 396,5	4 107,2	2 871,6	4 493,0	5 866,2	5 404,6	6 545,7	7 536,3	8 545,2
1.7. Nonconvertible foreign exchange	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	1,4	1,4	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3
2. Claims on central government and funds	517,2	250,6	390,1	218,8	-	-	24,1	28,6	34,4	5,3	0,0	0,0	5,6
2.1. Claims in Kuna	383,6	180,1	353,1	206,4	-	-	24,1	28,6	34,4	5,3	0,0	0,0	5,6
Bridging loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans under separate decrees	376,7	180,1	353,1	206,4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overdue claims	7,0	-	0,1	-	-	-	24,1	28,6	34,4	5,3	0,0	0,0	5,6
2.2. Claims in f/c	133,6	70,5	37,0	12,4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Claims on other domestic sectors	0,3	0,7	0,9	1,1	24,4	1,0	276,8	264,6	272,8	263,4	289,5	280,7	278,0
4. Claims on DMBs	191,6	223,8	220,2	213,9	33,5	1 053,8	1 138,7	315,3	293,1	225,1	329,9	24,8	24,5
4.1. Credits to DMBs	186,9	222,6	129,7	212,3	31,0	1 044,4	1 125,3	299,6	277,5	209,5	313,6	9,2	8,5
Refinancing of DMBs	150,4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term credits against securities portfolio	-	-	25,8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lombard credits	5,5	24,0	96,6	211,3	30,0	252,3	176,7	126,8	0,8	-	-	-	-
Short-term liquidity credits	-	-	-	-	-	-	929,0	56,5	266,0	208,5	-	-	-
Other credits	31,0	1,3	7,3	1,0	1,0	333,0	19,7	116,3	10,7	1,0	14,0	9,2	8,5
NBC bills under repurchase agreement	-	197,3	-	-	-	459,2	-	-	-	-	299,6	-	-
4.2. CNB deposits with DMBs	0,5	1,2	1,3	1,4	2,5	9,3	13,4	13,9	14,2	14,3	15,2	15,5	15,9
4.3. Overdue claims	4,2	-	89,2	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	1,8	1,4	1,4	1,1	0,0	0,0
5. Claims on other banking institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (1+2+3+4+5)	4 752,7	8 383,5	10 686,4	13 252,6	16 063,5	18 647,3	24 575,3	24 248,1	26 645,5	29 311,6	29 366,8	28 739,0	29 495,4

Table C1: Monetary Authorities Accounts (Liabilities)

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sep.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
LIABILITIES													
1. Reserve money	2 248,9	4 714,2	6 744,1	8 770,4	10 346,1	9 954,2	10 310,0	9 129,3	10 259,7	11 746,9	11 717,3	10 541,8	11 454,1
1.1. Currency outside banks	1 367,5	2 657,3	3 362,1	4 361,3	5 307,5	5 718,8	5 958,9	5 054,1	5 868,6	6 340,6	6 636,7	5 907,7	6 113,4
1.2. DMBs' cash in vaults	51,7	134,7	134,5	152,2	216,9	251,4	382,1	296,7	353,6	332,5	532,3	324,6	349,9
1.3. DMBs' deposits	821,5	1 906,6	3 244,7	4 256,7	4 821,6	3 980,2	3 960,4	3 775,0	4 025,6	5 071,6	4 540,7	4 302,7	4 966,2
Settlement accounts	54,9	121,4	197,1	913,5	866,6	467,5	247,9	178,0	414,0	349,2	459,5	284,1	1 064,2
Statutory reserves	766,6	1 785,2	2 231,5	3 343,2	3 955,0	3 512,7	3 712,5	3 596,9	3 611,6	4 722,3	4 081,2	4 018,6	3 901,9
CNB bills on obligatory basis	-	-	816,0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.4. Deposits of other banking institutions	-	-	-	-	-	2,4	8,5	3,4	11,8	1,9	7,5	6,8	15,8
1.5. Deposits of other domestic sectors	8,2	15,6	2,8	0,1	0,1	1,3	-	0,2	0,1	0,3	0,0	0,1	8,9
2. Restricted and blocked deposits	1,4	40,3	212,2	243,2	101,1	1 787,6	5 016,8	5 367,8	5 740,0	5 820,8	5 805,5	5 549,0	5 715,4
2.1. Statutory reserve in f/c	-	-	-	-	-	1 668,4	4 636,2	5 078,7	5 423,0	5 560,6	5 490,5	5 284,8	5 428,9
2.2. Restricted deposits	1,4	40,3	54,1	78,7	101,1	119,1	380,6	289,1	317,1	260,2	315,0	264,1	286,5
2.3. Escrow deposits	-	-	158,1	164,4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Foreign liabilities	133,9	716,2	1 175,2	1 160,4	1 471,4	1 465,4	1 671,2	1 645,7	1 432,8	1 791,8	1 630,8	1 587,2	1 583,0
3.1. Use of IMF credit	133,6	715,4	1 174,0	1 158,5	1 468,4	1 461,3	1 501,7	1 558,3	1 423,9	1 457,7	1 290,3	1 320,1	1 321,3
3.2. Liabilities to international organizations	0,3	0,8	1,2	1,8	3,0	4,1	6,8	8,9	8,9	9,4	9,5	11,2	11,3
3.3. Liabilities to foreign banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	162,7	78,5	-	324,7	331,0	255,9	250,4
4. Central government and funds deposits	0,0	793,8	395,5	557,6	1 032,7	434,8	397,2	554,2	753,7	1 135,2	1 157,4	1 306,4	1 253,9
4.1. Demand deposits	0,0	793,8	395,5	424,6	805,7	390,2	394,2	527,0	682,8	1 075,6	1 008,5	1 053,3	1 040,4
Central government demand deposits	-	725,5	338,6	342,0	625,7	291,0	388,0	518,6	657,6	1 055,2	980,8	1 021,5	1 001,1
Central government funds demand deposits	0,0	68,3	56,9	82,6	180,1	99,3	6,2	8,4	25,2	20,4	27,7	31,8	39,3
4.2. Central government f/c deposits	-	-	-	-	147,6	-	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	-	-	-
4.3. CNB bills	-	-	-	133,0	79,4	44,6	2,9	27,2	70,9	59,6	148,8	253,2	213,5
5. CNB bills	21,2	375,1	168,3	665,7	722,0	2 242,9	2 887,2	2 711,2	3 812,2	3 988,0	4 207,3	4 436,0	4 160,1
5.1. CNB bills in Kuna	21,2	375,1	168,3	665,7	722,0	830,7	1 252,5	1 562,2	2 134,5	2 216,1	2 394,6	2 778,6	2 223,2
5.2. CNB bills in f/c	-	-	-	-	-	1 412,2	1 634,7	1 149,0	1 677,7	1 771,9	1 812,7	1 657,3	1 936,9
6. Capital accounts	2 366,0	2 065,9	2 019,3	1 900,1	2 361,8	2 898,2	4 535,5	4 909,3	4 819,0	4 966,6	5 216,6	5 576,0	5 678,1
7. Other items (net)	- 18,7	- 322,1	- 28,2	- 44,7	28,5	- 135,8	- 242,4	- 69,4	- 171,9	- 137,7	- 368,1	- 257,5	- 349,2
Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7)	4 752,7	8 383,5	10 686,4	13 252,6	16 063,5	18 647,3	24 575,3	24 248,1	26 645,5	29 311,6	29 366,8	28 739,0	29 495,4

Table D1: Deposit Money Banks' Accounts

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec. ¹⁾	Mar.	June	Sep.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
ASSETS													
1. Reserves	860,9	2 039,7	3 350,3	4 409,6	5 045,6	5 908,1	8 987,9	9 176,7	9 821,0	10 982,1	10 588,9	9 927,9	10 840,5
1.1. In kuna	860,9	2 039,7	3 350,3	4 409,6	5 045,6	4 239,7	4 352,6	4 097,9	4 398,0	5 407,6	5 098,4	4 643,1	5 411,6
1.2. In f/c	-	-	-	-	-	1 668,4	4 635,3	5 078,8	5 423,0	5 574,5	5 490,5	5 284,8	5 428,9
2. Foreign assets	6 212,1	7 082,5	9 296,6	12 549,6	16 185,8	12 763,1	12 400,1	15 666,3	14 301,2	18 983,3	19 710,4	18 994,5	18 979,4
3. Claims on central government and funds	19 971,9	17 837,3	17 188,1	16 693,4	15 238,8	14 864,2	16 264,4	15 779,6	16 843,8	16 771,1	19 076,0	20 805,0	20 271,0
3.1. Bonds arising from blocked f/c deposits	14 836,8	11 437,6	10 078,3	8 291,1	6 714,4	5 802,3	5 419,9	4 920,5	4 970,3	4 404,5	4 484,4	4 128,8	4 074,5
3.2. Big bonds	3 635,5	4 971,6	5 060,9	2 438,5	2 291,9	2 103,1	1 321,8	1 420,6	1 429,1	1 443,1	1 475,7	1 707,0	1 707,2
3.3. Other claims	1 499,6	1 428,1	2 048,9	5 963,8	6 232,5	6 958,8	9 522,8	9 438,4	10 444,5	10 923,5	13 115,8	14 969,2	14 489,3
4. Claims on other domestic sectors	20 261,7	27 598,7	32 717,7	33 689,9	48 592,2	59 596,7	55 399,7	55 626,6	56 090,7	57 413,2	60 363,9	61 423,1	62 353,8
4.1. Claims on local government and funds	11,4	112,9	147,1	145,4	308,8	654,0	905,6	929,1	904,1	1 050,2	1 174,9	1 183,3	1 190,2
4.2. Claims on enterprises	18 348,2	23 982,8	27 827,4	26 929,3	35 487,2	41 225,5	35 244,3	35 119,3	34 848,8	34 977,4	35 890,7	36 360,1	36 989,9
4.3. Claims on households	1 902,1	3 503,0	4 743,2	6 615,2	12 796,2	17 717,2	19 249,8	19 578,2	20 337,8	21 385,6	23 298,3	23 879,6	24 173,6
5. Claims on other banking institutions	10,2	-	-	-	-	0,4	45,4	82,7	35,7	41,2	48,2	55,7	74,4
6. Claims on other financial institutions	15,7	62,1	100,8	140,2	246,8	193,9	154,0	161,5	109,1	108,6	161,7	137,2	152,1
Total (1+2+3+4+5+6)	47 332,4	54 620,3	62 653,6	67 482,7	85 309,3	93 326,4	93 251,5	96 493,2	97 201,5	104 299,4	109 949,1	111 343,4	112 671,2
LIABILITIES													
1. Demand deposits	1 758,7	3 969,7	4 870,0	7 007,5	8 423,8	7 808,9	7 891,5	7 612,2	9 152,1	10 901,2	11 386,0	10 802,6	10 832,5
2. Savings and time deposits	1 466,1	2 045,6	2 158,0	3 386,6	5 598,9	5 683,8	5 397,5	5 305,9	5 840,2	7 054,1	7 651,1	7 884,9	8 357,4
3. Foreign currency deposits	5 412,3	8 783,3	14 099,4	21 817,5	31 278,1	37 970,9	36 966,0	39 505,7	40 729,4	44 266,9	46 901,6	48 941,3	49 652,3
4. Bonds and money market instruments	48,3	208,5	130,7	128,1	133,6	154,1	476,1	493,5	495,7	458,9	738,5	756,2	782,0
5. Foreign liabilities	12 066,4	13 134,8	15 150,0	12 467,4	13 807,1	16 176,8	17 169,9	16 726,3	16 774,0	17 172,5	17 549,5	18 478,2	17 721,6
6. Central government and funds' deposits	1 437,8	1 675,0	2 025,6	1 720,9	6 874,7	7 298,3	5 828,6	7 661,2	5 831,3	6 022,7	6 730,5	5 646,5	6 069,4
7. Credit from central bank	275,2	224,6	182,6	267,8	33,7	1 049,2	1 138,7	313,5	291,7	223,8	328,8	24,7	24,4
8. Restricted and blocked deposits	14 261,5	12 087,7	10 662,4	8 223,6	5 852,3	4 196,0	3 434,2	3 184,1	3 122,4	2 887,7	2 549,6	2 310,6	2 297,2
o/w: Households' blocked f/c deposits	13 857,4	11 470,6	9 812,5	7 170,6	4 573,8	3 419,1	2 742,7	2 488,5	2 399,2	1 984,9	1 695,1	1 516,1	1 483,9
9. Capital accounts	11 203,3	13 847,5	15 392,3	15 440,8	17 027,0	19 785,6	21 975,4	22 549,0	22 982,0	23 586,1	24 953,1	25 024,5	25 082,0
10. Other items (net)	- 597,1	- 1 356,4	- 2 017,4	- 2 977,4	- 3 719,9	- 6 797,2	- 7 026,4	- 6 858,2	- 8 017,4	- 8 274,4	- 8 839,4	- 8 526,2	- 8 147,7
Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10)	47 332,4	54 620,3	62 653,6	67 482,7	85 309,3	93 326,4	93 251,5	96 493,2	97 201,5	104 299,4	109 949,1	111 343,4	112 671,2

¹⁾ The privatisation of Privredna banka Zagreb brought about a one-off decrease in its balance sheet amount of 2,759.4 million kuna. Loans in f/c to public enterprises diminished on the assets side and at the same time obligations to the Republic of Croatia arising from loans in f/c diminished on the liabilities side. Loans in f/c to public enterprises are listed under assets item "4.2 Claims on enterprises". Obligations to the Republic of Croatia arising from loans in f/c are listed under liabilities item "6. Central government and funds' deposits".

Table D2: Deposit Money Banks' Foreign Assets

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sep.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
1. Foreign assets in f/c	6 191,7	7 047,0	9 279,3	12 525,5	16 167,9	12 743,4	12 352,8	15 628,0	14 213,1	18 899,4	19 619,2	18 923,4	18 914,3
1.1. Claims on foreign banks	5 578,7	5 780,0	8 181,5	11 397,8	15 425,6	11 980,5	11 598,5	14 931,7	13 742,8	18 520,8	19 154,9	18 386,8	18 352,1
Foreign currencies	437,0	468,5	592,0	663,6	850,4	586,9	886,7	676,6	928,0	795,6	1 002,8	777,0	778,0
Demand deposits	2 543,3	2 640,1	3 466,1	5 915,6	6 938,5	6 228,6	1 498,5	904,8	923,5	1 062,3	995,0	991,6	953,4
Time and notice deposits	1 544,7	2 301,3	3 803,8	4 482,7	7 010,9	4 637,1	8 509,4	12 674,0	11 074,1	16 053,0	16 286,7	15 645,9	15 591,1
Securities	51,4	60,3	76,1	72,7	88,6	51,1	-	-	190,1	187,0	454,9	552,7	608,7
Loans and advances	913,8	217,4	156,9	179,7	408,7	343,4	569,8	590,3	578,9	376,9	370,9	374,3	375,6
Shares and participations	88,5	92,4	86,5	83,6	128,4	133,5	134,1	86,0	48,2	46,0	44,6	45,2	45,4
1.2. Claims on foreign nonbanks	612,9	1 267,0	1 097,8	1 127,7	742,4	762,9	754,3	696,3	470,3	378,6	464,3	536,6	562,1
Claims on foreign governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	399,9	429,4	203,7	61,3	137,8	215,3	237,7
Claims on other nonresidents	609,5	973,9	804,9	846,2	580,4	583,9	350,4	262,8	262,4	313,2	322,4	317,1	320,3
Securities	531,2	514,4	536,2	492,5	17,7	3,7	4,5	4,8	4,8	5,1	-	-	-
Loans and advances	78,4	459,5	268,7	353,7	562,7	580,2	345,9	258,0	257,7	308,2	322,4	317,1	320,3
Shares and participations	3,4	293,0	292,9	281,4	162,0	179,0	4,0	4,1	4,1	4,1	4,1	4,2	4,2
2. Foreign assets in kuna	20,4	35,6	17,4	24,2	17,9	19,7	47,3	38,3	88,1	83,8	91,2	71,1	65,1
2.1. Claims on foreign banks	0,8	2,9	0,6	5,7	3,6	3,1	16,6	8,7	56,1	47,7	66,1	44,3	40,7
2.2. Claims on foreign nonbanks	19,6	32,7	16,7	18,5	14,3	16,6	30,6	29,6	32,1	36,1	25,1	26,8	24,4
o/w: Loans and advances	19,6	32,7	16,7	18,5	14,3	16,6	29,6	28,6	30,3	28,9	23,3	24,9	22,6
Total (1+2)	6 212,1	7 082,5	9 296,6	12 549,6	16 185,8	12 763,1	12 400,1	15 666,3	14 301,2	18 983,3	19 710,4	18 994,5	18 979,4

Table D3: Deposit Money Banks' Claims on Central Government and Funds

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sep.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
1. Bonds (c'part to blocked f/c savings deposits)	14 836,8	11 437,6	10 078,3	8 291,1	6 714,4	5 802,3	5 419,9	4 920,5	4 970,3	4 404,5	4 484,4	4 128,8	4 074,5
2. Big bonds	3 635,5	4 971,6	5 060,9	2 438,5	2 291,9	2 103,1	1 321,8	1 420,6	1 429,1	1 443,1	1 475,7	1 707,0	1 707,2
3. Other claims	1 499,6	1 428,1	2 048,9	5 963,8	6 232,5	6 958,8	9 522,8	9 438,4	10 444,5	10 923,5	13 115,8	14 969,2	14 489,3
3.1. In kuna	532,4	176,3	182,6	4 121,2	4 261,8	5 066,1	8 564,0	8 107,3	8 899,0	9 324,4	11 432,5	13 331,1	12 921,4
3.1.1. Claims on central government	407,4	147,4	167,8	4 100,2	4 191,8	4 614,1	7 831,3	7 254,2	7 292,8	7 688,0	9 812,6	11 641,1	11 176,4
Securities	133,1	144,0	147,1	4 071,6	4 171,7	4 426,9	6 897,3	6 093,7	6 215,2	6 691,9	8 587,8	9 141,0	9 465,7
Loans and advances	274,2	3,3	20,6	28,6	20,1	187,2	934,0	1 160,5	1 077,6	996,1	1 224,9	2 500,1	1 710,7
3.1.2. Claims on central government funds	125,0	28,9	14,9	21,0	70,0	452,0	732,7	853,1	1 606,2	1 636,5	1 619,9	1 690,0	1 745,0
Securities	-	-	-	21,0	-	-	-	1,3	-	690,2	647,8	660,4	657,8
Loans and advances	125,0	28,9	14,9	0,0	70,0	452,0	732,7	851,8	1 606,2	946,2	972,1	1 029,6	1 087,2
3.2. In f/c	967,2	1 251,9	1 866,3	1 842,6	1 970,7	1 892,7	958,8	1 331,1	1 545,4	1 599,0	1 683,3	1 638,1	1 567,8
3.2.1. Claims on central government	769,3	1 016,6	1 771,2	1 828,5	1 966,7	1 879,5	921,4	1 105,9	1 337,1	1 395,6	1 492,7	1 445,2	1 276,3
Bonds	55,1	271,3	704,7	1 396,9	1 172,5	1 182,2	518,1	765,0	1 016,4	994,5	869,2	814,7	643,7
Loans and advances	714,2	745,3	1 066,5	431,7	794,2	697,3	403,3	340,9	320,7	401,1	623,5	630,5	632,6
3.2.2. Claims on central government funds	197,9	235,2	95,1	14,1	4,0	13,2	37,4	225,2	208,3	203,4	190,6	192,9	291,6
Securities	-	-	-	11,8	2,8	0,2	27,6	27,8	27,5	34,7	35,0	35,4	119,0
Loans and advances	197,9	235,2	95,1	2,3	1,3	13,0	9,8	197,4	180,8	168,8	155,5	157,5	172,6
Total (1+2+3)	19 971,9	17 837,3	17 188,1	16 693,4	15 238,8	14 864,2	16 264,4	15 779,6	16 843,8	16 771,1	19 076,0	20 805,0	20 271,0

Table D4: Deposit Money Banks' Claims on Other Domestic Sectors

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec. ¹⁾	Mar.	June	Sep.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
1. Claims in Kuna	10 122,6	17 504,7	21 668,8	25 602,5	40 149,5	50 509,7	48 336,4	48 751,3	49 245,3	50 524,1	53 739,5	54 751,1	55 680,9
1.1. Money market instruments	1 139,7	157,1	76,8	42,1	81,5	101,8	365,7	320,6	226,4	172,7	231,9	231,0	243,3
1.2. Bonds	16,2	8,0	8,0	2,1	1,7	0,7	0,0	-	1,9	0,2	1,0	1,0	1,0
1.3. Loans and advances	6 488,2	12 073,6	16 330,0	21 759,1	35 971,2	45 956,0	44 505,1	45 331,7	45 652,1	46 927,3	49 566,8	50 706,6	51 655,9
1.4. Shares and participations	2 478,5	5 266,0	5 254,1	3 799,2	4 095,2	4 451,3	3 465,5	3 099,0	3 364,8	3 424,0	3 939,8	3 812,5	3 780,8
2. Claims in f/c	10 139,2	10 094,0	11 048,9	8 087,4	8 442,7	9 087,0	7 063,3	6 875,3	6 845,4	6 889,1	6 624,3	6 671,9	6 672,9
2.1. Securities	0,5	3,6	3,6	2,9	0,6	0,6	74,9	78,8	117,8	140,1	112,4	115,2	74,2
2.2. Loans and advances	10 138,7	10 090,4	11 045,3	8 084,5	8 442,1	9 086,3	6 988,5	6 796,5	6 727,6	6 749,1	6 512,0	6 556,7	6 598,7
Total (1+2)	20 261,7	27 598,7	32 717,7	33 689,9	48 592,2	59 596,7	55 399,7	55 626,6	56 090,7	57 413,2	60 363,9	61 423,1	62 353,8

¹⁾ Loans in f7c decreased by a one-off 2,759.4 million kuna.

Table D5: Distribution of Deposit Money Banks' Loans by Domestic Institutional Sectors

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec. ¹⁾	Mar.	June	Sep.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
LOANS IN KUNA													
1. Loans to central government and funds	135,7	31,2	35,1	11,5	74,6	633,2	1 666,6	2 012,3	2 683,8	1 942,3	2 196,9	3 529,6	2 797,9
1.1. Loans to central government	10,8	2,5	20,2	11,5	4,6	181,9	934,0	1 160,5	1 077,6	996,1	1 224,9	2 500,1	1 710,7
1.2. Loans to central government funds	124,9	28,7	14,9	0,0	70,0	451,3	732,7	851,8	1 606,2	946,2	972,1	1 029,6	1 087,2
2. Loans to local governments and funds	11,4	93,5	122,5	125,1	293,2	623,5	785,7	794,4	749,2	861,3	996,8	1 003,8	1 011,3
3. Loans to enterprises	4 575,6	8 480,2	11 474,5	15 029,5	22 925,8	27 660,0	24 533,4	25 022,8	24 615,8	24 734,2	25 328,0	25 883,4	26 534,2
4. Loans to households	1 901,2	3 499,9	4 733,0	6 604,5	12 752,2	17 672,5	19 186,1	19 514,5	20 287,2	21 331,8	23 242,1	23 819,4	24 110,4
5. Loans to other banking institutions	10,0	-	-	-	-	0,4	31,3	31,1	24,7	23,4	33,5	33,9	32,6
6. Loans to other financial institutions	4,1	35,1	61,3	89,0	166,6	114,2	138,6	145,4	93,3	92,4	105,5	114,3	129,3
A. Total (1+2+3+4+5+6)	6 638,0	12 140,0	16 426,4	21 859,7	36 212,4	46 703,7	46 341,6	47 520,5	48 453,9	48 985,4	51 902,8	54 384,3	54 615,6
LOANS IN F/C													
1. Loans to central government and funds	796,0	765,2	773,9	190,2	679,9	637,4	413,1	538,3	501,5	569,9	779,1	788,0	805,1
1.1. Loans to central government	598,1	529,9	678,8	187,9	678,6	624,5	403,3	340,9	320,7	401,1	623,5	630,5	632,6
1.2. Loans to central government funds	197,9	235,2	95,1	2,3	1,3	13,0	9,8	197,4	180,8	168,8	155,5	157,5	172,6
2. Loans to local governments and funds	-	19,4	21,4	18,9	13,1	30,5	118,7	126,4	149,2	170,0	171,6	172,9	173,2
3. Loans to enterprises	10 137,7	10 067,9	11 013,5	8 054,3	8 382,3	9 009,8	6 806,1	6 606,4	6 527,8	6 525,2	6 284,0	6 323,6	6 362,3
4. Loans to households	0,9	3,1	10,4	11,3	46,8	46,0	63,7	63,7	50,6	53,8	56,3	60,2	63,2
5. Loans to other banking institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,7	1,7	-	-	-	-	-
6. Loans to other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B. Total (1+2+3+4+5+6)	10 934,6	10 855,5	11 819,2	8 274,7	9 122,0	9 723,8	7 403,2	7 336,4	7 229,1	7 318,9	7 291,0	7 344,7	7 403,8
TOTAL (A+B)	17 572,7	22 995,5	28 245,6	30 134,4	45 334,4	56 427,5	53 744,9	54 856,9	55 683,1	56 304,3	59 193,9	61 729,0	62 019,5

¹⁾ Loans in f/c to public enterprises decreased by a one-off 2,759.4 million kuna.

Table D6: Demand Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sep.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
1. Local governments and funds	142,5	512,8	495,3	683,8	484,2	514,3	314,7	293,6	332,7	519,6	573,6	569,9	558,2
2. Enterprises	1 264,7	2 678,2	3 161,9	4 489,2	5 692,8	4 794,2	4 695,6	4 553,7	5 449,7	6 660,2	7 087,1	6 529,7	6 421,2
3. Households	327,9	764,1	1 168,8	1 661,3	2 235,7	2 492,2	2 686,5	2 565,0	3 006,7	3 492,2	3 499,7	3 468,8	3 637,0
4. Other banking institutions	2,8	-	-	-	-	-	6,9	4,7	7,8	10,6	11,6	14,0	12,2
5. Other financial institutions	42,6	47,5	79,6	208,2	203,8	190,0	190,0	199,7	359,8	224,7	221,7	224,7	208,4
6. Less: Checks of other banks and checks in collection	- 21,8	- 32,7	- 35,5	- 35,0	- 192,6	- 181,8	- 2,2	- 4,4	- 4,6	- 6,2	- 7,6	- 4,5	- 4,5
Total (1+2+3+4+5+6)	1 758,7	3 969,7	4 870,0	7 007,5	8 423,8	7 808,9	7 891,5	7 612,2	9 152,1	10 901,2	11 386,0	10 802,6	10 832,5

Table D7: Time and Savings Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000					2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sep.	Oct.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
1. Savings deposits	215,2	393,9	497,7	719,3	1 115,7	1 117,5	1 371,4	1 286,9	1 344,6	1 535,9	1 494,2	1 676,1	1 554,5	1 705,0
1.1. Local governments and funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	91,7	103,1	112,9	113,3	122,1	137,6	83,3	95,2
1.2. Enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	92,1	63,6	64,0	104,7	83,8	142,4	118,1	128,3
1.3. Households	215,2	393,9	497,7	719,3	1 115,7	1 117,5	1 167,3	1 096,2	1 146,7	1 296,0	1 270,5	1 348,3	1 338,9	1 461,4
1.4. Other banking institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,6	1,6	1,6	1,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6
1.5. Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,8	22,3	19,4	20,3	17,2	47,2	13,6	19,5
2. Time and notice deposits	1 250,8	1 651,7	1 660,2	2 667,3	4 483,2	4 566,3	4 026,2	4 019,1	4 495,6	5 518,2	5 977,3	5 975,0	6 330,5	6 652,4
2.1. Local governments and funds	41,8	121,0	81,2	89,7	102,6	185,3	176,1	191,6	185,5	259,0	262,8	230,7	266,2	270,8
2.2. Enterprises	680,0	886,6	830,2	1 054,7	1 785,0	1 569,2	1 417,0	1 458,0	1 893,1	2 545,7	2 918,7	2 871,4	3 003,2	3 214,4
2.3. Households	408,1	437,2	547,1	1 124,3	1 962,1	1 998,7	1 531,7	1 562,1	1 558,0	1 697,1	1 705,2	1 789,8	1 983,0	2 065,0
2.4. Other banking institutions	4,6	-	-	-	-	-	33,5	25,2	49,5	28,9	32,5	20,8	20,0	26,8
2.5. Other financial institutions	116,3	206,9	201,7	398,6	633,6	813,1	867,8	782,1	809,5	987,4	1 058,2	1 062,2	1 058,0	1 075,4
Total (1+2)	1 466,1	2 045,6	2 158,0	3 386,6	5 598,9	5 683,8	5 397,5	5 305,9	5 840,2	7 054,1	7 471,5	7 651,1	7 884,9	8 357,4

Table D8: Foreign Currency Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sep.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
1. Savings deposits	3 843,4	5 483,9	7 952,1	9 242,8	10 750,3	12 140,3	12 228,1	12 360,4	12 692,7	13 772,6	14 566,3	14 844,2	14 778,7
1.1. Local governments and funds	4,0	2,1	6,0	10,5	111,7	19,5	29,5	29,8	27,4	25,3	16,8	15,8	15,8
1.2. Enterprises	1 302,0	1 460,9	1 498,0	1 762,8	1 969,4	2 091,9	1 842,6	1 723,1	2 255,8	2 356,5	2 408,0	2 404,1	2 379,0
1.3. Households	2 533,7	3 991,5	6 419,8	7 419,9	8 616,2	9 976,4	10 256,6	10 517,6	10 292,2	11 243,2	12 041,5	12 334,7	12 245,7
1.4. Other banking institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,4	11,3	6,6	19,2	10,3	12,4	13,4
1.5. Other financial institutions	3,6	29,3	28,3	49,5	52,9	52,5	93,0	78,5	110,7	128,3	89,8	77,2	124,7
2. Time deposits	1 568,9	3 299,4	6 147,3	12 574,7	20 527,8	25 830,6	24 737,9	27 145,3	28 036,6	30 494,3	32 335,3	34 097,1	34 873,6
2.1. Local governments and funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,5	13,8	10,2	9,2	8,2	7,9	7,5
2.2. Enterprises	224,6	547,2	743,7	1 160,1	1 457,2	1 579,4	1 442,3	1 537,3	2 003,0	2 828,6	2 753,1	2 604,7	2 704,1
2.3. Households	1 308,0	2 649,6	5 276,4	11 209,1	18 849,8	23 994,7	22 957,7	25 218,5	25 679,3	27 282,6	29 097,2	30 949,0	31 649,9
2.4. Other banking institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,5	3,7	1,0	3,4	4,2	10,6	8,9
2.5. Other financial institutions	36,3	102,6	127,2	205,5	220,8	256,5	320,0	372,0	343,2	370,5	472,7	524,9	503,2
Total (1+2)	5 412,3	8 783,3	14 099,4	21 817,5	31 278,1	37 970,9	36 966,0	39 505,7	40 729,4	44 266,9	46 901,6	48 941,3	49 652,3

Table D9: Bonds and Money Market Instruments

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sep.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
1. Money market instruments (net)	3,3	1,5	0,2	0,9	7,0	4,5	1,4	0,2	4,9	0,1	-	-	-
2. Bonds (net)	12,8	47,8	42,9	55,6	19,1	24,1	423,4	452,3	426,9	426,4	613,8	566,1	566,6
3. Other domestic borrowing	32,2	159,2	87,6	71,6	107,5	125,6	51,2	41,0	63,9	32,4	124,7	190,2	215,4
3.1. Local governments and funds	0,8	14,8	9,9	7,3	0,0	0,0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2. Enterprises	3,9	27,8	6,3	8,3	29,9	22,5	13,7	14,5	14,9	15,9	15,2	44,5	43,0
3.3. Other banking institutions	1,3	-	-	-	-	54,2	15,7	14,1	29,2	12,1	1,3	2,5	5,8
3.4. Other financial institutions	26,3	116,6	71,4	55,9	77,6	48,9	21,8	12,4	19,7	4,4	108,2	143,1	166,7
Total (1+2+3)	48,3	208,5	130,7	128,1	133,6	154,1	476,1	493,5	495,7	458,9	738,5	756,2	782,0

Table D10: Deposit Money Banks' Foreign Liabilities

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sep.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
1. Foreign liabilities in f/c	11 970,5	13 101,0	15 107,7	12 380,7	13 540,1	15 878,2	17 026,8	16 617,4	16 652,3	17 044,6	17 409,5	18 326,5	17 567,6
1.1. Liabilities to foreign banks	10 404,0	10 828,1	11 995,8	9 365,4	8 979,3	10 557,0	11 525,4	11 060,3	11 131,6	11 404,1	11 763,3	12 565,6	11 750,4
Current accounts	219,8	107,8	119,0	206,3	300,9	242,3	157,1	145,6	184,9	151,4	176,3	102,5	123,3
Time and notice deposits	298,1	371,4	1 152,8	979,6	2 365,5	411,5	1 267,0	1 084,3	1 317,9	1 478,3	345,9	1 061,6	215,7
Loans and advances	9 886,1	10 348,9	10 724,0	8 179,4	6 313,0	9 903,2	10 101,2	9 830,4	9 628,8	9 774,4	11 241,1	11 401,5	11 411,4
1.2. Liabilities to foreign nonbanks	1 566,5	2 272,9	3 111,9	3 015,3	4 560,8	5 321,2	5 501,4	5 557,0	5 520,7	5 640,4	5 646,1	5 760,9	5 817,2
Savings and time deposits	450,5	609,0	1 204,2	1 496,8	2 056,8	2 892,6	2 545,9	2 597,0	2 618,4	2 792,7	2 868,1	3 030,1	3 079,4
Sight deposits	373,6	401,2	654,2	667,6	608,4	620,5	754,0	731,4	709,5	787,3	745,5	767,9	747,1
Time and notice deposits	76,9	207,8	549,9	829,2	1 448,4	2 272,1	1 791,9	1 865,6	1 908,9	2 005,3	2 122,6	2 262,2	2 332,3
Loans and advances	1 116,0	1 663,9	1 907,8	1 518,5	2 504,0	2 428,6	2 955,5	2 960,0	2 902,3	2 847,8	2 778,1	2 730,8	2 737,8
2. Foreign liabilities in kuna	95,9	33,9	42,3	86,7	266,9	298,6	143,1	109,0	121,7	127,9	140,0	151,7	154,0
2.1. Liabilities to foreign banks	1,0	4,8	7,5	30,9	187,1	156,3	65,0	30,0	28,3	33,2	37,0	46,6	51,6
Demand deposits	1,0	4,8	6,4	27,0	52,3	70,5	52,6	20,3	19,8	10,9	14,4	15,3	21,2
Time and notice deposits	-	-	1,1	3,9	128,4	85,8	11,7	6,6	3,3	11,3	22,0	30,5	25,8
Loans and advances	-	-	-	-	6,4	-	0,7	3,1	5,2	10,9	0,7	0,7	4,6
2.2. Liabilities to foreign nonbanks	94,9	29,1	34,8	55,8	79,9	142,3	78,1	79,0	93,4	94,7	103,0	105,1	102,4
Demand deposits	27,1	20,7	29,6	22,1	42,0	41,0	42,1	42,7	44,3	42,5	50,8	55,0	50,7
Time and notice deposits	0,2	2,2	0,1	29,4	33,1	96,1	35,9	36,2	49,1	52,2	52,2	50,1	51,7
Loans and advances	67,5	6,3	5,1	4,3	4,8	5,2	0,1	0,1	-	-	-	-	-
Total (1+2)	12 066,4	13 134,8	15 150,0	12 467,4	13 807,1	16 176,8	17 169,9	16 726,3	16 774,0	17 172,5	17 549,5	18 478,2	17 721,6

Table D11: Central Government and Funds Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec. ¹⁾	Mar.	June	Sep.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
1. In kuna	1 122,1	1 517,1	1 760,4	1 585,3	2 386,3	3 033,3	3 269,6	3 248,2	3 275,8	3 250,4	3 073,3	3 017,8	3 000,4
1.1. Central government deposits	494,0	183,1	179,3	131,2	82,1	130,1	330,9	289,8	339,8	424,3	430,0	453,9	442,3
Demand deposits	445,5	16,9	17,9	23,3	31,7	4,5	74,7	49,5	72,5	121,4	116,7	78,0	72,2
Savings deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,9	15,9	22,5	21,7	26,1	33,4	31,1
Time and notice deposits	32,1	150,5	126,5	77,4	21,7	100,4	202,3	193,0	216,4	254,1	259,5	314,9	311,1
Loans and advances	16,3	15,7	34,9	30,5	28,7	25,2	38,1	31,3	28,5	27,1	27,7	27,7	27,8
1.2. Central government funds deposits	628,1	1 334,0	1 581,1	1 454,1	2 304,2	2 903,2	2 938,8	2 958,5	2 936,0	2 826,1	2 643,3	2 563,9	2 558,2
Demand deposits	187,4	352,8	253,2	102,8	85,7	83,0	40,6	56,0	87,3	122,7	116,9	81,9	39,8
Savings deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,5	2,1	0,7	8,0	15,2	7,1	5,4
Time and notice deposits	43,3	130,1	200,7	38,0	19,4	33,9	57,2	27,6	19,5	30,8	32,6	32,7	74,1
Loans and advances	397,4	851,1	1 127,2	1 313,3	2 199,1	2 786,4	2 836,5	2 872,8	2 828,5	2 664,6	2 478,6	2 442,2	2 438,9
2. In f/c	315,8	157,9	265,2	135,7	4 488,4	4 265,0	2 559,0	4 413,0	2 555,5	2 772,3	3 657,1	2 628,7	3 068,9
2.1. Central government deposits	315,8	118,8	145,4	54,2	4 483,7	4 249,5	2 497,6	4 382,3	2 521,2	2 559,3	3 622,6	2 589,9	3 037,5
Savings deposits	315,8	118,8	134,3	48,8	160,1	83,2	59,1	1 891,2	54,4	81,8	1 256,1	538,5	975,9
Time and notice deposits	-	-	11,1	5,3	0,1	0,1	10,5	10,1	12,8	15,0	27,0	15,6	15,7
Refinanced loans and advances	-	-	-	-	4 323,5	4 166,2	2 428,0	2 481,0	2 454,0	2 462,4	2 339,4	2 035,7	2 045,9
2.2. Central government funds deposits	0,0	39,1	119,8	81,5	4,7	15,5	61,4	30,7	34,2	213,1	34,6	38,8	31,5
Savings deposits	0,0	39,1	21,2	58,2	4,7	8,0	55,2	25,7	30,8	204,4	25,0	21,5	21,8
Time and notice deposits	-	-	98,6	23,4	-	7,5	6,1	5,0	3,5	8,7	9,5	17,3	9,7
Total (1+2)	1 437,8	1 675,0	2 025,6	1 720,9	6 874,7	7 298,3	5 828,6	7 661,2	5 831,3	6 022,7	6 730,5	5 646,5	6 069,4

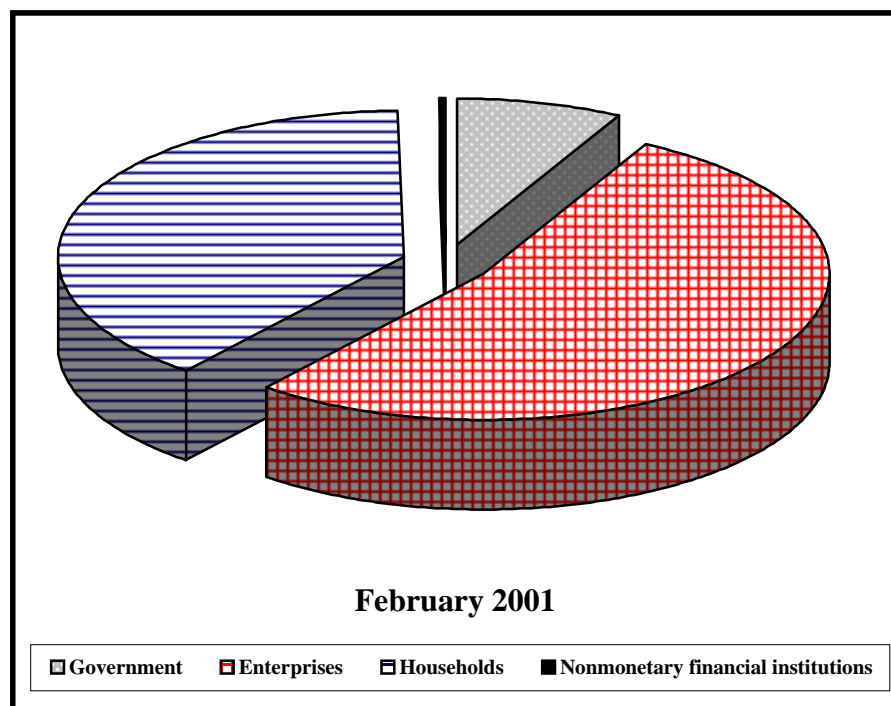
¹⁾ Refinanced loans and advances decreased by a one-off 2,759.4 million kuna.

Table D12: Restricted and Blocked Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

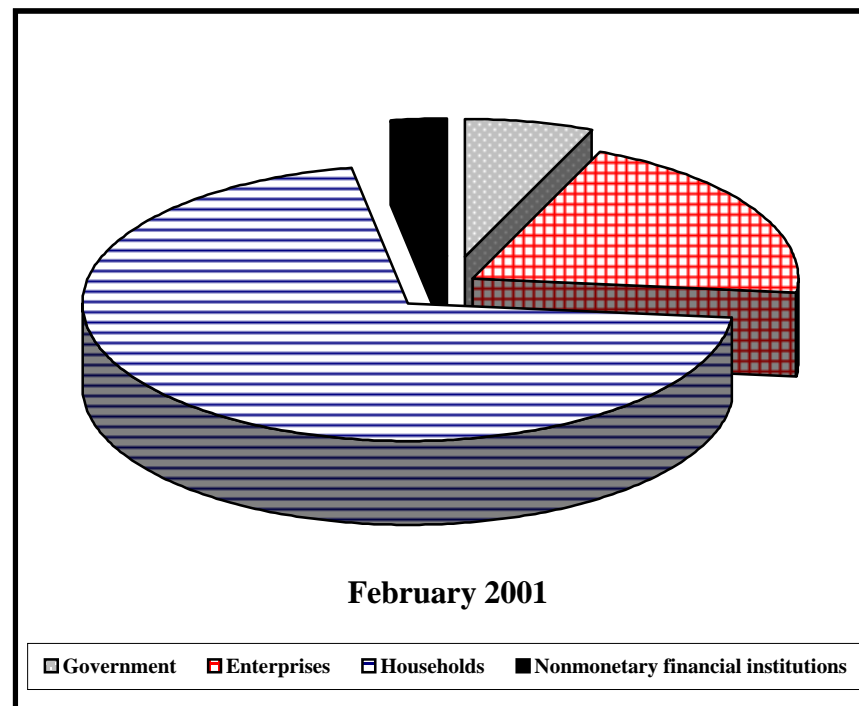
End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sep.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
1. Restricted deposits	404,1	595,9	693,4	891,8	1 199,4	700,6	691,4	695,6	723,3	902,7	854,4	794,5	813,4
1.1. In Kuna	79,6	162,9	277,8	251,0	260,9	202,5	81,8	60,4	51,1	64,5	131,6	122,3	122,5
1.2. In f/c	324,5	433,0	415,6	640,8	938,5	498,0	609,7	635,1	672,1	838,2	722,8	672,2	690,9
2. Blocked f/c deposits	13 857,4	11 491,8	9 969,0	7 331,8	4 652,9	3 495,5	2 742,7	2 488,5	2 399,2	1 984,9	1 695,1	1 516,1	1 483,9
2.1. Central government	-	19,6	67,9	66,8	69,9	74,0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2. Enterprises	-	1,6	88,7	94,5	9,1	2,4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.3. Households	13 857,4	11 470,6	9 812,5	7 170,6	4 573,8	3 419,1	2 742,7	2 488,5	2 399,2	1 984,9	1 695,1	1 516,1	1 483,9
Total (1+2)	14 261,5	12 087,7	10 662,4	8 223,6	5 852,3	4 196,0	3 434,2	3 184,1	3 122,4	2 887,7	2 549,6	2 310,6	2 297,2

Graph D1: Distribution of Deposit Money Banks' Credits



Graph D2: Distribution of Deposit Money Banks' Deposits



Note:

Sector "Government" include central and local government.

Sector "Nonmonetary financial institutions" include other banking institutions and other financial institutions.

Table E1: Housing Savings Banks' Accounts

End of Period, In Millions of Kuna

	1998	1999		2000										2001	
	Dec.	Sep.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
ASSETS															
1. Reserves	2,4	1,8	8,6	3,4	3,3	15,1	11,8	6,5	8,4	2,0	3,1	2,6	7,6	6,8	15,8
2. Claims on central government and funds	49,7	78,5	81,4	136,0	147,7	172,4	204,0	251,9	284,2	330,0	366,9	388,5	497,6	553,3	587,2
3. Claims on other domestic sectors	-	-	5,3	1,3	1,3	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,6	1,1	1,9	2,5
o/w: Claims on households	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,1	0,6	1,4	2,5
4. Claims on banks	54,2	42,3	57,0	46,0	45,8	48,5	46,8	25,6	19,4	20,2	19,4	33,5	7,6	7,6	10,7
Total (1+2+3+4)	106,3	122,6	152,3	186,7	198,2	236,0	262,6	284,0	312,0	352,2	389,5	425,2	513,8	569,7	616,2
LIABILITIES															
1. Time deposits	8,7	27,9	87,6	129,3	147,4	166,7	189,0	211,0	238,1	263,7	290,2	327,4	437,8	470,3	501,2
2. Bonds and money market instruments	0,4	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,0	10,0	10,0	10,0	10,0	10,0	10,0	10,0
3. Capital accounts	108,3	116,0	117,4	130,5	127,5	126,3	124,2	122,5	121,6	118,5	115,9	115,1	112,5	124,1	117,6
4. Other items (net)	- 11,0	- 21,3	- 52,7	- 73,1	- 76,7	- 57,1	- 50,6	- 59,5	- 57,7	- 40,0	- 26,6	- 27,4	- 46,5	- 34,7	- 12,6
Total (1+2+3+4)	106,3	122,6	152,3	186,7	198,2	236,0	262,6	284,0	312,0	352,2	389,5	425,2	513,8	569,7	616,2

Table F1: Credit Rates of the Croatian National Bank

In percentage, on annual basis

Year	Month	CNB Discount Rate	Credit rates						
			On lombard credits ¹⁾	On intervention credits	Intra-day refinance facility ¹⁾	On short-term liquidity credits	On advances on the account of statutory reserves ¹⁾	On inaccurately calculated statutory reserves ¹⁾	On arrears
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1992	December	1 889,39	2 840,09	-	6 881,51	-	4 191,93	6 881,51	4 191,93
1993	December	34,49	46,78	-	289,60	-	101,22	289,60	166,17
1994	December	8,50	18,00	19,00	17,00	14,00	-	19,00	22,00
1995	December	8,50	25,49	19,00	17,00	-	-	19,00	22,00
1996	December	6,50	11,00	19,00	17,00	-	-	19,00	18,00
1997	December	5,90	9,50	19,00	17,00	-	-	19,00	18,00
1998	December	5,90	12,00	19,00	7,00	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
1999	September	7,90	13,00	19,00	-	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	October	7,90	13,00	19,00	-	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	November	7,90	13,00	19,00	-	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	December	7,90	13,00	19,00	-	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
2000	January	7,90	13,00	19,00	-	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	February	7,90	13,00	19,00	-	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	March	7,90	13,00	19,00	-	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	April	5,90 ²⁾	12,00 ²⁾	18,00 ²⁾	-	13,00	-	18,00 ²⁾	18,00
	May	5,90	12,00	18,00	-	13,00	-	18,00	18,00
	June	5,90	12,00	18,00	-	13,00	-	18,00	18,00
	July	5,90	12,00	18,00	-	13,00	-	18,00	18,00
	August	5,90	12,00	18,00	-	13,00	-	18,00	18,00
	September	5,90	12,00	18,00	-	13,00	-	18,00	18,00
	October	5,90	12,00	18,00	-	13,00	-	18,00	18,00
	November	5,90	12,00	18,00	-	13,00	-	18,00	18,00
	December	5,90	12,00	18,00	-	13,00	-	18,00	18,00
2001	January	5,90	12,00	18,00	-	13,00	-	18,00	18,00
	February	5,90	12,00	18,00	-	13,00	-	18,00	18,00

¹⁾ Breaks in the series of data are explained in the Notes of Methodology.

²⁾ Since April 11, 2000.

Table F2: Deposit Rates of the Croatian National Bank

In percentage, on annual basis

Year	Month	Interest rates on statutory reserves dep. with the CNB ¹⁾	Interest rates on CNB bills on obligatory basis	Interest rates on CNB bills on voluntary basis ¹⁾				Interest rates on CNB bills on voluntary basis in f/c			
				Due in 7 days	Due in 35 days	Due in 70 days	Due in 105 days	Due in 63 days	Due in 91 days	Due in 182 days	Due in 364 days
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	6	7	8	12
1992	December	367,60	556,66	1 057,67	1 889,39	-	-	-	-	-	-
1993	December	0,00	-	67,84	63,08	97,38	-	-	-	-	-
1994	December	5,15	-	9,00	12,00	14,00	-	-	-	-	-
1995	December	5,50	16,50	12,00	25,54	27,00	-	-	-	-	-
1996	December	5,50	-	-	8,00	9,50	-	-	-	-	-
1997	December	4,50	-	-	8,00	9,00	10,00	-	-	-	-
1998	December	5,90	-	-	9,50	10,50	11,00	4,60	3,12	3,08	-
1999	September	5,90	-	-	10,26	11,31	12,28	4,02	2,69	5,75	-
	October	5,90	-	-	10,40	11,54	12,39	4,28	4,04	-	-
	November	5,90	-	-	10,50	11,55	12,50	4,58	3,61	-	-
	December	5,90	-	-	10,50	11,55	12,50	4,83	3,56	-	-
2000	January	5,90	-	-	10,50	11,55	12,50	4,72	5,85	-	-
	February	5,90	-	-	10,50	11,55	12,50	4,09	3,79	6,13	-
	March	5,90	-	-	10,42	11,54	12,43	4,99	4,27	3,83	-
	April	5,90	-	-	9,79	11,00	12,30	4,53	6,11	-	-
	May	5,90	-	-	9,05	9,80	10,93	4,85	5,28	6,88	-
	June	5,90	-	-	7,96	8,97	10,00	5,54	5,26	6,73	7,00
	July	5,90	-	-	7,84	8,84	9,74	5,09	5,94	6,01	-
	August	5,90	-	-	6,85	7,81	9,12	6,00	5,05	-	-
	September	5,90	-	-	6,78	7,80	9,02	4,90	5,14	-	-
	October	5,90	-	-	6,70	7,37	7,79	5,93	6,19	-	-
2000	November	4,50 ²⁾	-	-	6,65	7,00	7,70	6,22	5,15	-	-
	December	4,50	-	-	6,65	7,00	7,70	5,51	4,83	-	-
2001	January	4,50	-	-	6,64	6,99	7,70	4,96	5,22	-	-
	February	4,50	-	-	6,63	6,90	-	4,95	5,18	-	-

¹⁾Breaks in the series of data are explained in the Notes of Methodology.

²⁾Since November 8, 2000.

Table F3: Deposit Money Banks' Reserves on Obligatory Basis

Daily averages and percentages, million kuna and %

Year	Month	Reserve requirement (RR)	Weighted average res. requirement in % on res. base	Statutory reserves deposited with the CNB	Statutory reserves deposited with the CNB in % of RR	Other deposits with the CNB on obligatory basis	Total reserve requirement	Total reserve requirement in % of res. base	Weighted avg. remuneration in % of total RR	Use of obligatory reserves
1	2	3	4	5	6=[5/3]*100	7	8=3+7	9	10	11
1993	December	894,9	25,32	804,0	89,84	19,8	914,7	25,88	1,97	143,6
1994	December	1 826,0	26,20	1 779,2	97,44	188,3	2 014,3	28,90	5,63	3,5
1995	December	2 431,8	30,90	2 215,9	91,12	826,5	3 258,4	41,40	7,93	45,9
1996	December	3 652,9	35,91	3 312,0	90,67	-	3 652,9	35,91	5,50	0,1
1997	December	4 348,8	32,02	3 914,2	90,01	-	4 348,8	32,02	4,50	0,5
1998	December	3 967,2	29,57	3 469,8	87,46	57,4	4 024,7	30,00	5,28	9,6
1999	September	4 170,6	30,50	3 666,5	87,91	33,6	4 204,2	30,75	5,60	1,8
	October	4 195,5	30,50	3 695,4	88,08	35,0	4 230,5	30,75	5,72	0,4
	November	4 294,4	30,50	3 765,3	87,68	33,0	4 327,5	30,73	5,60	1,3
	December	4 210,1	30,50	3 695,1	87,77	37,3	4 247,4	30,77	5,62	0,9
2000	January	4 240,6	30,50	3 717,9	87,67	38,9	4 279,4	30,78	5,60	4,3
	February	4 068,9	30,50	3 583,9	88,08	35,0	4 103,9	30,76	5,55	1,1
	March	4 027,6	30,50	3 556,9	88,31	30,7	4 058,3	30,73	5,57	2,9
	April	3 978,5	30,03	3 517,5	88,41	27,9	4 006,5	30,24	5,57	3,2
	May	3 824,7	28,50	3 368,4	88,07	30,5	3 855,2	28,73	5,66	1,6
	June	3 997,9	28,50	3 513,1	87,87	31,2	4 029,1	28,72	5,66	1,4
	July	4 292,8	28,50	3 764,6	87,70	29,5	4 322,3	28,70	5,69	1,4
	August	4 782,5	28,50	4 188,4	87,58	25,2	4 807,7	28,65	5,59	1,4
	September	5 210,1	28,50	4 559,4	87,51	24,3	5 234,4	28,63	5,67	1,4
	October	5 407,9	28,50	4 737,6	87,61	21,9	5 429,8	28,62	5,56	1,3
	November	5 151,2	26,97	4 622,3	89,73	21,7	5 172,9	27,08	4,31	1,3
	December	4 646,8	24,17	4 191,6	90,21	5,0	4 651,8	24,20	4,05	1,1
2001	January	4 561,9	23,50	4 030,3	88,35	0,0	4 562,0	23,50	3,98	1,1
	February	4 666,4	23,50	3 928,1	84,18	0,2	4 666,6	23,50	3,79	0,4

Table F4: Deposit Money Banks' Liquidity Indicators

Daily averages and percentages, million kuna and %

Year	Month	Free Reserves	Primary liquidity ratio (in %)	Secondary liquidity sources	CNB bills in kuna	CNB bills in f/c
1	2	3	4	5		6
1993	December	- 18,5	-0,52	188,0	1,9	-
1994	December	119,5	1,72	393,7	210,2	-
1995	December	49,4	0,63	199,4	218,7	-
1996	December	267,9	2,63	98,5	780,9	-
1997	December	396,3	2,92	32,7	728,9	-
1998	December	221,9	1,65	445,5	850,4	1 377,4
1999	September	120,5	0,88	1 375,1	937,0	1 813,0
	October	324,0	2,36	1 134,3	1 255,7	1 702,8
	November	102,9	0,73	1 291,2	1 514,7	1 440,6
	December	179,6	1,30	1 183,6	1 348,7	1 507,6
2000	January	174,7	1,26	1 178,1	1 308,5	1 466,7
	February	84,0	0,63	967,9	1 270,8	1 256,7
	March	90,3	0,68	778,6	1 432,4	1 210,1
	April	114,3	0,86	420,8	1 532,5	1 162,4
	May	270,1	2,01	410,0	1 592,2	1 510,5
	June	289,7	2,06	436,2	1 944,9	1 842,1
	July	413,9	2,75	303,6	2 392,3	1 601,3
	August	215,1	1,28	281,7	2 445,2	1 849,2
	September	250,1	1,37	231,0	2 318,4	1 954,8
	October	334,2	1,76	182,6	2 378,8	1 705,8
	November	310,3	1,62	165,0	2 531,6	1 710,9
	December	638,8	3,32	80,1	2 496,0	1 692,7
2001	January	580,2	2,99	12,1	2 649,2	1 813,6
	February	565,6	2,85	39,8	2 309,1	1 774,3

Table G1: Deposit Money Banks' Credit Rates

Weighted averages of monthly interest rates, in % on annual basis

Year	Month	Money market interest rates		Interest rates on credits in Kuna			Interest rates on credits in Kuna indexed to f/c			Interest rates on credits in f/c		
		On daily market	On overnight market	Total average	On short-term credits	On long-term credits	Total average	On short-term credits	On long-term credits	Total average	On short-term credits	On long-term credits
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1992	December	2 182,26	2 182,26	2 332,92	2 384,89	1 166,29	20,41	9,90	21,41	....	....	....
1993	December	86,90	34,49	59,00	59,00	78,97	21,84	19,00	23,14	....	....	....
1994	December	17,76	8,50	15,39	15,43	13,82	11,99	12,38	11,65	....	....	....
1995	December	27,15	27,26	22,32	22,56	13,48	19,56	21,62	14,33	15,73	16,56	12,27
1996	December	10,41	9,66	18,46	19,35	11,51	18,97	22,56	12,12	19,28	21,11	10,95
1997	December	9,41	8,46	14,06	14,12	13,24	14,40	16,92	12,25	13,56	14,58	10,05
1998	December	15,81	10,00	16,06	16,22	11,73	13,04	14,28	11,15	6,96	8,29	5,92
1999	September	12,90	10,00	14,02	14,03	13,25	12,93	13,82	10,58	6,00	5,68	6,42
	October	11,55	8,83	13,28	13,36	10,29	12,73	13,99	10,88	6,30	6,25	6,38
	November	12,79	10,00	13,35	13,37	11,48	13,28	13,85	11,82	6,62	6,63	6,60
	December	12,72	10,00	13,54	13,52	15,14	12,53	13,66	10,81	6,89	7,27	6,57
2000	January	12,38	10,00	15,32	15,33	13,76	12,76	13,11	11,02	6,73	6,94	6,45
	February	12,36	10,00	11,67	11,65	15,02	12,85	13,32	12,02	7,53	6,63	8,15
	March	12,57	10,00	12,94	12,93	13,81	12,17	13,26	10,40	7,14	7,21	7,06
	April	12,41	10,00	14,59	14,65	8,42	12,28	12,86	11,40	5,97	5,66	6,72
	May	11,31	7,89	12,52	12,52	13,15	12,18	12,96	11,29	7,22	7,35	7,05
	June	8,93	6,67	13,48	13,50	11,54	11,69	11,76	11,61	7,35	7,47	7,12
	July	8,34	5,02	11,46	11,48	8,39	11,30	11,87	10,85	6,36	6,14	7,25
	August	6,57	3,28	9,90	9,90	13,28	11,21	11,71	10,79	6,45	6,11	7,22
	September	5,63	3,51	10,73	10,73	11,53	11,64	12,38	11,16	6,85	6,56	8,09
	October	4,59	2,97	10,92	10,94	8,66	11,60	11,93	11,33	6,92	6,75	7,84
	November	6,64	5,06	10,90	10,90	11,65	11,34	11,32	11,36	6,96	6,68	8,04
	December	4,46	2,39	10,45	10,45	9,90	10,74	11,17	10,52	7,47	7,15	8,20
2001	January	3,81	2,24	10,81	10,82	10,72	10,26	9,99	10,53	7,40	7,22	7,76
	February	4,49	3,31	10,89	10,89	10,84	10,27	9,99	10,55	6,63	6,31	7,66
Relative significance		5,77	9,96	53,06	52,33	0,73	26,83	13,47	13,36	4,38	3,33	1,05

¹⁾ This data represent percentages of related credits in total credits included in calculation of weighted averages of monthly interest rates (for the last month included in this table).

Table G2: Deposit Money Banks' Deposit Rates

Weighted averages of monthly interest rates, in % on annual basis

Year	Month	Interest rates on deposits in Kuna			Interest rates on time and sav. dep. in Kuna ind. to f/c	Interest rates on deposits in f/c		
		Total average	On demand deposits	On time and savings deposits		Total average	On demand deposits	On time and savings deposits
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1992	December	434,47	184,69	1 867,18	6,04	....	....	....
1993	December	27,42	18,16	52,16	5,91	....	....	....
1994	December	5,03	3,55	9,65	6,95	....	....	....
1995	December	6,10	3,88	13,65	12,69	4,57	2,82	6,83
1996	December	4,15	2,19	10,19	9,46	5,09	1,44	7,77
1997	December	4,35	2,19	9,10	7,63	4,77	1,75	6,36
1998	December	4,11	2,31	7,73	7,47	3,98	2,09	4,89
1999	September	4,28	2,23	8,89	6,64	4,09	1,80	5,24
	October	4,35	2,21	9,03	5,43	4,33	1,80	5,56
	November	4,22	2,21	8,48	5,42	4,10	1,77	5,26
	December	4,27	2,24	8,87	6,62	4,23	1,80	5,43
2000	January	4,32	2,23	8,88	4,02	4,18	1,81	5,35
	February	4,27	2,28	8,71	6,19	3,95	1,58	5,08
	March	4,10	2,01	8,64	6,81	3,96	1,44	5,11
	April	4,03	1,99	8,55	6,36	3,81	1,38	4,93
	May	3,91	1,96	8,48	6,00	3,83	1,37	4,95
	June	3,59	1,89	7,54	6,75	3,83	1,29	4,98
	July	3,34	1,75	7,47	6,40	3,78	1,25	4,92
	August	3,42	1,77	7,61	6,43	3,77	1,25	4,94
	September	3,47	1,71	7,37	6,67	3,59	1,20	4,67
	October	3,48	1,62	7,18	5,77	3,53	1,01	4,67
	November	3,57	1,64	7,38	5,64	3,51	1,19	4,55
	December	3,40	1,64	7,20	5,54	3,47	1,03	4,57
2001	January	3,45	1,52	7,17	5,19	3,13	1,01	4,05
	February	3,60	1,60	7,36	5,22	3,27	0,95	4,26

Table G3: Commercial Banks' Trade with Foreign Exchange

Million EUR, current exchange rate

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001			
							Sep.	Okt.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	(Feb.)	(Mar.)	
A. Purchases of foreign exchange														
1. Legal persons	1 463,0	1 685,2	2 011,2	2 506,4	3 186,0	2 924,9	250,2	269,0	247,0	439,2	261,7	228,8	308,7	
2. Natural persons	1 728,2	1 815,0	2 124,9	2 093,4	2 273,5	2 170,0	211,1	196,7	144,8	209,8	152,1	160,9	187,7	
2.1. Residents	1 284,8	1 487,4	1 749,7	1 695,5	1 854,5	1 794,7	159,1	171,6	128,9	192,2	136,7			
2.2. Non-residents	443,4	327,6	375,2	397,9	419,1	375,3	52,0	25,1	15,9	17,6	15,4			
3. Commercial banks	191,7	306,7	392,7	1 002,3	1 138,2	1 204,4	210,3	269,0	307,0	265,2	287,0	220,7	295,0	
4. Croatian National Bank	221,9	170,8	61,4	57,1	582,2	934,8	-	-	62,5	-	45,0		19,1	
Total (1+2+3+4)	3 604,8	3 977,8	4 590,2	5 659,1	7 179,9	7 234,0	671,7	734,8	761,2	914,2	745,8	610,4	810,5	
B. Sales of foreign exchange														
1. Legal persons	1 966,3	2 556,7	3 415,3	4 513,7	4 656,0	4 487,0	508,4	475,2	502,0	573,9	551,1	433,1	615,3	
2. Natural persons	624,7	768,3	797,8	925,9	1 011,8	893,1	89,1	88,9	80,0	189,8	150,8	73,0	84,3	
2.1. Residents	624,7	768,3	797,8	925,2	1 011,5	892,7	89,0	88,8	79,9	189,8	150,8			
2.2. Non-residents	-	-	-	0,7	0,3	0,4	0,1	0,1	-	-	-			
3. Commercial banks	191,7	306,7	391,7	1 002,3	1 138,2	1 204,4	210,3	269,0	307,0	265,2	287,0	220,7	295,0	
4. Croatian National Bank	719,4	339,1	345,7	257,8	217,0	48,3	-	-	-	-	-			
Total (1+2+3+4)	3 502,1	3 970,8	4 950,5	6 699,7	7 022,9	6 632,8	807,9	833,0	888,9	1 029,0	989,0	726,8	994,6	
C. Net purchasing (A-B)														
1. Legal persons	- 503,4	- 871,5	-1 404,1	-2 007,4	-1 470,1	-1 562,1	- 258,2	- 206,1	- 255,0	- 134,7	- 289,4	- 204,2	- 306,6	
2. Natural persons	1 103,5	1 046,7	1 327,2	1 167,5	1 261,7	1 276,8	122,0	107,9	64,8	20,0	1,3	87,8	103,4	
2.1. Residents	660,1	719,1	952,0	770,3	843,0	901,9	70,1	82,8	48,9	2,4	- 14,1			
2.2. Non-residents	443,4	327,6	375,2	397,3	418,7	374,9	51,9	25,1	15,8	17,6	15,4			
3. Croatian National Bank	- 497,5	- 168,3	- 284,3	- 200,7	365,2	886,5	-	-	62,5	-	45,0			
Total (1+2+3)	102,7	6,9	- 361,3	-1 040,6	156,8	601,2	- 151,6	- 98,2	- 127,7	- 114,7	- 243,1	- 116,4	- 203,2	
Memo items: Other Croatian National Bank transactions														
Purchases of foreign exchange	-	-	-	-	-	106,5	-	-	-	-	-	25,0		
Sales of foreign exchange	-	-	-	-	171,0	97,7	-	-	-	-	-			

Table H1: Balance of Payments - Summary (revised dana)

Million US dollars

	1993	1994	1995*	1996*	1997*	1998*	1999*	2000			
								Q1*	Q2*	Q3*	Q4 ¹⁾
A. CURRENT ACCOUNT (1+6)	623,0	853,4	-1 441,5	-1 091,3	-2 325,1	-1 530,6	-1 522,6	- 414,8	- 336,1	785,0	- 565,2
1. Goods, services, and income (2+5)	295,3	327,1	-2 243,8	-2 113,7	-3 194,5	-2 236,6	-2 022,9	- 609,6	- 519,9	585,2	- 745,5
1.1. Credit	6 317,7	7 266,5	7 306,0	8 112,3	8 578,4	8 963,5	8 370,0	1 668,5	2 126,2	3 258,9	1 965,0
1.2. Debit	-6 022,4	-6 939,4	-9 549,8	-10 226,0	-11 772,9	-11 200,1	-10 392,9	-2 278,1	-2 646,2	-2 673,6	-2 710,5
2. Goods and services (3+4)	414,9	491,7	-2 215,0	-2 043,8	-3 172,0	-2 072,6	-1 673,4	- 495,7	- 419,3	693,8	- 759,2
2.1. Credit	6 189,6	7 117,5	7 087,2	7 842,4	8 214,6	8 568,6	8 117,8	1 610,2	2 017,8	3 197,3	1 826,1
2.2. Debit	-5 774,7	-6 625,9	-9 302,2	-9 886,2	-11 386,6	-10 641,2	-9 791,1	-2 105,8	-2 437,1	-2 503,5	-2 585,3
3. Goods	- 723,2	-1 141,6	-3 259,3	-3 623,5	-5 196,2	-4 147,4	-3 298,6	- 547,7	- 892,1	- 802,0	- 995,6
3.1. Credit	3 903,8	4 260,4	4 632,7	4 545,7	4 210,3	4 604,5	4 394,7	1 093,4	1 123,0	1 214,1	1 136,5
3.2. Debit	-4 627,0	-5 402,0	-7 892,0	-8 169,2	-9 406,5	-8 751,9	-7 693,3	-1 641,2	-2 015,1	-2 016,1	-2 132,1
4. Services	1 138,1	1 633,3	1 044,3	1 579,7	2 024,2	2 074,8	1 625,2	52,1	472,8	1 495,8	236,4
4.1. Credit	2 285,8	2 857,1	2 454,5	3 296,7	4 004,3	3 964,1	3 723,0	516,7	894,8	1 983,2	689,6
4.2. Debit	-1 147,7	-1 223,8	-1 410,2	-1 717,0	-1 980,1	-1 889,3	-2 097,8	- 464,6	- 422,0	- 487,4	- 453,2
5. Income	- 119,6	- 164,5	- 28,8	- 69,9	- 22,4	- 164,0	- 349,5	- 114,0	- 100,6	- 108,6	13,6
5.1. Credit	128,2	149,0	218,8	269,8	363,8	394,9	252,2	58,3	108,5	61,6	138,9
5.2. Debit	- 247,7	- 313,5	- 247,6	- 339,7	- 386,2	- 558,9	- 601,7	- 172,3	- 209,1	- 170,2	- 125,2
6. Current transfers	327,7	526,3	802,3	1 022,4	869,4	706,0	500,3	194,9	183,8	199,8	180,4
6.1. Credit	507,5	669,1	971,1	1 173,2	964,0	919,1	835,2	238,2	233,8	249,2	245,2
6.2..Debit	- 179,8	- 142,8	- 168,8	- 150,8	- 94,6	- 213,1	- 335,0	- 43,4	- 50,0	- 49,4	- 64,8
B. CAPITAL AND FINANCIAL ACCOUNT	- 388,5	- 262,0	1 095,6	1 995,3	2 651,6	1 469,0	1 484,2	624,3	- 223,8	- 475,6	412,9
B1. Capital account	0,0	0,0	0,0	16,2	21,5	19,1	24,9	6,2	6,4	3,7	4,3
B2. Financial account, excl. reserves	78,0	481,4	1 538,8	2 512,3	3 058,2	1 601,5	1 887,8	591,3	78,0	- 183,8	413,9
1. Direct investment	101,7	110,2	108,8	486,4	346,7	834,9	1 444,6	406,1	269,8	115,4	36,6
1.1. Abroad	- 18,5	- 6,8	- 5,4	- 24,4	- 186,1	- 97,5	- 34,4	7,9	8,5	- 18,9	- 21,3
1.2. In Croatia	120,2	117,0	114,2	510,8	532,9	932,4	1 479,0	398,2	261,3	134,3	57,9
2. Portfolio investment	0,0	10,9	4,9	628,3	577,0	14,9	574,0	444,4	5,6	303,0	- 20,5
2.1. Assets	- 0,4	1,0	0,3	6,2	11,1	- 0,1	- 0,3	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
2.2. Liabilities	0,4	10,0	4,6	622,1	565,9	15,1	574,3	444,4	5,7	303,0	- 20,5
3. Other investment	- 23,7	360,3	1 425,1	1 397,6	2 134,4	751,7	- 130,8	- 259,2	- 197,4	- 602,2	397,8
3.1. Assets	- 165,8	- 16,0	419,5	794,4	171,3	348,8	- 588,4	111,5	- 153,1	-1 004,7	- 35,9
3.2. Liabilities	142,0	376,3	1 005,6	603,3	1 963,2	402,9	457,7	- 370,7	- 44,3	402,5	433,7
B3. Reserve Assets (CNB)	- 466,5	- 743,4	- 443,1	- 533,3	- 428,0	- 151,5	- 428,5	26,8	- 308,2	- 295,5	- 5,3
C. NET ERRORS AND OMISSIONS	- 234,5	- 591,4	345,9	- 904,0	- 326,5	61,7	38,4	- 209,6	559,9	- 309,5	152,2

¹⁾ Preliminary data.

Table H2: Balance of Payments - Goods and Services (revised data)

Million US dollars

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000			
								Q1*	Q2*	Q3*	Q4 ¹⁾
1. Goods	- 723,2	-1 141,6	-3 259,3	-3 623,5	-5 196,2	-4 147,4	-3 298,6	- 547,7	- 892,1	- 802,0	- 995,6
1.1. Credit	3 903,8	4 260,4	4 632,7	4 545,7	4 210,3	4 604,5	4 394,7	1 093,4	1 123,0	1 214,1	1 136,5
1.1.1. Exports f.o.b. in trade statistics	3 903,8	4 260,4	4 632,7	4 511,8	4 170,7	4 541,1	4 302,5	1 069,0	1 096,5	1 160,6	1 105,6
1.1.2. Adjustments for coverage	0,0	0,0	0,0	33,9	39,6	63,4	92,2	24,4	26,5	53,5	31,0
1.2. Debit	-4 627,0	-5 402,0	-7 892,0	-8 169,2	-9 406,5	-8 751,9	-7 693,3	-1 641,2	-2 015,1	-2 016,1	-2 132,1
1.2.1. Imports cif in trade statistics	-4 666,4	-5 229,3	-7 509,9	-7 787,9	-9 104,0	-8 383,1	-7 798,6	-1 659,0	-2 048,4	-2 029,4	-2 185,9
1.2.2. Adjustments for coverage	- 292,0	- 544,0	- 915,3	- 934,3	- 948,9	- 964,0	- 448,4	- 100,0	- 112,1	- 130,8	- 101,4
1.2.3. Adjustments for classification	331,3	371,3	533,2	552,9	646,4	595,2	553,7	117,8	145,4	144,1	155,2
2. Services	1 138,1	1 633,3	1 044,3	1 579,7	2 024,2	2 074,8	1 625,2	52,1	472,8	1 495,8	236,4
2.1. Transportation	314,4	321,0	313,8	310,0	282,5	227,6	83,8	27,1	33,5	58,1	59,3
2.1.1. Credit	646,2	665,1	707,3	710,6	681,5	565,7	484,0	109,9	130,7	160,3	156,3
2.1.2. Debit	- 331,8	- 344,0	- 393,5	- 400,6	- 399,0	- 338,1	- 400,1	- 82,8	- 97,2	- 102,2	- 97,0
2.2. Travel	935,2	1 405,5	927,5	1 503,6	1 993,0	2 133,2	1 742,0	79,9	421,0	1 486,8	202,1
2.2.1. Credit	1 309,8	1 801,4	1 349,1	2 014,0	2 523,1	2 733,4	2 493,4	234,8	548,8	1 652,3	322,1
2.2.2. Debit	- 374,6	- 395,9	- 421,6	- 510,4	- 530,1	- 600,3	- 751,4	- 154,8	- 127,8	- 165,5	- 120,0
2.3. Other services	- 111,6	- 93,2	- 196,9	- 233,9	- 251,4	- 286,0	- 200,6	- 55,0	18,3	- 49,0	- 25,0
2.3.1. Credit	329,7	390,7	398,2	572,1	799,6	665,0	745,7	172,1	215,3	170,6	211,1
2.3.2. Debit	- 441,3	- 483,9	- 595,1	- 806,0	- 1 051,0	- 951,0	- 946,3	- 227,0	- 196,9	- 219,7	- 236,1
Total (1+2)	414,9	491,7	-2 215,0	-2 043,8	-3 172,0	-2 072,6	-1 673,4	- 495,7	- 419,3	693,8	- 759,2

¹⁾ Preliminary data.

Table H3: Balance of Payments - Income and Current Transfers (revised data)

Million US dollars

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998*	1999	2000			
								Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4 ¹⁾
1. Income	- 119,6	- 164,5	- 28,8	- 69,9	- 22,4	- 164,0	- 349,5	- 114,0	- 100,6	- 108,6	13,6
1.1. Compensation of employees	17,1	35,3	38,7	38,9	55,6	69,7	60,3	15,2	15,0	17,7	21,2
1.1.1. Credit	17,1	35,3	38,7	46,7	70,2	81,0	75,2	17,7	18,5	21,1	24,9
1.1.2. Debit	0,0	0,0	0,0	- 7,8	- 14,6	- 11,4	- 14,9	- 2,6	- 3,4	- 3,4	- 3,7
1.2. Direct investment income	0,3	12,2	0,6	9,8	- 52,0	- 100,6	- 69,5	- 4,1	- 98,8	- 21,3	- 6,9
1.2.1. Credit	0,4	13,2	7,0	17,5	16,9	5,3	4,2	0,7	0,9	1,9	1,9
1.2.2. Debit	- 0,1	- 1,0	- 6,3	- 7,6	- 68,9	- 105,9	- 73,7	- 4,9	- 99,7	- 23,3	- 8,8
1.3. Portfolio investment income	0,0	0,1	- 0,1	- 2,0	- 91,5	- 102,6	- 129,2	- 84,5	- 14,0	- 73,6	- 6,1
1.3.1. Credit	0,0	0,1	0,2	0,2	2,6	0,2	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
1.3.2. Debit	0,0	0,0	- 0,3	- 2,2	- 94,1	- 102,8	- 129,3	- 84,5	- 14,0	- 73,6	- 6,1
1.4. Other investment income	- 137,0	- 212,2	- 68,0	- 116,6	65,6	- 30,5	- 211,1	- 40,5	- 2,9	- 31,4	5,4
1.4.1. Credit	110,6	100,3	173,0	205,6	274,1	308,3	172,8	39,8	89,1	38,5	112,0
1.4.2. Debit	- 247,6	- 312,5	- 240,9	- 322,2	- 208,6	- 338,8	- 383,9	- 80,3	- 92,0	- 69,9	- 106,6
2. Current transfers	327,7	526,3	802,3	1 022,4	869,4	706,0	500,3	194,9	183,8	199,8	180,4
2.1. General government	245,1	234,5	279,8	154,5	32,8	- 9,2	- 130,3	1,2	- 1,9	11,2	- 10,6
2.1.1. Credit	252,0	261,1	309,2	193,4	55,6	77,6	76,2	18,5	17,6	33,9	19,7
2.1.2. Debit	- 6,9	- 26,6	- 29,3	- 38,9	- 22,8	- 86,8	- 206,5	- 17,3	- 19,6	- 22,6	- 30,4
2.2. Other sectors	82,6	291,8	522,4	867,9	836,5	715,2	630,5	193,7	185,7	188,6	191,0
2.2.1. Credit	255,5	408,0	661,9	979,7	908,4	841,5	759,0	219,7	216,1	215,4	225,5
2.2.2. Debit	- 172,9	- 116,2	- 139,5	- 111,9	- 71,9	- 126,3	- 128,5	- 26,0	- 30,4	- 26,8	- 34,4
Total (1+2)	208,1	361,8	773,5	952,5	847,0	542,0	150,8	80,9	83,2	91,2	194,0

¹⁾ Preliminary data.

Table H4: Balance of Payments - Other Investments (Assets) (revised data)

Million US dollars

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000			
								Q1*	Q2*	Q3*	Q4 ¹⁾
1. Assets	- 165,8	- 16,0	419,5	794,4	171,3	348,8	- 588,4	111,5	- 153,1	- 1 004,7	- 35,9
1.1. Trade credits	0,0	0,0	0,0	36,3	18,1	- 19,5	- 172,5	334,2	- 235,3	- 74,2	51,6
1.1.1. Government	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
1.1.1.1. Long - term	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
1.1.1.2. Short - term	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
1.1.2. Other sectors	0,0	0,0	0,0	36,3	18,1	- 19,5	- 172,5	334,2	- 235,3	- 74,2	51,6
1.1.2.1. Long - term	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	- 13,8	0,7	- 3,2	1,2	3,6
1.1.2.2. Short - term	0,0	0,0	0,0	36,3	18,1	- 19,5	- 158,6	333,5	- 232,1	- 75,4	48,0
1.2. Loans	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	- 84,3	0,9	- 3,7	- 1,5	- 5,2
1.2.1. Government	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	1,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
1.2.1.1. Long - term	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	1,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
1.2.1.2. Short - term	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
1.2.2. Banks	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	- 85,4	0,9	- 3,7	- 1,5	- 5,2
1.2.2.1. Long - term	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	- 76,1	0,0	- 3,1	- 0,9	- 1,3
1.2.2.2. Short - term	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	- 9,3	0,9	- 0,6	- 0,5	- 4,0
1.2.3. Other sectors	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
1.2.3.1. Long - term	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
1.2.3.2. Short - term	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
1.3. Currency and deposits	- 165,8	- 16,0	419,5	758,0	153,2	368,3	- 331,7	- 223,6	85,9	- 929,0	- 82,3
1.3.1. Banks	- 210,6	- 189,5	- 467,1	- 622,6	- 341,1	383,8	340,6	- 304,8	68,7	- 494,0	- 119,3
1.3.2. Other sectors	44,8	173,5	886,6	1 380,6	494,3	- 15,5	- 672,2	81,1	17,2	- 435,0	37,0

¹⁾ Preliminary data.

Table H4: Balance of Payments - Other Investments (Liabilities) (revised data)

Million US dollars

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000			
								Q1*	Q2*	Q3*	Q4 ¹⁾
1. Liabilities	142,0	376,3	1 005,6	603,3	1 963,2	402,9	457,7	- 370,7	- 44,3	402,5	433,7
1.1. Trade credits	0,0	0,0	0,0	390,1	217,9	- 466,9	36,8	- 161,3	- 162,6	381,8	164,8
1.1.1. General government	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,7	- 0,7	- 1,5	- 0,6	- 0,4
1.1.1.1. Long term	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	- 1,0	- 0,1	- 0,4	0,0	0,0
1.1.1.2. Short term	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	1,6	- 0,7	- 1,1	- 0,5	- 0,4
1.1.2. Other sectors	0,0	0,0	0,0	390,1	217,9	- 466,9	36,2	- 160,5	- 161,1	382,4	165,2
1.1.2.1. Long term	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	- 36,7	- 10,6	2,2	- 5,1	- 17,4
1.1.2.2. Short term	0,0	0,0	0,0	390,1	217,9	- 466,9	72,9	- 149,9	- 163,4	387,5	182,7
1.2. Loans	- 116,3	- 29,6	425,6	666,6	1 474,1	1 045,7	385,2	- 158,3	78,2	15,1	368,4
1.2.1. Monetary authorities	- 24,0	105,5	97,6	- 4,3	37,3	- 8,9	- 31,4	0,0	- 14,6	0,0	- 14,1
1.2.1.1. Use of Fund credit and loans	- 24,0	105,5	97,6	- 4,3	37,3	- 8,9	- 31,4	0,0	- 14,6	0,0	- 14,1
1.2.1.1.1. Drawings	0,0	114,2	103,0	0,0	39,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
1.2.1.1.2. Repayments	- 24,0	- 8,7	- 5,4	- 4,3	- 2,2	- 8,9	- 31,4	0,0	- 14,6	0,0	- 14,1
1.2.2. General government	- 119,3	- 131,5	- 47,2	268,6	95,7	- 61,4	182,6	- 29,2	- 75,9	6,0	323,1
1.2.2.1. Long-term	- 119,3	- 131,5	- 147,2	260,4	104,2	- 12,2	229,8	43,9	- 75,9	6,0	- 36,9
1.2.2.1.1. Drawings	3,7	10,4	9,4	349,8	180,7	248,0	297,2	64,9	43,8	27,7	50,9
1.2.2.1.2. Repayments	- 123,0	- 141,9	- 156,6	- 89,4	- 76,4	- 260,2	- 67,4	- 21,1	- 119,7	- 21,8	- 87,9
1.2.2.2. Short-term (net)	0,0	0,0	100,0	8,2	- 8,6	- 49,2	- 47,2	- 73,1	0,0	0,0	360,0
1.2.3. Banks	- 20,6	6,3	218,3	200,4	399,2	311,6	- 66,9	- 69,3	- 58,1	12,2	- 73,6
1.2.3.1. Long-term	- 38,0	- 8,7	- 52,1	64,4	337,3	362,3	- 53,9	- 60,0	- 54,5	14,9	- 73,0
1.2.3.1.1. Drawings	55,2	69,4	72,0	167,5	587,9	517,0	589,4	20,5	45,1	231,0	12,9
1.2.3.1.2. Repayments	- 93,2	- 78,1	- 124,1	- 103,1	- 250,6	- 154,7	- 643,3	- 80,5	- 99,6	- 216,2	- 85,9
1.2.3.2. Short-term (net)	17,4	15,0	270,4	135,9	61,9	- 50,7	- 13,0	- 9,3	- 3,6	- 2,7	- 0,5
1.2.4. Other sectors	47,6	- 9,8	156,9	202,1	942,0	804,3	300,9	- 59,8	226,8	- 3,1	132,9
1.2.4.1. Long-term	- 32,2	- 4,6	57,4	128,8	747,0	668,0	247,2	- 54,3	187,8	20,9	141,6
1.2.4.1.1. Drawings	94,7	104,5	233,7	327,0	1 007,0	969,7	770,9	89,4	261,7	95,9	266,1
1.2.4.1.2. Repayments	- 126,9	- 109,1	- 176,3	- 198,2	- 259,9	- 301,8	- 523,6	- 143,8	- 74,0	- 75,0	- 124,6
1.2.4.2. Short-term (net)	79,8	- 5,2	99,5	73,3	194,9	136,4	53,7	- 5,5	39,1	- 24,0	- 8,6
1.3. Currency and deposits	0,0	46,3	274,3	25,9	271,1	- 175,9	35,6	- 51,1	40,0	5,6	- 99,4
1.3.1. Monetary authorities	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
1.3.2. Banks	0,0	46,3	274,3	25,9	271,1	- 175,9	35,6	- 51,1	40,0	5,6	- 99,4
1.4. Other liabilities (short-term)	258,4	359,5	305,7	- 479,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
1.4.1. General government	189,6	243,9	213,1	125,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
1.4.2. Banks	50,0	78,4	78,8	- 604,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
1.4.3. Other sectors	18,8	37,3	13,8	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

¹⁾ Preliminary data.

Table H5: Balance of Payments - Summary (revised data)

Millions of HRK

	1993	1994	1995*	1996*	1997*	1998*	1999*	2000			
								Q1*	Q2*	Q3*	Q4 ¹⁾
A. CURRENT ACCOUNT (1+6)	4 381,2	5 638,8	-7 823,3	-6 009,0	-14 078,7	-9 726,7	-10 642,1	-3 269,0	-2 794,7	6 550,8	-4 411,3
1. Goods, services, and income (2+5)	3 000,1	1 884,0	-12 017,4	-11 574,1	-19 421,5	-14 223,5	-14 269,4	-4 794,6	-4 308,6	4 882,7	-5 976,8
1.1. Credit	24 094,3	43 154,9	38 281,5	44 010,1	53 096,0	57 052,5	59 726,6	13 063,9	17 499,6	27 216,3	17 577,5
1.2. Debit	-21 094,2	-41 270,9	-50 299,0	-55 584,2	-72 517,4	-71 276,1	-73 996,1	-17 858,5	-21 808,2	-22 333,6	-23 554,3
2. Goods and services (3+4)	3 437,5	2 845,3	-11 864,0	-11 185,0	-19 349,8	-13 153,1	-11 828,1	-3 904,9	-3 489,3	5 790,5	-6 571,5
2.1. Credit	23 588,8	42 270,2	37 135,5	42 544,5	50 830,7	54 546,5	57 902,4	12 606,3	16 598,0	26 699,3	15 895,4
2.2. Debit	-20 151,4	-39 425,0	-48 999,6	-53 729,5	-70 180,5	-67 699,6	-69 730,5	-16 511,1	-20 087,3	-20 908,8	-22 466,9
3. Goods	-1 705,3	-6 687,4	-17 303,7	-19 692,1	-32 205,2	-26 422,2	-23 586,4	-4 313,9	-7 356,1	-6 673,7	-8 632,1
3.1. Credit	13 270,6	25 480,6	24 294,4	24 693,7	25 758,2	29 278,2	31 369,3	8 579,1	9 253,3	10 172,0	9 905,2
3.2. Debit	-14 975,9	-32 168,1	-41 598,1	-44 385,8	-57 963,4	-55 700,4	-54 955,8	-12 892,9	-16 609,5	-16 845,8	-18 537,2
4. Services	5 142,8	9 532,7	5 439,7	8 507,1	12 855,4	13 269,1	11 758,3	409,0	3 866,8	12 464,3	2 060,6
4.1. Credit	10 318,2	16 789,6	12 841,2	17 850,8	25 072,5	25 268,3	26 533,1	4 027,2	7 344,6	16 527,3	5 990,2
4.2. Debit	-5 175,4	-7 256,9	-7 401,5	-9 343,7	-12 217,1	-11 999,2	-14 774,7	-3 618,2	-3 477,8	-4 063,0	-3 929,6
5. Income	- 437,3	- 961,3	- 153,4	- 389,1	- 71,7	-1 070,4	-2 441,3	- 889,7	- 819,3	- 907,9	594,7
5.1. Credit	505,5	884,6	1 146,0	1 465,6	2 265,3	2 506,0	1 824,2	457,6	901,7	517,0	1 682,1
5.2. Debit	- 942,8	-1 846,0	-1 299,4	-1 854,7	-2 336,9	-3 576,5	-4 265,6	-1 347,3	-1 721,0	-1 424,8	-1 087,4
6. Current transfers	1 381,1	3 754,9	4 194,2	5 565,1	5 342,8	4 496,8	3 627,3	1 525,6	1 513,9	1 668,1	1 565,5
6.1. Credit	2 055,6	5 064,7	5 076,3	6 387,5	5 925,4	5 846,2	5 882,5	1 865,4	1 924,3	2 078,7	2 120,5
6.2..Debit	- 674,5	-1 309,8	- 882,2	- 822,5	- 582,6	-1 349,4	-2 255,2	- 339,8	- 410,4	- 410,5	- 555,0
B. CAPITAL AND FINANCIAL ACCOUNT	-1 172,0	-1 322,1	5 590,8	13 528,0	17 169,7	9 222,5	10 913,9	5 032,6	-1 483,6	-3 762,9	3 831,4
B1. Capital account	0,0	0,0	0,0	87,3	132,4	121,9	173,6	48,3	52,7	31,2	37,3
B2. Financial account, excl. reserves	676,4	3 011,4	7 858,7	16 321,4	19 722,5	10 155,2	14 041,2	4 830,3	1 014,7	-1 422,5	3 835,2
1. Direct investment	224,0	643,5	573,2	2 641,9	2 135,2	5 349,3	10 333,9	3 111,7	2 212,4	948,3	318,5
1.1. Abroad	- 90,7	- 40,9	- 28,6	- 132,8	-1 149,7	- 619,7	- 250,4	60,7	70,1	- 160,0	- 183,2
1.2. In Croatia	314,8	684,4	601,8	2 774,7	3 284,8	5 969,1	10 584,3	3 051,0	2 142,3	1 108,3	501,7
2. Portfolio investment	- 3,2	63,5	25,4	3 349,8	3 523,4	107,9	3 996,9	3 470,9	48,9	2 532,2	- 178,5
2.1. Assets	- 1,4	6,2	1,4	33,7	70,6	- 0,9	- 2,1	- 0,1	- 0,4	- 0,3	0,0
2.2. Liabilities	- 1,8	57,2	24,0	3 316,1	3 452,8	108,8	3 999,1	3 471,0	49,2	2 532,6	- 178,4
3. Other investment	455,6	2 304,5	7 260,1	10 329,7	14 063,8	4 697,9	- 289,6	-1 752,3	-1 246,6	-4 903,0	3 695,2
3.1. Assets	- 152,9	120,5	2 151,7	4 323,2	649,9	2 134,6	-5 241,7	462,6	-1 483,4	-8 405,4	- 562,2
3.2. Liabilities	608,6	2 184,0	5 108,4	6 006,5	13 414,0	2 563,3	4 952,0	-2 214,8	236,8	3 502,4	4 257,4
B3. Reserve Assets (CNB)	-1 848,4	-4 333,5	-2 267,9	-2 880,7	-2 685,2	-1 054,5	-3 300,9	154,0	-2 551,0	-2 371,6	- 41,1
C. NET ERRORS AND OMISSIONS	-3 209,3	-4 316,7	2 232,5	-7 519,0	-3 091,0	504,2	- 271,8	-1 763,6	4 278,4	-2 787,9	579,9

¹⁾ Preliminary data.

Table H6: International Reserves and Bank's foreign exchange reserves

End of period, million US dollars

		International Reserves of the Croatian National Bank						Bank's foreign exchange reserves
		Total	Special drawing rights	Reserve position in the Fund	Foreign exchange			
					Total	Currency and deposits	Bonds and notes	
1991	December	-	-	-	-	-	-	200,9
1992	December	166,8	-	-	166,8	166,8	-	502,3
1993	December	616,2	3,7	-	612,5	612,5	-	712,9
1994	December	1 405,0	4,5	-	1 400,5	1 400,5	-	902,4
1995	December	1 895,2	139,8	-	1 755,4	1 651,0	104,3	1 369,5
1996	December	2 314,0	125,6	-	2 188,4	2 016,6	171,8	1 992,1
1997	December	2 539,1	147,1	0,1	2 391,9	2 011,7	380,2	2 333,2
1998	December	2 815,7	231,2	0,2	2 584,4	1 927,0	657,4	1 949,4
1999	September	2 816,0	209,9	0,2	2 605,9	2 243,5	362,3	1 723,2
	October	2 993,4	190,3	0,2	2 803,1	2 398,8	404,3	1 654,4
	November	2 825,6	189,1	0,2	2 636,3	2 217,2	419,1	1 645,1
	December	3 025,0	189,5	0,2	2 835,3	2 459,8	375,5	1 608,9
2000	January	2 853,1	186,8	0,2	2 666,1	2 288,9	377,1	1 647,0
	February	2 807,9	184,0	0,2	2 623,7	2 185,0	438,8	1 661,7
	March	2 925,1	184,9	0,2	2 739,9	2 184,0	556,0	1 913,6
	April	2 940,7	164,8	0,2	2 775,7	2 082,6	693,1	1 817,5
	May	3 100,8	165,9	0,2	2 934,7	2 240,5	694,2	1 830,4
	June	3 236,8	168,1	0,2	3 068,5	2 339,4	729,1	1 844,9
	July	3 511,3	165,1	0,2	3 346,0	2 645,5	700,5	2 102,2
	August	3 424,9	162,9	0,2	3 261,8	2 650,4	611,4	2 330,9
	September	3 378,7	161,2	0,2	3 217,3	2 583,6	633,7	2 338,9
	October	3 374,6	145,7	0,2	3 228,7	2 539,2	689,5	2 286,1
	November	3 336,9	144,9	0,2	3 191,8	2 536,1	655,7	2 368,7
	December	3 524,8	147,7	0,2	3 376,9	2 574,3	802,6	2 455,8
2001	January	3 394,1	146,7	0,2	3 247,2	2 347,6	899,7	2 274,2
	February	3 466,8	145,0	0,2	3 321,6	2 306,6	1 015,0	2 339,6
	March ¹⁾	3 514,1	139,5	0,2	3 374,4	2 362,1	1 012,3	2 429,5

¹⁾ Preliminary data.

Table H7: International Reserves and Foreign Currency Liquidity

Million US dollars

I. Official reserve assets and other foreign currency assets (approximate market value)	31/12/1999	31/03/2000	30/06/2000	30/09/2000	31/12/2000	31/01/2001	28/02/2001
A. Official reserve assets	2.847,4	2.750,4	3.158,3	3.302,4	3.432,3	3.389,3	3.442,2
(1) Foreign currency reserves (in convertible foreign currencies)	2.616,3	2.268,1	2.477,0	2.283,5	2.567,4	2.356,0	2.480,4
(a) Securities	375,5	556,0	729,1	633,7	802,6	899,7	1.015,0
of which: issuer headquartered in reporting country but located abroad							
(b) Total currency and deposits with:	2.240,8	1.712,1	1.748,0	1.649,8	1.764,8	1.456,4	1.465,4
(i) other national central banks, BIS and IMF	712,3	514,1	454,3	361,9	545,7	523,7	522,0
(ii) banks headquartered in the reporting country							
of which: located abroad							
(iii) banks headquartered outside the reporting country	1.528,6	1.198,0	1.293,7	1.288,0	1.219,1	932,7	943,4
of which: located in the reporting country							
(2) IMF reserve position	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2
(3) SDRs	189,5	184,9	168,1	161,2	147,7	146,7	145,0
(4) gold							
(5) other reserve assets	41,4	297,1	513,0	857,4	717,0	886,4	816,6
-reverse repo	41,4	297,1	513,0	857,4	717,0	886,4	816,6
B. Other foreign currency assets (specify)	177,6	174,7	78,4	76,3	92,5	4,8	24,6
-time deposits	177,6	174,7	78,4	76,3	92,5	4,8	24,6
C. Total (A+B)	3.025,0	2.925,1	3.236,8	3.378,7	3.524,8	3.394,1	3.466,8

Table H7: International Reserves and Foreign Currency Liquidity (continued)

Million US dollars

II. Predetermined short-term net drains on foreign currency assets (nominal value)	31/12/1999*	31/03/2000*	30/06/2000*	30/09/2000*	31/12/2000*	31/01/2001	28/02/2001
1. Foreign currency loans, securities, and deposits (total net drains up to one year)	-932,6	-926,3	-891,0	-805,3	-1.210,8	-1.164,3	-1.496,8
(a) Croatian National Bank	-258,7	-183,2	-249,8	-253,8	-265,0	-243,5	-273,4
Up to 1 month							
Principal	-90,2	-87,4	-148,0	-114,9	-107,6	-114,3	-67,6
Interest	-5,0	-3,6	-4,8	-4,5	-4,3	-3,8	-2,9
More than 1 and up to 3 months							
Principal	-123,6	-69,2	-60,7	-107,7	-116,5	-99,1	-178,2
Interest	-2,7	-2,4	-2,4	-2,8	-2,8	-2,9	-2,0
More than 3 months and up to 1 year							
Principal	-29,9	-14,9	-30,9	-18,4	-29,0	-18,8	-17,7
Interest	-7,3	-5,7	-3,0	-5,4	-4,7	-4,6	-5,1
(b) Central government (excluding extrabudgetary funds) ¹⁾	-673,9	-743,0	-641,1	-551,5	-945,8	-920,8	-1.223,4
Up to 1 month							
Principal	-63,5	-103,8	-87,7	-4,3	-89,3	-2,3	-90,0
Interest	-58,3	-4,7	-66,9	-1,8	-69,0	-13,1	-62,5
More than 1 and up to 3 months							
Principal	-6,0	-14,7	-80,3	-14,6	-93,8	-94,2	-6,4
Interest	-42,9	-13,3	-15,0	-12,8	-77,1	-66,6	-6,9
More than 3 months and up to 1 year							
Principal	-384,6	-371,4	-225,3	-292,3	-497,1	-580,2	-880,0
Interest	-118,7	-235,2	-166,0	-225,7	-119,6	-164,5	-177,5
2. Aggregate short and long positions in forwards and futures in foreign currencies vis-a-vis the domestic currency (including the forward leg of currency swaps)							
(a) Short positions (-)							
Up to 1 month							
More than 1 and up to 3 months							
More than 3 months and up to 1 year							
(b) Long positions (+)							
Up to 1 month							
More than 1 and up to 3 months							
More than 3 months and up to 1 year							
3. Other	-21,3	-9,7		-38,1	-40,7	-30,6	-29,8
- outflows related to repos (-)	-21,3	-9,7		-38,1	-40,7	-30,6	-29,8
Up to 1 month							
Principal	-21,3	-9,7		-38,1	-40,6	-30,5	-29,7
Interest	0,0	0,0		-0,1	-0,1	-0,1	0,0
More than 1 and up to 3 months							
Principal							
Interest							
More than 3 months and up to 1 year							
Principal							
Interest							
4. Total predetermined short term net drains on foreign currency assets (1+2+3)	-954,0	-936,0	-891,0	-843,4	-1.251,5	-1.194,9	-1.526,6

¹⁾ Preliminary data for 2001.

Table H7: International Reserves and Foreign Currency Liquidity (continued)

Million US dollars

III. Contingent short-term net drains on foreign currency assets (nominal value)	31/12/1999*	31/03/2000*	30/06/2000*	30/09/2000*	31/12/2000*	31/01/2001	28/02/2001
1. Contingent liabilities in foreign currency	-869,9	-855,4	-935,1	-955,9	-969,3	-924,7	-943,2
(a) Collateral guarantees on debt falling due within 1 year	-263,6	-226,9	-261,1	-303,9	-296,0	-293,8	-298,3
- Croatian National Bank							
- Central government (excluding extrabudgetary funds) ¹⁾	-263,6	-226,9	-261,1	-303,9	-296,0	-293,8	-298,3
Up to 1 month	-37,3	-6,0	-39,8	-10,3	-48,4	-1,5	-9,6
More than 1 and up to 3 months	-57,6	-36,2	-16,8	-59,2	-11,4	-47,3	-46,3
More than 3 months and up to 1 year	-168,7	-184,8	-204,5	-234,4	-236,2	-244,9	-242,4
(b) Other contingent liabilities	-606,2	-628,5	-674,0	-652,0	-673,2	-630,9	-644,9
- Croatian National Bank	-606,2	-628,5	-674,0	-652,0	-673,2	-630,9	-644,9
Up to 1 month							
More than 1 and up to 3 months	-606,2	-628,5	-674,0	-652,0	-673,2	-630,9	-644,9
More than 3 months and up to 1 year							
- Central government (excluding extrabudgetary funds) ¹⁾							
2. Foreign currency securities issued with embedded options (puttable)							
3. Undrawn, unconditional credit lines provided by:	80,0	80,0	80,0	80,0	80,0	80,0	80,0
- BIS (+)	80,0	80,0	80,0	80,0	80,0	80,0	80,0
- IMF (+)							
4. Aggregate short and long positions of options in foreign currencies vis-a-vis the domestic currency							
5. Total contingent short-term net drains on foreign currency assets (1+2+3+4)	-789,9	-775,4	-855,1	-875,9	-889,3	-844,7	-863,2
IV. Memo items							
(a) short-term domestic currency debt indexed to the exchange rate of which: central government (excluding extrabudgetary funds)							
(b) financial instruments denominated in foreign currency and settled by							
(c) pledged assets	177,0	173,3	72,8	67,5			
(d) securities lent and on repo							
- lent or repoed and included in Section I	-20,1	-10,0		-37,6	-40,0	-30,0	-30,0
- lent or repoed but not included in Section I							
- borrowed or acquired and included in Section I							
- borrowed or acquired but not included in Section I	37,4	286,1	485,5	832,4	685,6	856,8	778,0
(e) financial derivative assets (net, marked to market)							
(f) currency composition of official reserves assets ²⁾							
- currencies in SDR basket	2.983,7	2.885,2	3.196,0	3.378,7	3.524,8	3.389,3	3.442,2
- currencies not in SDR basket	41,4	39,9	40,8	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
- by individual currencies							
USD	1.186,1	1.128,7	1.310,2	1.239,3	922,5	869,6	863,6
EUR	1.405,1	1.425,7	1.644,2	1.909,9	2.453,9	2.372,4	2.433,0
Other	433,8	370,7	282,4	229,5	148,4	147,3	145,6

¹⁾ Preliminary data for 2001.²⁾ Until January 2001: Currency structure of official reserve assets and other foreign currency assets.

Table H8: Midpoint Exchange Rates of Croatian National Bank (period average)

		HRK/EUR	HRK/ATS	HRK/FRF	HRK/100 ITL	HRK/CHF	HRK/GBP	HRK/USD	HRK/DEM
1992		0,340174	0,024304	0,050419	0,020916	0,190597	0,375277	0,264299	0,171018
1993		4,133563	0,305485	0,621058	0,224018	2,433869	5,369428	3,577417	2,155526
1994		7,087400	0,524804	1,079560	0,371475	4,381763	9,166192	5,995300	3,692018
1995		6,757758	0,518734	1,047969	0,321342	4,425311	8,252950	5,229967	3,649342
1996		6,804708	0,513722	1,062735	0,352150	4,404976	8,479850	5,433800	3,614536
1997		6,959708	0,505322	1,056355	0,361942	4,246962	10,081567	6,157050	3,555932
1998		7,136608	0,514421	1,079581	0,366683	4,395149	10,539883	6,362292	3,619321
1999		7,579622	0,550834	1,155501	0,391455	4,738375	11,504100	7,112441	3,875409
2000		7,634973	0,554855	1,163944	0,394313	4,901679	12,529639	8,276819	3,903700
1999	September	7,616564	0,553517	1,161138	0,393363	4,758611	11,763126	7,252575	3,894288
	October	7,636978	0,555001	1,164250	0,394417	4,791597	11,810949	7,128088	3,904725
	November	7,646675	0,555706	1,165728	0,394918	4,765402	11,995839	7,393988	3,909683
	December	7,667716	0,557235	1,168936	0,396005	4,790407	12,215193	7,573963	3,920441
2000	January	7,704981	0,559943	1,174617	0,397929	4,788507	12,440665	7,591486	3,939494
	February	7,729438	0,561720	1,178345	0,399192	4,811082	12,556233	7,841584	3,951999
	March	7,732695	0,561957	1,178842	0,399360	4,818371	12,644582	8,005323	3,953664
	April	7,725391	0,561426	1,177728	0,398983	4,907308	12,918253	8,158377	3,949930
	May	7,695526	0,559256	1,173175	0,397400	4,945350	12,849028	8,508858	3,934660
	June	7,656650	0,556430	1,167249	0,395433	4,904278	12,174320	8,075785	3,914783
	July	7,611087	0,553119	1,160303	0,393080	4,907463	12,201744	8,082124	3,891487
	August	7,575196	0,550511	1,154831	0,391226	4,885028	12,465103	8,353507	3,873136
	September	7,530710	0,547278	1,148049	0,388929	4,913555	12,389037	8,636115	3,850391
	October	7,521939	0,546641	1,146712	0,388476	4,969879	12,754030	8,777919	3,845906
	November	7,552528	0,548864	1,151376	0,390056	4,960171	12,600643	8,828263	3,861546
	December	7,585632	0,551269	1,156422	0,391765	5,009320	12,357001	8,459373	3,878472
2001	January	7,605594	0,552720	1,159465	0,392796	4,974222	11,987261	8,088795	3,888678
	February	7,697274	0,559383	1,173442	0,397531	5,013567	12,152421	8,351871	3,935554
	March	7,695090	0,559224	1,173109	0,397418	5,009254	12,215118	8,443783	3,934437

Table H9: Midpoint Exchange Rates of Croatian National Bank (end of period)

		HRK/EUR	HRK/ATS	HRK/FRF	HRK/100 ITL	HRK/CHF	HRK/GBP	HRK/USD	HRK/DEM
1992		0,964508	0,070357	0,145244	0,054153	0,546218	1,206464	0,798188	0,495000
1993		7,262200	0,540504	1,120052	0,381300	4,471653	9,714800	6,561900	3,801812
1994		6,902400	0,516285	1,052510	0,346500	4,288893	8,784200	5,628700	3,632100
1995		6,812200	0,526742	1,085365	0,335800	4,618693	8,234500	5,316100	3,705900
1996		6,863600	0,506253	1,055662	0,362600	4,098835	9,359000	5,539600	3,562200
1997		6,947200	0,499445	1,050510	0,357700	4,332003	10,475600	6,303100	3,511000
1998		7,329100	0,531546	1,114954	0,377700	4,567584	10,451000	6,247500	3,739700
1999		7,679009	0,558055	1,170657	0,396588	4,784268	12,340257	7,647654	3,926215
2000		7,598334	0,552192	1,158359	0,392421	4,989712	12,176817	8,155344	3,884966
1999	September	7,632555	0,554679	1,163576	0,394189	4,771957	11,926911	7,249079	3,902463
	October	7,640805	0,555279	1,164833	0,394615	4,767515	11,962664	7,315275	3,906682
	November	7,658211	0,556544	1,167487	0,395514	4,779893	12,133838	7,570394	3,915581
	December	7,679009	0,558055	1,170657	0,396588	4,784268	12,340257	7,647654	3,926215
2000	January	7,720042	0,561037	1,176913	0,398707	4,787103	12,743675	7,838402	3,947195
	February	7,730457	0,561794	1,178501	0,399245	4,813500	12,688523	7,982711	3,952520
	March	7,727280	0,561563	1,178016	0,399081	4,853889	12,858869	8,081238	3,950896
	April	7,710201	0,560322	1,175413	0,398199	4,910521	13,318940	8,494217	3,942163
	May	7,683790	0,558403	1,171386	0,396835	4,904236	12,334838	8,286196	3,928659
	June	7,639108	0,555156	1,164575	0,394527	4,910084	12,204998	8,046248	3,905814
	July	7,600773	0,552370	1,158730	0,392547	4,908158	12,369037	8,195787	3,886214
	August	7,559582	0,549376	1,152451	0,390420	4,885029	12,292003	8,509210	3,865153
	September	7,511311	0,545868	1,145092	0,387927	4,924481	12,500102	8,528796	3,840472
	October	7,535421	0,547620	1,148768	0,389172	4,948723	12,994346	8,890303	3,852800
	November	7,567727	0,549968	1,153693	0,390840	5,004779	12,487998	8,773159	3,869317
	December	7,598334	0,552192	1,158359	0,392421	4,989712	12,176817	8,155344	3,884966
2001	January	7,675722	0,557816	1,170156	0,396418	5,048821	12,203056	8,376866	3,924534
	February	7,703111	0,559807	1,174332	0,397832	5,014393	12,157688	8,418701	3,938538
	March	7,680701	0,558178	1,170915	0,396675	5,034874	12,436368	8,722122	3,927080

Table H10: Indices of Effective Exchange Rate of the Kuna

Indices 1995=100

		Nominal effective exchange rate of the kuna	Real effective exchange rate kuna; deflator	
			indices of producers' prices	retail price index
1997	December	107,96	104,89	103,27
1998	September	109,96	108,20	101,51
	October	110,74	108,33	101,74
	November	111,99	108,62	102,68
	December	111,87	108,03	102,41
1999	June	120,40	116,56	108,96
	July	120,56	116,38	108,13
	August	119,41	114,91	107,28
	September	120,33	115,83	107,62
	October	119,92	115,26	106,97
	November	121,40	115,15	108,50
	December	122,56	116,29	109,50
	2000	January	123,07	115,17	109,21
February		124,58	116,54	110,72
March		125,42	116,56	111,15
April		126,15	116,68	111,00
May		127,47	119,04	112,07
June		124,91	116,61	108,32
July		124,45	116,85	107,59
August		125,34	117,52	108,38
September		126,15	118,37	108,32
October		126,75	118,28	108,26
November		127,29	114,98	108,76
December		125,97	113,54	107,66
2001	January	124,42	113,80 ¹⁾	106,35 ¹⁾
	February	126,69		
	March	127,10		

¹⁾ Preliminary data.

Note: From January 1, 2001, the Euro zone related price series include Greece as well.

Table H11: External Debt Structured by Domestic sectors

Million US dollars

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sep.	Dec.*	Jan.	Feb.
1.Direct investments	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	476,5	539,9	562,8	670,4	680,1	1 034,4	1 022,3	1 066,2
2. Government	123,1	134,0	240,7	2 397,3	2 905,7	3 395,3	3 973,0	4 296,8	4 208,1	4 372,9	4 752,7	4 630,2	4 883,4
2.1 Portfolio investments	0,0	0,0	0,0	1 462,2	1 954,5	2 049,3	2 522,9	2 914,3	2 908,2	3 121,7	3 141,2	3 041,2	3 295,6
Bonds	0,0	0,0	0,0	1 462,2	1 954,5	2 049,3	2 522,9	2 914,3	2 908,2	3 121,7	3 141,2	3 041,2	3 295,6
Money market instruments	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
2.2 Other investments	123,1	134,0	240,7	935,1	951,2	1 346,0	1 450,2	1 382,6	1 299,9	1 251,2	1 611,5	1 589,0	1 587,8
2.2.1 Trade credits	1,4	2,6	5,4	12,2	18,1	2,7	3,4	2,6	1,1	0,5	0,1	0,1	0,1
Long-term	0,1	2,6	5,4	3,6	18,1	1,8	0,7	0,6	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1
Short-term	1,3	0,0	0,0	8,6	0,0	0,8	2,7	2,0	0,9	0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0
2.2.2 Credits	121,7	131,4	235,3	922,9	933,1	1 343,3	1 446,8	1 380,0	1 298,8	1 250,7	1 611,4	1 588,9	1 587,8
Long-term	121,7	131,4	134,9	822,9	833,1	1 293,3	1 371,5	1 380,0	1 298,8	1 250,7	1 251,4	1 228,9	1 227,8
Short-term	0,0	0,0	100,4	100,0	100,0	50,0	75,3	0,0	0,0	0,0	360,0	360,0	360,0
3. Croatian National Bank o/w IMF	20,6	126,1	222,5	208,3	231,8	233,9	196,6	192,8	177,0	170,9	158,7	157,6	156,9
4.Banks	1 876,7	2 066,6	2 434,9	1 251,8	2 215,6	2 265,6	1 954,5	1 778,4	1 751,2	1 682,1	1 598,2	1 779,4	1 561,8
4.1 Portfolio investments	941,1	992,9	999,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Bonds	941,1	992,9	999,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Money market instruments	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
4.2 Other investments	935,6	1 073,7	1 435,0	1 251,8	2 215,6	2 265,6	1 954,5	1 778,4	1 751,2	1 682,1	1 598,2	1 779,4	1 561,8
4.2.1 Currency and deposits	151,9	198,3	472,7	499,2	789,9	614,6	537,7	486,6	526,7	532,2	432,8	638,1	423,8
4.2.2 Credits	783,7	875,4	962,3	752,6	1 425,7	1 651,0	1 416,8	1 291,8	1 224,5	1 149,9	1 165,4	1 141,3	1 138,0
Long-term	782,1	871,9	957,0	630,2	1 382,0	1 616,1	1 385,6	1 270,6	1 206,9	1 135,8	1 150,8	1 128,4	1 122,4
Short-term	1,6	3,5	5,3	122,4	43,7	34,9	31,2	21,2	17,6	14,1	14,6	12,9	15,6
5.Other sectors	617,4	693,1	911,0	1 450,2	2 098,5	3 214,9	3 208,3	3 027,0	3 261,2	3 081,2	3 296,2	3 232,9	3 217,0
5.1 Portfolio investments	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	8,7	48,5	56,0	71,5	57,2	38,4	37,8	28,4
Bonds	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	31,1	29,6	29,4	27,3	28,9	28,4	28,4
Money market instruments	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	8,7	17,4	26,3	42,0	29,9	9,5	9,4	0,0
5.2 Other investments	617,4	693,1	911,0	1 450,2	2 098,5	3 206,2	3 159,8	2 971,1	3 189,7	3 024,0	3 257,8	3 195,1	3 188,6
5.2.1 Trade credits	160,4	216,7	356,7	419,2	608,4	441,1	373,8	347,3	348,6	331,2	332,8	316,5	316,4
Long-term	117,9	182,0	268,5	296,7	442,8	323,4	274,3	255,5	256,2	235,1	228,6	217,6	217,0
Short-term	42,5	34,7	88,2	122,5	165,6	117,7	99,5	91,7	92,4	96,1	104,2	98,9	99,4
5.2.2 Credits	457,0	476,4	554,3	1 031,0	1 490,1	2 765,1	2 786,0	2 623,8	2 841,1	2 692,7	2 925,0	2 878,6	2 872,2
Long-term	447,9	464,1	523,1	973,3	1 260,9	2 373,1	2 535,7	2 387,4	2 566,8	2 454,6	2 691,6	2 643,3	2 636,2
Short-term	9,1	12,3	31,2	57,7	229,2	392,0	250,3	236,4	274,3	238,2	233,3	235,3	236,0
Total (1+2+3+4+5)	2 637,8	3 019,8	3 809,1	5 307,6	7 451,6	9 586,2	9 872,3	9 857,9	10 067,8	9 987,3	10 840,1	10 822,5	10 885,4

Table H12: External Debt Structured by Creditors

Million US dollars

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sep.	Dec.*	Jan.	Feb.
1. Portfolio investments	941,1	992,9	999,9	1 462,2	1 954,8	2 058,0	2 571,4	2 970,2	2 979,7	3 178,9	3 179,6	3 079,0	3 323,9
Bonds	941,1	992,9	999,9	1 462,2	1 954,8	2 049,3	2 554,0	2 943,9	2 937,7	3 149,0	3 170,1	3 069,6	3 323,9
o/w: London Club	941,1	992,9	999,9	1 462,2	1 428,4	1 404,7	1 380,9	1 330,0	1 330,0	1 255,4	1 255,4	1 180,7	1 180,7
Money market instruments	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	8,7	17,4	26,3	42,0	29,9	9,5	9,4	0,0
2. Other investments	1 696,7	2 026,9	2 809,2	3 845,4	5 496,8	7 528,1	7 301,0	6 887,7	7 088,1	6 808,4	7 660,5	7 743,4	7 561,4
1. Currency and deposits	151,9	198,3	472,7	499,2	789,9	614,6	537,7	486,6	526,7	532,2	432,8	638,1	423,8
2. Long-term	1 490,2	1 778,1	2 111,4	2 935,0	4 168,4	6 249,1	6 221,9	5 956,0	6 066,1	5 815,4	6 326,8	6 203,7	6 189,3
A) Public creditors	1 047,2	1 202,2	1 340,2	1 889,6	1 867,0	2 196,7	2 162,4	2 113,9	2 148,3	2 047,1	2 230,0	2 183,3	2 178,0
1. International financial organizations	319,6	404,0	493,7	673,1	851,0	1 039,2	1 013,9	983,7	971,9	935,3	1 114,1	1 104,6	1 099,9
a) IMF	20,6	126,1	222,5	208,3	231,8	233,9	196,6	192,8	177,0	170,9	158,7	157,6	156,9
b) IBRD	88,8	71,4	59,6	188,4	294,5	344,1	395,0	402,9	398,3	400,9	411,7	412,6	413,1
c) IFC	2,1	2,3	2,5	0,0	0,0	30,9	28,6	27,6	34,8	31,1	71,9	71,4	71,4
d) EBRD	0,0	0,0	16,2	108,4	171,2	251,3	218,8	194,0	192,0	172,1	296,7	292,5	288,8
e) EUROFIMA	59,6	48,1	38,9	32,8	42,9	72,6	78,5	75,2	79,9	80,6	85,6	84,2	83,5
e) EIB	138,6	145,7	143,7	131,0	108,3	105,2	81,0	72,9	71,8	62,5	65,6	62,6	62,5
g) CEB	9,9	10,4	10,3	4,2	2,3	1,1	15,4	18,3	18,2	17,2	24,0	23,7	23,7
2. Governments and government agencies	727,6	798,2	846,5	1 216,5	1 016,0	1 157,5	1 148,5	1 130,2	1 176,4	1 111,9	1 115,9	1 078,7	1 078,1
a) Paris Club	666,2	709,5	750,6	1 014,1	852,5	884,8	770,8	729,1	721,7	672,1	686,4	656,2	655,3
b) Other	61,4	88,7	95,9	202,4	163,5	272,7	377,7	401,1	454,7	439,8	429,5	422,5	422,8
B) Private creditors	443,0	575,9	771,2	1 045,4	2 301,4	4 052,5	4 059,5	3 842,1	3 917,8	3 768,2	4 096,8	4 020,4	4 011,4
1. Banks	319,6	385,5	486,7	736,0	1 833,3	3 257,5	3 311,9	3 100,0	3 119,9	2 982,4	3 257,5	3 222,7	3 205,8
o/w: guaranteed by government agencies	244,9	301,9	297,3	191,8	167,0	213,7	330,7	337,0	414,4	417,4	437,5	431,9	434,2
2. Other sectors	123,4	190,4	284,5	309,4	468,1	794,9	747,6	742,0	797,9	785,9	839,3	797,7	805,5
o/w: guaranteed by government agencies	18,0	29,5	37,5	21,9	17,6	28,5	17,8	14,8	14,5	12,8	13,7	12,9	12,9
2.3. Short-term	54,6	50,5	225,1	411,2	538,5	664,4	541,3	445,1	495,3	460,8	901,0	901,6	948,3
A) Public creditors	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
B) Private creditors	54,6	50,5	225,1	411,2	538,5	664,4	541,3	445,1	495,3	460,8	901,0	901,6	948,3
1. Banks	10,5	15,7	136,2	278,6	370,1	381,1	246,1	171,1	192,7	156,0	519,5	514,9	516,4
o/w: guaranteed by government agencies	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
2. Other sectors	44,1	34,8	88,9	132,6	168,4	283,3	295,2	274,0	302,6	304,8	381,5	386,7	431,9
o/w: guaranteed by government agencies	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Total (1+2)	2 637,8	3 019,8	3 809,1	5 307,6	7 451,6	9 586,2	9 872,3	9 857,9	10 067,8	9 987,3	10 840,1	10 822,5	10 885,4

Table II: Consolidated Central Government

Million kuna

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000*	2000				2001
								Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4*	Jan.
TOTAL REVENUE AND GRANTS												
1. Budgetary central government	23 142,6	27 980,8	31 367,5	33 846,1	43 808,6	46 355,5	44 635,7	11 132,1	10 244,2	11 714,2	11 545,1	2 953,7
2. Extrabudgetary funds	13 739,6	15 302,3	17 029,1	19 499,1	21 302,1	21 185,5	22 099,3	5 292,0	5 489,6	5 606,2	5 711,6	1 868,2
2.1 Pension Fund	7 165,1	8 720,4	9 584,7	11 022,2	10 713,4	10 799,8	11 254,2	2 716,4	2 828,6	2 854,6	2 854,5	943,4
2.2 Health Insurance Fund	3 775,2	4 558,1	5 196,3	5 824,2	8 269,0	8 686,4	8 967,4	2 170,7	2 267,9	2 258,7	2 270,1	729,8
2.3 Employment Fund	556,7	691,2	676,1	638,3	718,2	760,6	822,4	189,9	207,1	210,7	214,7	69,8
2.4 Child Benefit Fund	689,4	782,1	878,5	976,7	542,8	9,1	7,1	2,1	1,5	2,1	1,4	0,6
2.5 Road Fund ¹⁾	1 117,5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.6 Public Water Management Fund	435,7	550,5	693,5	1 037,7	1 058,6	929,6	1 048,2	212,8	184,4	280,1	370,9	124,6
A. Total (1+2)	36 882,3	43 283,1	48 396,6	53 345,3	65 110,7	67 541,0	66 735,0	16 424,1	15 733,8	17 320,4	17 256,6	4 821,9
TOTAL EXPENDITURE AND LENDING (minus repayments)												
3. Budgetary central government	20 732,4	26 189,3	27 591,9	29 409,4	34 125,4	35 979,1	36 730,8	7 953,5	8 367,7	10 481,4	9 928,2	2 530,7
4. Extrabudgetary funds	14 736,9	17 976,8	21 282,1	25 522,5	30 103,1	34 363,9	37 701,4	8 438,5	9 208,2	10 238,3	9 816,4	2 988,4
4.1. Pension Fund	6 685,6	8 860,7	10 459,8	13 795,1	16 170,4	18 998,5	20 180,8	4 829,9	5 003,4	5 025,1	5 322,4	1 618,1
4.2. Health Insurance Fund	5 255,7	7 083,1	8 357,5	8 742,8	10 776,0	11 919,6	13 918,1	2 826,4	3 409,0	4 326,4	3 356,3	977,6
4.3. Employment Fund	416,1	445,9	676,2	714,1	571,2	824,9	995,5	249,7	254,5	238,0	253,3	82,9
4.4. Child Benefit Fund	665,2	820,6	853,2	1 003,7	1 032,1	1 136,2	1 250,6	299,1	275,3	315,0	361,1	161,8
4.5. Road Fund ¹⁾	1 207,0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.6. Public Water Management Fund	507,4	766,6	935,5	1 266,8	1 553,3	1 484,8	1 356,4	233,4	265,9	333,8	523,3	148,1
B. Total (3+4)	35 469,3	44 166,1	48 874,0	54 931,9	64 228,6	70 343,0	74 432,3	16 392,1	17 575,8	20 719,7	19 744,6	5 519,2
C. Overall surplus/deficit (A-B)	1 413,0	- 883,0	- 477,4	-1 586,7	882,1	-2 802,1	-7 697,3	32,0	-1 842,0	-3 399,3	-2 488,0	- 697,3
5. Budgetary central government (1-3)	2 410,3	1 791,5	3 775,6	4 436,7	9 683,1	10 376,4	7 904,8	3 178,6	1 876,6	1 232,8	1 616,9	423,0
6. Extrabudgetary funds (2-4)	- 997,3	-2 674,6	-4 253,0	-6 023,4	-8 801,1	-13 178,4	-15 602,1	-3 146,6	-3 718,6	-4 632,1	-4 104,8	-1 120,3

¹⁾ In 1995 included in government budget.

Source: Ministry of Finance

Table I2: Budgetary Central Government Operations

Million kuna

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000*	2000				2001
										Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4*	Jan.
1. Total revenue	547,4	8 382,2	23 142,6	27 880,8	31 367,5	33 846,1	43 808,6	46 355,5	44 635,7	11 132,1	10 244,2	11 714,2	11 545,1	2 953,7
1.1. Current revenue	547,0	8 371,2	22 788,9	27 287,1	30 244,3	33 385,0	42 019,4	40 044,6	41 535,0	8 895,9	10 156,9	10 999,6	11 482,5	2 933,6
1.1.1. Tax revenue	502,1	7 891,8	22 377,5	26 505,4	28 530,4	31 338,2	39 899,7	38 317,6	39 939,0	8 651,6	9 868,6	10 458,8	10 960,0	2 764,5
1.1.2. Nontax revenue	45,0	479,3	411,4	781,8	1 713,9	2 046,8	2 119,7	1 727,0	1 595,9	244,3	288,3	540,9	522,4	169,1
1.2. Capital revenue	0,3	11,0	353,8	593,7	1 123,1	461,1	1 789,2	6 310,9	3 100,7	2 236,3	87,3	714,6	62,6	20,1
2. Grants	0,0	0,0	0,0	100,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
2.1. Current	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
2.2. Capital	0,0	0,0	0,0	100,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
A. Total revenue and grants (1+2)	547,4	8 382,2	23 142,6	27 980,8	31 367,5	33 846,1	43 808,6	46 355,5	44 635,7	11 132,1	10 244,2	11 714,2	11 545,1	2 953,7
3. Total expenditure	564,6	8 403,4	22 282,8	28 475,6	30 972,8	34 395,2	41 390,4	47 379,6	49 567,5	10 526,8	11 458,4	13 769,3	13 813,0	3 513,2
3.1. Current expenditure	519,8	7 738,1	20 360,5	25 495,2	25 930,1	29 579,7	34 883,0	38 476,1	44 237,4	9 887,1	10 022,9	11 824,9	12 502,5	3 407,1
3.2. Capital expenditure	44,5	661,3	1 922,3	2 980,4	5 042,7	4 815,5	6 507,3	8 903,5	5 330,1	639,7	1 435,5	1 944,4	1 310,5	106,1
4. Lending minus rep.	- 9,7	- 88,8	316,0	220,6	528,7	611,1	1 161,5	1 499,2	1 176,1	564,3	118,6	318,8	174,4	60,3
B. Total expenditure and net lending (3+4)	554,9	8 314,6	22 598,8	28 696,2	31 501,5	35 006,3	42 551,9	48 878,8	50 743,5	11 091,1	11 577,0	14 088,1	13 987,4	3 573,5
5. Current account surplus without grants (1.1.-3.1.)	27,3	633,1	2 428,4	1 791,9	4 314,3	3 805,3	7 136,4	1 568,5	-2 702,4	- 991,3	134,1	- 825,3	-1 020,0	- 473,5
6. Current account surplus with current grants (5+2.1.)	27,3	633,1	2 428,4	1 791,9	4 314,3	3 805,3	7 136,4	1 568,5	-2 702,4	- 991,3	134,1	- 825,3	-1 020,0	- 473,5
7. Gross fixed capital formation¹⁾	44,2	650,3	1 235,0	1 040,5	1 113,9	1 516,4	976,1	-2 216,9	- 395,4	-1 894,1	677,9	229,4	591,5	57,1
8. Gross capital formation²⁾	44,2	650,3	1 415,0	1 040,5	1 113,9	1 516,4	976,1	-2 216,9	- 395,4	-1 894,1	677,9	229,4	591,5	57,1
C. Overall surplus/deficit (A-B)	- 7,5	67,6	543,9	- 715,4	- 134,0	-1 160,2	1 256,7	-2 523,3	-6 107,9	41,1	-1 332,7	-2 373,9	-2 442,3	- 619,8
9. Foreign financing	0,0	0,0	47,3	686,0	803,9	2 985,9	- 9,1	4 615,1	6 921,5	930,9	920,3	1 833,5	3 236,8	- 506,4
10. Domestic financing	7,5	- 67,6	- 591,2	29,4	- 669,9	-1 825,7	-1 247,6	-2 091,8	- 813,6	- 972,0	412,4	540,4	- 794,4	1 126,2
10.1. From other government	0,0	- 18,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	190,0	- 87,0	- 92,0	- 37,0	- 25,0	- 20,0	- 10,0	0,0
10.2. From monetary authorities	0,0	67,0	- 617,3	396,0	- 152,7	- 354,8	112,4	2,0	- 12,5	- 63,4	- 58,8	429,7	- 320,0	- 247,0
10.3. From deposit money banks	- 4,0	- 106,2	- 63,8	0,0	- 308,4	-1 357,3	-1 638,6	-1 859,4	- 288,8	- 841,7	557,1	160,3	- 164,6	1 473,2
10.4. Other domestic financing	11,5	- 9,9	89,9	- 366,6	- 208,8	- 113,6	88,7	- 147,4	- 420,3	- 29,9	- 61,0	- 29,6	- 299,8	- 100,0
D. Total financing (9+10)	7,5	- 67,6	- 543,9	715,4	134,0	1 160,2	-1 256,7	2 523,3	6 107,9	- 41,1	1 332,7	2 373,9	2 442,3	619,8

¹⁾ Net purchase of fixed capital formation

²⁾ Net purchase of fixed capital formation and net purchase of shares

Source: Ministry of Finance

Table I3: Central Government Debt

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000				2001	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.*	Dec.*	Dec.*	Dec.*	Mar.*	June*	Sep.*	Dec.*	Jan.	Feb.
1.Domestic debt of central government	22.865,2	18.674,1	17.741,2	17.263,0	15.538,4	15.047,8	16.754,6	16.523,4	17.536,8	18.659,4	21.344,7	23.298,3	22.824,1
1.1 Domestic debt of the Republic of Croatia	22.542,3	18.410,0	17.631,2	17.260,7	15.467,1	14.582,9	16.012,1	15.472,9	15.749,8	15.852,8	18.509,7	20.386,5	19.833,3
Treasury bills	-	-	-	272,1	449,6	565,8	776,7	1.079,1	1.915,4	2.844,0	2.564,6	3.194,3	3.752,0
Money market instruments	-	141,6	134,5	254,3	44,0	96,8	153,3	123,6	84,8	29,0	14,2	130,5	17,6
Bonds	21.036,7	17.269,1	16.019,5	16.055,2	14.159,2	13.035,8	13.720,7	12.740,3	12.316,8	11.577,2	14.082,5	13.931,1	13.715,0
Credits from the Croatian National Bank	517,2	250,6	390,1	218,8	-	-	24,1	28,6	34,4	5,3	0,0	0,0	5,6
Credits from DMBs	988,4	748,7	1.087,1	460,2	814,3	884,4	1.337,3	1.501,4	1.398,3	1.397,2	1.848,4	3.130,5	2.343,2
1.2. Domestic debt of central government funds	322,9	264,1	110,0	2,3	71,3	465,0	742,5	1.050,5	1.787,0	2.806,6	2.835,0	2.911,9	2.990,8
Money market instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,3	-	24,1	20,5	20,8	20,9
Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.667,5	1.686,8	1.704,0	1.710,1
Credits from DMBs	322,9	264,1	110,0	2,3	71,3	465,0	742,5	1.049,2	1.787,0	1.115,0	1.127,6	1.187,1	1.259,8
2. External debt of central government	833,4	754,2	1.279,6	13.477,8	18.314,9	21.049,7	29.962,5	34.279,9	33.420,1	36.810,5	38.275,9	38.299,8	40.622,4
2.1 External debt of the Republic of Croatia	....	....	....	....	....	19.920,0	28.598,2	32.629,4	31.667,8	35.009,7	36.190,1	36.180,1	38.156,0
Money market instruments	....	....	....	....	....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds	....	....	....	....	....	12.431,1	18.903,3	23.157,8	23.011,8	26.241,9	25.231,2	25.085,5	27.028,4
Credits	....	....	....	....	....	7.489,0	9.694,9	9.471,6	8.656,0	8.767,8	10.958,9	11.094,6	11.127,6
2.2 External debt of central government funds	....	....	....	....	....	1.129,7	1.364,3	1.650,5	1.752,4	1.800,8	2.085,9	2.119,8	2.466,4
Money market instruments	....	....	....	....	....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds	....	....	....	....	....	372,1	390,6	393,1	388,6	382,1	386,5	390,5	716,0
Credits	....	....	....	....	....	757,6	973,7	1.257,4	1.363,7	1.418,7	1.699,3	1.729,3	1.750,4
3. Total (1+2)	23.698,6	19.428,3	19.020,8	30.740,9	33.853,3	36.097,5	46.717,1	50.803,3	50.956,9	55.469,9	59.620,6	61.598,2	63.446,6
Supplement: Central government guaranteed debt													
- guarantees for domestic debt	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	3.688,1	4.165,0	....	....
- guarantees for external debt	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	12.559,5	12.396,9	12.384,4	12.767,0

Table J1: Retail Prices, Costs of Living and Manufacturing Producers' Prices Indices

Year	Month	Chain indices			Monthly year-on-year indices			Cumulative year-on-year indices		
		Retail prices	Costs of living	Manufactur. prices	Retail prices	Costs of living	Manufactur. prices	Retail prices	Costs of living	Manufactur. prices
1992	December	122,4	125,3	129,1	1 053,4	1 026,3	1 120,9	745,4	694,7	846,6
1993	December	99,5	100,6	98,5	1 249,7	1 225,1	1 175,6	1 616,6	1 591,3	1 610,4
1994	December	100,2	100,9	100,2	97,0	102,5	94,5	197,5	207,2	177,7
1995	December	100,2	100,7	100,5	103,7	104,6	101,6	102,0	104,0	100,8
1996	December	100,0	100,4	100,3	103,4	103,7	101,5	103,5	104,3	101,4
1997	December	100,7	101,2	99,9	103,8	104,9	101,6	103,6	104,1	102,3
1998.	December	100,2	100,7	100,0	105,4	105,3	97,9	105,7	106,4	98,8
1999.	September	100,6	100,4	100,6	104,7	103,9	104,3	104,0	103,5	101,8
	October	100,4	100,2	100,4	104,5	104,0	104,4	104,1	103,5	102,0
	November	99,9	99,8	101,8	104,3	103,3	105,6	104,1	103,5	102,3
	December	100,3	101,0	100,3	104,4	103,6	105,9	104,2	103,5	102,6
2000	January	100,8	101,0	101,9	104,6	103,8	107,6	104,6	103,8	107,6
	February	100,3	100,6	100,8	104,6	103,7	107,8	104,6	103,7	107,7
	March	100,8	100,6	101,4	105,1	103,9	110,2	104,8	103,8	108,5
	April	100,8	100,8	100,5	105,6	104,3	110,2	104,9	103,9	108,9
	May	100,2	100,7	99,8	105,0	104,2	110,1	105,0	104,0	109,1
	June	101,9	100,7	100,7	107,0	105,6	110,6	105,4	104,3	109,5
	July	100,5	100,1	99,8	106,5	105,3	109,4	105,4	104,4	109,4
	August	100,0	99,7	100,2	106,5	105,6	108,7	105,5	104,6	109,3
	September	101,2	101,2	100,9	107,1	106,6	108,9	105,7	104,7	109,2
	October	100,6	100,7	101,1	107,3	107,0	109,7	105,9	105,0	109,4
	November	100,2	100,2	103,4	107,7	107,4	111,3	106,0	105,2	109,4
	December	100,0	100,5	100,2	107,4	106,8	111,2	106,2	105,3	109,7
2001	January	100,1	100,5	99,3	106,6	106,4	108,2	106,6	106,4	108,2
	February	100,5	100,3	100,9	106,8	106,0	108,3	106,7	106,3	108,2
	March	100,1	100,1	98,4	106,0	105,6	105,5	106,5	105,9	107,3

Source: Central Bureau of Statistics

Table J2: Average Monthly Net Wages

In current prices, in kuna

		Nominal amount in HRK	Chain indices	Monthly year-on-year indices	Cumulative year-on-year indices
1992	December	74,4	120,2	681,7	409,4
1993	December	1 073,2	105,2	1 442,1	1 605,3
1994	December	1 646,0	119,0	153,4	233,2
1995	December	1 883,0	99,4	114,4	145,7
1996	December	2 217,0	104,4	117,7	111,8
1997	December	2 544,0	100,8	114,8	116,9
1998	December	2 935,0	104,6	115,4	112,8
1999	June	3 076,0	101,2	114,0	116,5
	July	3 043,0	99,0	110,4	115,5
	August	3 064,0	100,7	112,7	115,2
	September	3 041,0	99,3	111,4	114,7
	October	3 041,0	100,0	108,9	114,1
	November	3 232,0	106,3	115,2	114,2
	December	3 262,0	100,9	111,2	114,0
2000	January	3 191,0	97,8	108,3	108,3
	February	3 179,0	99,7	110,2	109,3
	March	3 303,0	103,9	110,4	109,7
	April	3 207,0	97,1	105,3	108,5
	May	3 367,0	105,0	110,8	109,0
	June	3 329,0	98,9	108,3	108,9
	July	3 274,0	98,3	107,6	108,7
	August	3 369,0	102,9	110,0	108,9
	September	3 303,0	98,0	108,6	108,9
	October	3 369,0	102,0	110,8	109,1
	November	3 503,0	104,0	108,4	109,0
	December	3 499,0	99,9	107,3	108,9
2001	January	3 546,0	101,3	111,2	111,2

Source: Central Bureau of Statistics

Notes on Methodology

Classification and Presentation of Data on Claims and Liabilities

Data on financial institutions' claims and liabilities are classified according to institutional sectors and financial instruments. The institutional sectors are: financial institutions, central government and funds, other domestic sectors and foreign sector.

The financial institutions sector includes following sub-sectors: monetary authorities (the central bank), deposit money banks (DMBs), other banking institutions and other financial institutions. The central bank is the Croatian National Bank (CNB). Deposit money banks are institutions the Croatian National Bank has granted permission to perform banking business services in accordance with the Banking Law, including savings banks during a transition period. Data on DMBs do not include claims and liabilities of banks undergoing bankruptcy proceedings, nor former branches of banks with their headquarters in the former Yugoslavia. Other banking institutions comprise housing savings banks, savings and loan cooperatives and investment funds. Other financial institutions are financial institutions not classified as banks or other banking institutions (for example insurance companies).

The central government and funds comprise government institutions including Croatian Roads Authority, State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank Rehabilitation and Croatian Guarantee Agency, and following central government funds: Croatian Health Insurance Institute, Croatian Pension Insurance Institute, Croatian Employment Service, Croatian Privatization Fund, Public Water Management Fund and Croatian Bank for Reconstruction and Development. Other domestic sectors are local government authorities and local funds, public and private companies and households, including craftsmen and non-profit institutions. In some tables other domestic sectors are divided into following subsectors: local government (which comprises local government authorities and local funds), public and private enterprises, and households (including craftsmen and non-profit institutions).

Foreign sector includes foreign legal entities and individuals.

All data on claims and liabilities refer to balances at the end of the reporting period. Foreign exchange items are reported in their kuna

equivalent at the midpoint CNB exchange rate at the end of the reporting period.

Table A1: Monetary and Credit Aggregates

The table shows data on some basic monetary and credit aggregates, including their monthly growth rates. In September 1999, all the monetary aggregates were revised. In previous publications of the CNB, data on claims and obligations of savings banks were not included in the compilation of the monetary aggregates.

Reserve money has been taken over in its entirety from the Monetary Authorities Accounts (Table C1).

Money (M1) is defined in the same way as the corresponding item in the Monetary Survey (Table B1). It comprises cash outside banks, deposits with CNB by other banking institutions and other domestic sectors as well as DMBs' demand deposits. Money (M1a) comprises currency outside banks and DMBs' demand deposits, increased by the demand deposits of the central government and funds with DMBs.

Broadest money (M4) comprises Money (M1), savings and time deposits, foreign currency deposits as well as bonds and money market instruments (all above components taken over from the Monetary Survey (Table B1).

Net domestic assets are defined as a difference between total liquid assets and foreign assets (net).

Domestic credit comprises DMBs' claims on other domestic sectors, other banking institutions and other financial institutions.

In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics. In April 1999 those banks' share in Monetary Aggregate M1 amounted to 259.3 million kuna and in Monetary Aggregate M4 amounted to 4,035.8 million kuna. Data for June 1999 are comparable to data for July 1999 if Bank placements are increased by 3,513.5 million kuna.

Table B1: Monetary Survey

The monetary survey shows consolidated data from the Monetary Authorities Accounts (Table C1) and DMB's Accounts (Table D1).

Foreign assets (net) are the difference between total foreign assets and total foreign liabilities of the CNB and DMBs.

Notes on Methodology

Domestic credit is the sum of corresponding items from Monetary Authorities Accounts and DMB's accounts. Claims on central government and funds are reported on the net basis, i.e. decreased by central government and funds' deposits with the CNB and DMBs.

Money is the sum of currency outside banks, deposits by other banking institutions with the CNB, deposits by other domestic sectors with the CNB and DMB's demand deposits (item Demand deposits in DMB's Accounts, Table D1).

The items Savings and time deposits, Foreign currency deposits as well as Bonds and money market instruments are entirely taken over from the DMB's Accounts, while the item Restricted and blocked deposits represents the sum of corresponding items from the Monetary Authorities Accounts (excluding DMB's blocked deposits with the CNB) and DMB's Accounts. Other items (net) are unclassified liabilities decreased by unclassified assets.

In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics. In April 1999 those banks' share in total amounted to 4,296.3 million kuna. Data for June 1999 are comparable to data for July 1999 if Claims on other domestic sectors and Other items (net) are increased by 3,513.5 million kuna.

Table B2: Number of Reporting Deposit Money Banks and Savings Banks and their Classification by Size

The table shows the total number of DMBs and savings banks which report monthly to the CNB. Their operation is shown in the DMB's Accounts.

Special reporting requirements applied to savings banks until June 1995. Savings banks were not legally obliged to report on their operations, so that data up to June 1995 only to those savings banks that reported voluntarily to the CNB. From July 1995 on, the data cover all savings banks. In accordance with the Banking Law, savings banks must meet the conditions set out in the law by December 31, 2001, or they will be liquidated.

The table also shows the classification of reporting DMBs and savings banks according to their total assets.

In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks

so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics.

Table C1: Monetary Authorities Accounts

The table reports data on claims and liabilities by monetary authorities. In September 1999, the data were revised, with savings banks being transferred for the subsector other banking institutions to the subsector banks. The whole data series has been revised accordingly.

Foreign assets include the following forms of foreign currency and kuna claims on foreign legal entities and individuals: monetary gold, holdings of special drawing rights, foreign cash in vaults, reserve position in the International Monetary Fund, current account balances with foreign banks, time deposits in foreign banks, foreign currency security investments and other claims. Claims on central government and funds are loans and overdue claims on the budget of the Republic of Croatia. Claims in kuna are short-term loans granted for the purpose of overcoming timing differences between incoming revenues and execution of budgetary expenditures, long-term loans granted by special decrees by the government of the Republic of Croatia, and overdue claims on the State Budget for liabilities to the IMF and foreign banks. Claims in foreign currency was a counter-entry to the liability to the IMF based on the succession of membership in that institution.

Claims on other domestic sectors are loans and overdue claims on other domestic sectors, including banks in bankruptcy proceedings.

Claims on DMBs are credit to DMBs, deposits by the CNB with DMBs and overdue claims on DMBs. Credit to DMBs is split according to the type of financial instruments. Refinancing of DMBs include loans granted within general and selective quotas up to the end of 1993, as well as advances to DMBs for performing currency exchanges. Refinancing loans granted within the general and selective quotas were paid back in their entirety by the end of April 1994. In July 1994, they were formally revoked. Item Lombard credits comprises credits to DMBs for regular maintaining of the day-to-day liquidity, which were replaced by lombard credits in December 1994. Short-term liquidity loans, which have been granted since the beginning of 1999, also serve to bridge liquidity problems. Other credits include interventive credits, special credits for bridging liquidity problems granted in

Notes on Methodology

the past (initial credits, prerehabilitation credits) and due but unpaid credits. Overdue claims on DMBs comprise settlement account overdrafts (until mid-1994) and banks' failure to correctly and promptly allocate and maintain statutory reserve requirements.

Since May 1999 Claims on other domestic sectors include overdue claims on banks over which bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated. Due to the reclassification of savings banks from the subsector other banking institutions to the subsector banks, data for Claims on DMBs and Claims on other banking institutions were revised.

Reserve money consists of currency outside banks, cash in DMBs' vaults, DMBs' deposits with the CNB, other banking institutions' deposits and other domestic sectors' deposits with the CNB. DMBs' deposits are: settlement account balances, statutory reserves deposited on a special account with the CNB as well as CNB bills on obligatory basis. Deposits by other banking institutions are: settlement account balances of housing savings banks. Deposits by other domestic sectors are: other domestic sectors' giro account balances which, on the basis of legal acts are deposited at the Croatian National Bank.

Restricted and blocked deposits include required foreign exchange reserves, restricted deposits and blocked foreign exchange deposits. Banks and savings banks are required to place foreign exchange reserve deposits in accounts at the Croatian National Bank on the basis of certain foreign exchange deposits they hold. Restricted deposits are kuna funds set aside on the basis of court order or legal regulation and deposits of banks over which bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated. Blocked foreign exchange deposits are funds that were set aside in special accounts at the Croatian National Bank for repaying unpaid amounts due to foreign creditors.

Foreign liabilities include use of IMF credits, liabilities to international financial institutions and foreign banks.

Central government and funds deposits are demand deposits and foreign currency deposits of the Republic of Croatia and republic funds with the CNB, and CNB bills purchased by central government institutions.

CNB bills are CNB bills on a voluntary basis in kuna and in f/c excluding CNB bills voluntarily purchased by central government institutions.

Capital accounts include reserves, provisions and the income and cost accounts.

Other items (net) are unclassified liabilities decreased by unclassified assets of the CNB's accounts.

Due to the reclassification of savings banks from the subsector other banking institutions to the subsector banks, data for Currency outside banks, DMB's cash in vaults, DMB's deposits and Deposits of Other Banking Institutions were changed. Since May 1999 including deposits of banks over which bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated.

Table D1: Deposit Money Banks' Accounts

DMBs accounts include data on DMBs' claims and liabilities. DMBs' mutual claims and liabilities are consolidated. In September 1999, the data was revised to include savings banks. The whole data series was revised accordingly.

Required reserves held at the central bank include kuna and foreign exchange reserves. Kuna reserves include vault cash and kuna funds held in accounts at the central bank. Foreign exchange reserves include foreign exchange held in accounts at the central bank.

Foreign assets are the following forms of kuna and foreign currency claims on foreign legal entities and individuals: foreign cash in vaults, deposits with foreign banks (including loro letters of credit and other collateral), securities, loans, equities.

Claims on central government and funds are the following forms of claims in kuna and foreign currency: securities and loans. The main forms of claims on the central government are shown separately: bonds issued in accordance with the Decree Law on the Transformation of Household Foreign Exchange Savings Deposits with Banks into the Public Debt of the Republic of Croatia, and bonds issued in accordance with the Law on the Issue of Bonds for the Restructuring of the Economy of the Republic of Croatia.

Claims on other domestic sectors include the following claims in kuna and foreign currency: money market instruments, bonds, loans (including acceptances), and equities.

The same forms of kuna and foreign currency claims are included in claims on other banking institutions and other financial institutions, with one difference: Claims on other banking institutions also include deposits with those institutions.

Notes on Methodology

The items Demand deposits, Savings and time deposits, Foreign currency deposits as well as Bonds and money market instruments comprise banks' liabilities to other domestic sectors, other banking institutions and other financial institutions.

Demand deposits include giro and current accounts balances and other transferable deposits, minus currency in the payment system, i.e. checks in banks' vaults and checks in collection.

Savings and time deposits are kuna sight deposits as well as kuna time and notice deposits.

Foreign currency deposits are foreign currency sight deposits as well as foreign currency time and notice deposits.

Bonds and money market instruments are banks' liabilities for securities issued (net) and loans obtained.

Foreign liabilities comprise the following forms of kuna and foreign currency liabilities to foreign legal entities and individuals: giro and current accounts, savings deposits (including loro letters of credit and other forms of collateral), time deposits, loans received and liabilities due.

Central government and funds' deposits are all forms of DMBs' kuna and foreign currency liabilities (except restricted and blocked deposits) to the central government and funds.

Credit from central bank comprises loans obtained from the CNB and deposits by the CNB with DMBs. Repurchase of securities is also considered and treated as loan.

Restricted and blocked deposits comprise the following DMBs' liabilities: kuna and foreign currency restricted deposits by other domestic sectors, other banking institutions, other financial institutions, central government and funds as well as foreign legal entities and individuals; and households' blocked foreign currency deposits, regulated by the Decree Law on the Transformation of Household Foreign Exchange Savings Deposits with Banks into the Public Debt of the Republic of Croatia

Capital accounts are share capital, profit or less in the current year, retained profit (loss), required reserves, other capital reserves and provisions for identified and unidentified losses

Other items (net) are unclassified liabilities decreased by unclassified assets.

In May 1999, banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics. In April 1999, those banks'

share in total DMBs' accounts amounted to 5,701.4 million kuna. On the assets side, most significant were: Claims on enterprises (4,378.7 million kuna) and Claims on households (701.4 million kuna). On the liabilities side, most significant were: Foreign currency deposits (3,443.7 million kuna), Foreign liabilities (1,024.6 million kuna) and Capital accounts (854.6 million kuna). Beginning in July 1999, the total amount of provisions for identified losses is shown within the Capital accounts line. Data for June 1999 are comparable to data for July 1999 if Claims on other domestic sectors and Capital accounts are increased by 3,513.5 million kuna. Other items have been corrected by small amounts.

Tables: D2-D12

This group of tables (with the exception of Table D5) represents an elaborate presentation of appropriate items of claims and liabilities of DMBs' Accounts (Table D1).

Table D2: Deposit Money Bank's Foreign Assets

This table shows DMBs' claims on foreign legal entities and individuals.

Foreign assets of DMB's comprise foreign assets in kuna and foreign currency.

Claims on foreign banks and Claims on foreign nonbanks (total and by financial instruments) are shown separately within both foreign assets in kuna and in foreign currency..m

In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics. In April 1999 those banks' Foreign assets amounted to 402.3 million kuna. Through June 1999, some household f/c savings deposits were included in Demand deposits and f/c savings deposits.

Table D3: Deposit Money Banks' Claims on the Central Government and Funds

The table shows kuna and foreign currency DMBs' claims on the central government and funds.

Bonds arising from blocked foreign currency savings deposits are issued in accordance with the Decree Law on the Transformation of Household Foreign Exchange Savings Deposits with Banks into the Public Debt of the Republic of Croatia

Notes on Methodology

Big bonds are those issued in accordance with the Law on the Issue of Bonds for the Restructuring of the Economy of the Republic of Croatia.

Other claims are all other DMBs' kuna and foreign currency claims on central government and funds: securities, loans and equities.

In May 1999, banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics. In April 1999, those banks' Claims on central government and funds amounted to 17.8 million kuna.

Table D4: Deposit Money Bank's Claims on Other Domestic Sectors

The table shows DMBs' kuna and foreign currency claims on other domestic sectors, classified according to financial instruments: money market instruments, bonds, loans and advances (including acceptances and purchased claims), and equities and arrears.

Since October 1994, foreign currency loans can be granted only when DMB's simultaneously borrow abroad in their own name and for the account of the end-user.

In May 1999, banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics. In April 1999, those banks' Claims on other domestic sector amounted to 5,088.0 million kuna. Data for June 1999 are comparable with data for July 1999 if the item Loans and advances under Claims in kuna is increased by 2,904.3 million kuna, the item Shares and participations is decreased by 520.3 million kuna, and if the item Loans and advances under Claims in f/c is increased by 1,129.4 million kuna.

Table D5: Distribution of Deposit Money Banks' Loans by Domestic Institutional Sectors

The table shows data on kuna and foreign currency loans granted by DMBs to domestic sectors, including acceptances, financial leases, payments made on the basis of guarantees and similar instruments and purchased claims.

In May 1999, banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics. In April 1999, those banks' loans amounted to 4,463.3 million kuna. Data for

June 1999 are comparable with data for July 1999 if total loans in kuna are increased by 2,972.6 million kuna, and total loans in f/c are increased by 840.9 million kuna.

Table D6: Demand Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

The table shows demand deposits with DMBs, classified by domestic institutional sectors.

Demand deposits are the sum of other domestic sectors', other banking institutions' and other financial institutions' giro and current accounts balances, minus currency in the payment system, i.e. by amount of checks in banks' vaults and checks in collection. Banks obligations arising from kuna payment instruments issued are included in the household sector.

In May 1999, banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics. In April 1999, Demand deposits with those banks amounted to 259.3 million kuna.

Table D7: Time and Savings Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

The table shows Kuna savings and time deposits by other domestic sectors, other banking institutions and other financial institutions with DMBs.

In May 1999, banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics. In April 1999, Time and savings deposits with those banks amounted to 323.7 million kuna. In July 1999, certain deposits of local government, government, enterprises, other banking institutions and other financial institutions were reclassified from savings to time deposits.

Table D8: Foreign Currency Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

The table shows foreign currency savings and time deposits by other domestic sectors, other banking institutions and other financial institutions with DMBs. Foreign currency savings deposits are all foreign currency sight deposits,

Notes on Methodology

while foreign currency time deposits also include foreign currency notice deposits.

In May 1999, banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics. In April 1999, Foreign currency deposits with those banks amounted to 3,443.7 million kuna.

Table D9: Bonds and Money Market Instruments

The table shows DMBs liabilities for securities issued (net) and loans received from other domestic sectors, other banking institutions and other financial institutions.

Money market instruments (net) comprise DMBs net liabilities for CNB bills, bills of exchange (issued and accepted) and other securities issued.

Bonds (net) comprise DMBs net liabilities for kuna and foreign currency bonds issued, as well as debt and hybrid instruments that under certain conditions may be included in the supplementary capital of banks.

Other domestic borrowings comprises loans received, reported total and classified by institutional sectors.

In May 1999, banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics. In April 1999 those banks' Bonds and Money market instruments amounted to 9 million kuna. In July 1999, certain debt and hybrid instruments were reclassified from Time and notice deposits to Bonds (net). The amount reclassified was 3,513.5 million kuna.

Table D10: Deposit Money Banks' Foreign Liabilities

The table shows DMBs' total foreign currency and kuna liabilities to foreign legal entities and individuals, with the exception of restricted kuna and foreign currency deposits by foreign legal entities and individuals.

DMBs' foreign liabilities comprise foreign currency liabilities and foreign kuna liabilities.

Within foreign kuna and foreign currency liabilities, liabilities to foreign banks are reported separately from liabilities to foreign nonbanks (total and by financial instruments)

In May 1999, banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from

monetary statistics. In April 1999, those banks' Foreign liabilities amounted to 1,024.6 million kuna.

Table D11: Central Government and Funds Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

The table reports total DMBs' kuna and foreign currency liabilities to the central government and funds, with the exception of restricted (kuna and foreign currency) deposits by the central government and funds with DMBs.

Kuna and foreign currency deposits by Republic of Croatia and republic funds are shown separately. Kuna deposits comprise demand deposits, savings deposits, kuna time and notice deposits, and kuna loans obtained from the central government and funds. Foreign currency deposits comprise foreign currency sight deposits, as well as savings deposits, foreign currency time and notice deposits.

In May 1999, banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics. In April 1999, Central government and funds deposits with those banks amounted to 193.5 million kuna.

Table D12: Restricted and Blocked Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

The table shows restricted and blocked deposits by the central government and funds, other domestic sectors, other banking institutions, other financial institutions and foreign legal entities and individuals with DMBs.

Restricted and blocked deposits include two categories of deposits: restricted (kuna and foreign currency) deposits and blocked foreign currency deposits.

Blocked foreign currency deposits include households' foreign currency deposits regulated by the Decree Law on the Transformation of Household Foreign Exchange Savings Deposits with Banks into the Public Debt of the Republic of Croatia

In May 1999, banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics. In April 1999, Restricted and blocked deposits with those banks amounted to 39.9 million kuna. In July 1999, data on blocked

Notes on Methodology

deposits of central government and of enterprises were revised.

Table E1: Housing Savings Banks' Accounts

Housing savings banks' accounts include data on claims and liabilities of the Croatian housing savings banks. All housing savings banks' claims and liabilities refer exclusively to domestic sectors.

Housing savings banks' required reserves held at the central bank include kuna vault cash and kuna funds held in accounts at the central bank.

Claims on central government and funds are claims in kuna on the Republic of Croatia and republic funds.

Claims on other domestic sectors include kuna loans to local government and households.

Claims on banks include loans extended to banks, as well as deposits with banks.

The item Time deposits includes local government and households time deposits.

Bonds and money market instruments are housing savings banks' liabilities for securities issued (net) and loans obtained.

Capital accounts include share capital, profit or loss in the current year, retained profit (loss), required reserves, other capital reserves, and provisions for identified and unidentified losses.

Other items (net) are unclassified liabilities decreased by unclassified assets.

Table F1: Credit Rates of the Croatian National Bank

The table shows interest rates used by the CNB to calculate and charge interest on loans and on all other claims.

Lending CNB interest rates are being set by special decrees of the Council of the Croatian National Bank, on annual basis. Exceptionally, from June 1995 to September 11, 1996 interest rate charged by the CNB on lombard credits has been 1.5 percentage point higher than the weighted average interest rate on CNB bills on voluntary basis (which serve as collateral for lombard credits) in cases when the weighted average interest rate was higher than 16.5%. Congruently, from June 1995 to August 1996 the table reports weighted average interest rate on lombard credits. Interest rate in September 1996 is calculated as weighted average of interest rate applied in first 10

days of September 1996 (according to the regime mentioned above) and fixed interest rate applied since September 11, 1996.

Time series presented in the table contain certain breaches, due to changes in CNB's monetary policy instruments. Consequently, until November 1994, column 4 shows interest rates on regular credits for maintenance of day-to-day liquidity, which were granted based on securities portfolio, and from December 1994 onwards, interest rates on lombard credits.

Furthermore, data shown in column 6 refer, until September 1994, to interest rates on special credits for savings deposits' payments and for payments from households' current accounts, and from October 1994 until September 1997 to interest rates on daily credits for savings deposits and current accounts in kuna. Daily credits, as opposed to special credits, are paid back on the same day. In October 1997, this instrument was replaced by daily credits for overcoming short-term liquidity problems that are collateralized by CNB bills. Since December 16, 1998 this credit is incorporated in lombard credit, applying different interest rate for its usage within one day.

Data shown in column 7 refer, until December 1994 to interest rate on initial credits, and since March 18, 1998 to credits for overcoming illiquidity problems of banks under evaluation for entry into rehabilitation and restructuring procedures and since February 1999, to interest rates on short-term liquidity credits. Since December 1999 data show interest rates on short term liquidity credit over 3 months which is 1 percentage point higher than interest rate on lombard credits. Interest rate on short-term liquidity credit up to 3 months is 0,5 percentage point higher than interest rate on lombard credits.

Interest rates reported in column 8 refer to the use of statutory reserves, which was being used by the banks (in prescribed percentage) to maintain day-to-day liquidity until September 1994. Interest rates paid until September 1994 on the use of statutory reserve funds in amount above prescribed and/or for longer period than allowed are shown in column 9. Since October 1994, interest rates paid on the use of statutory reserve funds are the same as those used for any other failure to fulfill financial obligations, in accordance with the late interest regulations (shown in column 10).

Until June 1994 the same interest rate was applied to funds used above amounts available on giro accounts and to inaccurately calculated or

Notes on Methodology

under-appropriated statutory reserves (reported in column 9). From July to September 1994, interest rate applied to the use of those funds was 21%, and since October 1994 the same interest rates have been applied as for other failures to fulfill financial obligations, shown in column 10.

Table F2: Deposit Rates of the Croatian National Bank

The table shows interest rates paid by the CNB on funds deposited with the CNB as well as on securities issued.

Interest rates paid by the CNB for appropriated statutory reserve funds are being set by the Council of the CNB. Until 7 October 1993, the CNB was setting different exchange rates for statutory reserve funds based on savings and time deposits. Therefore, for that period the table reports weighted average interest rate on appropriated statutory reserve funds (column 3). From 8 October 1993 until the end of February 1994, the CNB paid no interest on appropriated statutory reserve funds, and since March 1994, uniform rate has been applied to these funds.

Interest rates on obligatory CNB bills are set by the Council of the CNB.

Until October 1993, interest rates on CNB bills on voluntary basis were also set by the Council of the CNB, while since November 1993, they have been set at CNB bills' auction sales. Congruently, since November 1993, columns 5, 6 and 7 report weighted average interest rates attained in auctions of CNB bills.

Until October 1994, interest rates on CNB bills on voluntary basis due in 30 and 90 days are reported in columns 6 and 7 respectively. From November 1994 through January 2001, columns 7 and 9 report interest rates on CNB bills on voluntary basis due in 91 and 182 days, respectively.

Since April 1998 column 9, 10, 11 report weighted average interest rates of the voluntary CNB bills in EUR and USD (until December 1998 in DEM and USD), due in 63, 91, 182 and 365 days attained in CNB bill's auctions as a weighted average of subscribed amounts in those two currencies.

Table F3: Deposit Money Banks' Reserves on Obligatory Basis

This table shows data on monthly averages of day-to-day balances of DMB's required reserves with the CNB. Savings banks are included beginning in July 1999, and the earlier data have not been revised.

Reserve requirement (column 3) represents the prescribed amount of funds banks are required to deposit on a special statutory reserve account with the CNB, or to maintain (in average) on their settlement accounts or in vaults. This amount corresponds with the statutory reserve instrument of January 1995, while until December 1994 it comprised two instruments: statutory reserves and liquid assets requirement - LAR (except for the part in which banks were conforming to this requirement by registering CNB bills on voluntary basis).

Column 4 shows weighted average reserve requirement ratio as a percentage of the reserve requirement (column 3) in the reserve base.

Column 5 shows the portion of the reserve requirement banks are required to deposit on a special statutory reserves account with the CNB (until December 1994 this amount corresponded with the statutory reserves instrument, while since January 1995 a minimum percentage of the total reserve requirement banks are required to deposit on a special statutory reserves account with the CNB has been prescribed). This percentage currently stands at 40%.

Column 6 shows the percentage of the statutory reserves deposited with the CNB in the total reserve requirement.

Column 7 shows the total amount of other obligatory deposits with the CNB, including obligatory CNB bills, those voluntary CNB bills used by banks to maintain the prescribed minimal liquidity (LAR), special statutory reserves (until July 1995) and statutory reserves on f/c deposits, f/c credits from foreign banks and guaranties and f/c credits from foreign banks.

Column 8 shows the total reserve requirement as a sum of reserve requirement and other deposits with the CNB on obligatory basis. Column 9 shows the percentage of total reserve requirement in the reserve base.

Column 10 shows weighted average remuneration rate for all forms of immobilized funds (i.e. for all components of total reserve requirement).

Column 11 shows the use of obligatory reserves, which includes use of appropriated statutory reserve funds (authorized and unauthorized), inaccurately calculated statutory

Notes on Methodology

reserves, non-maintenance of the prescribed minimal liquidity, i.e. (since January 1995) non-maintenance of the minimal average settlement account and vault balance (determined in accordance with the calculation of statutory reserves), unregistered amount of the CNB bills on obligatory basis and inaccurately calculated special statutory reserves (until July 1995) and inaccurately calculated statutory reserves on f/c deposits, f/c credits from foreign banks and guaranties and f/c credits from foreign banks.

Table F4: Deposit Money Banks' Liquidity Indicators

The table reports monthly averages of day-to-day balances of some indicators of DMBs' liquidity. Savings banks are included beginning in July 1999. The past data has not been revised.

Column 3 shows free reserves, defined as bank's total reserves (on settlement accounts and in vaults) decreased by the minimal average settlement account and treasury balance, as prescribed by instruments of the CNB (until December 1994 by the requirement for banks' minimal liquidity, and since January 1995 by statutory reserve requirement).

Column 4 shows the primary liquidity ratio as a percentage of monthly day-to-day free reserves averages in monthly day-to-day averages of deposits which constitute the reserve base.

Column 5 shows the monthly average of day-to-day balances of secondary liquidity sources used. Secondary liquidity sources comprise: use of statutory reserves (until October 1994), regular loans for maintenance of day-to-day liquidity (until November 1994), use of funds exceeding those available on the bank's giro account (until October 1994), special credits for overcoming illiquidity problems (initial credits, credits for overcoming illiquidity problems of banks under evaluation for entry into rehabilitation and restructuring procedures), lombard credits (since December 1994), intervention credits for overcoming illiquidity (since October 1994), short-term liquidity credits (since February 1999) as well as outstanding liabilities due to the CNB.

Column 6 reports monthly average of day-to-day balances of CNB bills on voluntary basis in

kuna (until December 1994, this amount is decreased by the portion of voluntarily registered CNB bills used by banks to maintain the prescribed minimal liquidity).

Column 7 reports monthly average of day-to-day balances on CNB bills on voluntary basis in foreign currency (EUR and USD).

Table G1: Deposit Money Banks' Credit Rates

The table contains weighted averages of DMBs' monthly interest rates on kuna and foreign currency loans, reported on a yearly basis. Savings banks are not covered.

Columns 3 and 4 show interest rates on the interbank, daily and overnight money markets, according to information received from Money Market Zagreb. Data on DMBs' interest rates on kuna and foreign currency credits are based on DMBs' periodic reports. Basis for calculation of weighted averages are amounts of credits bearing corresponding interest rates, which were disbursed during the reported month, with the exception of interest rates on giro and current accounts credit lines, for which weighted averages were calculated based on the balance of these loans at the end of the reported month.

Column 5 shows interest rates on total (short-term and long-term) kuna credits not indexed to foreign currency. Interest rates on short-term kuna credits (shown in column 6) also include interest rates on discounted short-term securities (not indexed to foreign currency), weighted based on their face value.

Columns 8, 9, 10 shows interest rates on total (short-term and long-term) kuna credits indexed to foreign currency, including interest rates on discounted short-term securities indexed to foreign currency.

Interest rates on foreign currency credits (columns 11, 12 and 13) refer to credits released in Deutsche Mark or US dollars in a reported month, while weighted averages are calculated based on their kuna equivalent using current exchange rate. Credits released in other currencies are not included in this table.

Relative significance of particular interest rates (reported in the last line of the table) refers to data for the last period included in the table. It is calculated as a percentage of corresponding credit category (to which exchange rates apply) in total credits included in the calculation of weighted averages for that period.

Notes on Methodology

Table G2: Deposit Money Banks' Deposit Rates

The table shows weighted averages of monthly DMBs' interest rates on kuna and foreign currency deposits, reported on a yearly basis. Savings banks are not covered.

Data on interest rates on DMBs' deposits are obtained from DMBs' periodic reports.

Column 3 reports weighted averages of monthly interest rates on total kuna deposits (sight deposits, savings and time deposits) not indexed to foreign currency. Weighted averages of monthly interest rates on total kuna deposits indexed to foreign currency are reported in column 6.

Interest rates on foreign currency deposits refer to deposits received in Deutschmark or US dollars, while weighted averages are calculated based on their kuna equivalent using current exchange rate. Deposits received in other foreign currencies are not included in the data reported in this table.

The basis for calculation of weighted averages is the end-of-month balance of deposits. Kuna and foreign currency time and savings deposits are exceptions; for them weighted averages are calculated (since July 1995) based on the amounts of those deposits received during the reported month. Weighted averages of interest rates on total kuna and foreign currency deposits (columns 3 and 7) are weighted by the end-of-month balances of all categories included in the calculation.

Kuna and foreign currency deposits used as collateral for credit are included, while restricted deposits (deposits used for payment of imports and other restricted deposits) are not included into the calculation of weighted averages.

Table G3: Deposit Money Banks' Trade with Foreign Exchange

Data on trade with foreign exchange between DMBs comprise transactions of purchase and sale of foreign exchange on domestic foreign currency market. The transactions are classified by categories of participants (legal entities or individuals, banks, CNB). Source of data are DMBs periodic reports on trading with foreign exchange, sent to the CNB on a regular basis. The amounts are stated in the Euro (EUR), converted from other foreign currencies using the CNB's midpoint exchange

rate (reporting period average). Other Croatian National Bank transactions include foreign exchange sales and purchases on behalf of the Ministry of Finance.

Table: H1-H5: Balance of Payments

The balance of payments is compiled in accordance with the recommendations of the International Monetary Fund (Balance of Payments Manual, Fifth Edition, 1993). Data sources include: reports of the Central Bureau of Statistics, the Croatian Health Insurance Institute, the Institute for Payment Transactions, commercial banks, enterprises and the Croatian National Bank, as well as research by the Tourism Institute and the Croatian National Bank.

Balance of Payments of the Republic of Croatia data are recorded in US dollars (USD) and national currency (HRK). The balance of payments in both reporting currencies is compiled using the same sources of information and the same principles regarding the scope of transactions covered and the procedures for composing particular positions. Depending on the sources of data available, conversion of transaction values from the original currencies into reporting currencies is performed:

- a) by applying the midpoint exchange rate of the Croatian National Bank on the date of the transaction;
- b) by applying monthly and quarterly average midpoint exchange rates of the Croatian National Bank;
- c) by applying the average monthly exchange rate versus the US dollar when assessing transactions representing the difference between balances evaluated according to the exchange rate applicable at the end of the period.

Exports and Imports are shown on an f.o.b. basis. The basic data source for these items is the Report of the Central Bureau of Statistics on merchandise foreign trade of the Republic of Croatia. The data of the Central Bureau of Statistics are modified in accordance with the compilation method of the IMF: merchandise imports, which are shown in the Central Bureau of Statistics' report in c.i.f. terms, are corrected to f.o.b. (corrected for classification) and both imports and exports are corrected so that the coverage includes goods defined as such in the balance of payments methodology but not included in the statistics on merchandise trade.

Notes on Methodology

Regarding exports, beginning with the first quarter of 1999, coverage has been increased via estimates of purchases by individual foreign travelers in the Republic of Croatia. These estimates are based on the Survey on Consumption of Foreign Travelers in Croatia carried out jointly by the Croatian National Bank and the Institute for Tourism. Regarding imports, the difference between c.i.f. and f.o.b. is estimated on the basis of research studies of the CNB on samples of the largest importers, and the resulting value of f.o.b. imports is adjusted on the basis of foreign payments for repairs of ships as well as supply purchases in foreign ports, as well as estimates of the purchases of individual Croatian citizens abroad, obtained via a research study of the CNB. From the first quarter of 1999 on, estimates are based on the Survey on Consumption of Domestic Travelers Abroad carried out jointly by the Croatian National Bank and the Institute for Tourism. For the 1993 to 1996 period, merchandise imports from the merchandise trade statistics are modified by estimates of imports in duty-free zones (prepared by the CNB), while from 1997 on, data on these imports are included in the merchandise trade statistics.

Beginning with the first quarter of 1999, income and expenditures from transport services are compiled on the basis of data from a new CNB research project on international transport services, with two exceptions: first, income and expenditures from road transport are compiled via data on realized foreign payments, and second, a portion of expenditures on transport services for transport of goods imported to the Republic of Croatia are based on a survey of the largest Croatia importers. This survey is carried out in the context of the reformulation of data on imports from a c.i.f. to an f.o.b. basis.

Income from travel-tourism is calculated on the basis of the Survey on the Consumption of Foreign Travelers in Croatia starting in the first quarter of 1999. This survey is carried out jointly by the Croatian National Bank and the Institute for Tourism. Additional data from the Croatian Health Insurance Institute on health services provided to non-residents is also used.

Expenditures from travel-tourism is, starting in the first quarter of 1999, based on the results of the Survey on the Consumption of Domestic Travelers Abroad, and is supplemented by data on foreign exchange expenditures of the Croatian Health Insurance Institute.

Other services includes data from the foreign payments statistics which related to investment projects abroad, customs clearing services, representation fees, insurance services, postal services and the costs of Croatian representative offices overseas. To this category is added a part of unclassified services which can be explained as a linear trend, as well as estimates of the expenditures of international peacekeeping and humanitarian missions for goods and services in the Republic of Croatia, based on research by the Croatian National Bank.

The income account includes data from the foreign payments statistics on payments on the basis of interest, data from CNB research on income paid from foreign direct and portfolio investment of the private sector, Croatian National Bank data and Payments Institute data on income paid from foreign portfolio investment in the official sector and estimates of the factor income of resident peacekeeping and humanitarian missions in the Republic of Croatia, based on research of the Croatian National Bank. For the period 1993 to 1996, data on foreign direct investment do not include data on retained profit.

Current transfers to the government include data from the foreign payments statistics on the payment of pensions and other social transfers, monetary support and gifts, as well as data from the merchandise trade statistics of the Republic of Croatia on imports and exports of goods without payment obligation.

Income from transfers to other sectors includes data from the foreign payments statistics on the total value of foreign exchange transfers received from abroad. To this is added an estimate for unregistered transfers. This estimate is seen as 15% of the difference between the unexplained foreign exchange inflows and outflows of the household sector.

The foreign exchange receipts of the household sector include the purchase of foreign cash at exchange offices from residents and deposits of foreign cash in foreign exchange accounts of residents at domestic banks. Payments made abroad and income earned through business trips, education and training, tourist receipts and other tourist income are added to this. The total inflow is decreased by: estimated tourist income and estimates of purchases by individual foreign tourists in the Republic of Croatia (Survey on the Consumption of Foreign Tourists in Croatia carried out jointly by the Croatian National Bank and Institute of Tourism)

Notes on Methodology

plus consumption of goods and services by members of peacekeeping and humanitarian missions in the Republic of Croatia.

The foreign exchange expenditures of the household sector include purchases of foreign cash by exchange offices and withdrawals of foreign cash from households' foreign exchange accounts at domestic banks. Realized foreign payments and expenditures from business trips, education and training, tourist payments and other tourist expenditures are added to this. The total outflow is decreased by: individuals' expenditures for goods abroad and expenditures for foreign tourism by residents.

Expenditures on transfers of other sectors is based on foreign payments data on the total value of foreign exchange transfers abroad.

Capital accounts are compiled from data on realized foreign payments by migrants (income and expenditures).

Foreign direct and portfolio investment includes data on those investments from the research of the CNB and data from the securities register of the official sector (central bank and central government) at the Croatian National Bank and Payments Institute. In the 1993 to 1996 period, data on foreign direct investment of the private sector (banks and other sectors) do not include direct foreign debt investment, nor retained profit of the investor.

Other investment is classified according to the following institutional sectors: the Croatian National Bank, government, banks and other. The Government sector comprises central government, local government and local funds. The Banking Sector comprises commercial banks.

Assets--trade credit has been compiled since the first quarter of 1996. It includes advances paid for goods imports by Croatian importers. Starting in the first quarter of 1999, it includes loans with maturities below 90 days given by Croatian exporters to foreign buyers as well as long-term and short-term (from 91 days to 1 year) trade credits granted to the government and other sectors.

Assets – credit includes data on loans granted abroad, classified according to institutional sectors. Data are obtained from statistics on foreign credit relations of the Croatian National Bank, which are based on concluded credit agreements registered with the Croatian National Bank.

Assets--foreign exchange and deposits--banks shows the change in the total liquid foreign

exchange of banks authorized to do business abroad. Assets--foreign exchange and deposits--other sectors includes a part of the net foreign exchange inflows of the household sector which is not classified on the current account, and which amounts to 85% of the unexplained foreign exchange inflows to the household sector.

Liabilities--trade credit has been compiled since the first quarter of 1996, and includes data on loans with a maturity below 90 days granted by foreign suppliers to Croatian importers. From the first quarter of 1999 on, this item includes data on advances granted by foreign purchasers to Croatian exporters for exports of goods, as well as data on long-term and short-term (from 91 days to 1 year) trade credits received by the government and other sectors.

Data on credits received from abroad and corresponding arrears are shown by institutional sectors. They are obtained from statistics on foreign credit relations of the Croatian National Bank, which are based on concluded credit agreements registered with the Croatian National Bank.

Currency and deposits includes changes in those foreign exchange and kuna foreign liabilities of the monetary authorities (CNB) and banks based on current accounts, time accounts, *loro* letters of credit, guarantees, sight deposits and demand deposits.

Changes in the foreign exchange reserves of the Croatian National Bank on a transactions basis are estimated using accounting data on the stock of foreign exchange reserves in particular currencies at the end of the months. In the estimation of transactions in the period from 1993 to the first quarter of 1999, changes in the original currencies were transformed into dollar changes using the average monthly exchange rate of the currency in question against the US dollar. Starting from the second quarter of 1999, the source of data on changes in international reserves has been a Report on International Reserves Transactions compiled by the CNB Accounting Department.

Table H6: International Reserves and Banks' Foreign Exchange Reserves

The international reserves of the Croatian National Bank are shown according to the methodology contained in the Balance of Payments Manual (International Monetary Fund, 1993), and include those foreign claims of the

Notes on Methodology

Croatian National Bank that can be used to bridge imbalances in international payments. International reserves include special drawing rights, reserve position in the International Monetary Fund, foreign currency, and deposits at foreign banks, as well as bonds and debt instruments.

The foreign exchange reserves of commercial banks include foreign currency and domestic commercial banks' deposits at foreign banks. These foreign exchange reserves represent an additional source of liquidity for bridging imbalances in international payments.

Table H7: International reserves and foreign currency liquidity

International reserves and foreign currency liquidity are shown in accordance with a Template on International Reserves and Foreign Currency Liquidity, drawn up by the IMF. A detailed explanation of the Template is given in "Data Template on International Reserves and Foreign Currency Liquidity – Operational Guidelines, October 1999" issued by the IMF.

The first part of the Template shows total assets of the Croatian National Bank in convertible foreign currency. Official international reserve assets (I.A.) show only those types of assets that are readily available to the CNB at any moment for bridging international payments mismatches. Official international reserves include: short-term foreign negotiable debt securities, foreign currency cash, foreign currency sight deposits, foreign currency time deposits which can be withdrawn before maturity, foreign currency time deposits with a remaining maturity of less than three months, reserve position with the IMF, special drawing rights, gold, and reverse repos with foreign currency negotiable debt securities. Other foreign currency reserve assets of the CNB (I.B.) include foreign currency time deposits with a maturity of over three months.

The second part of the Template shows fixed predetermined foreign currency net liabilities of the Croatian National Bank and the central government (excluding extrabudgetary funds) that fall due in the next twelve months. Foreign currency loans, debt securities and deposits (II.1.) include future interest payments on banks' foreign currency reserve requirements with the CNB (only interest payments for the next month are included), payments of future maturities of foreign currency CNB bills, future principal and interest

payments on loans from the IMF, and future principal and interest payments on the central government's foreign currency debts (excluding extrabudgetary funds). Aggregate short and long positions in forwards and futures in foreign currency (II.2.) include future collections (+) or payments (-) arising from currency swaps between the CNB and domestic commercial banks (temporary sale or purchase of foreign currency). The item Other (II.3) includes future payments arising from repo agreements with foreign currency negotiable securities.

The third part of the Template shows predetermined contingent foreign currency net liabilities of the Croatian National Bank and the central government (excluding extrabudgetary funds), which fall due in the course of the next twelve months. Contingent foreign currency liabilities (III.1) include future principal and interest payments on foreign loans guaranteed by the central government, and banks' foreign currency reserve requirements. (The inclusion of reserve requirements in foreign currency is based on the assumption that there will be no changes in ratios or in the base of foreign currency reserve requirements, which comprises household deposits in foreign currency with remaining maturities of up to three months). Undrawn credit lines show potential inflows (+) or outflows (-) which would arise from drawdowns under these credits.

The fourth part of the Template lists memo items. Short-term, domestic currency debt indexed to foreign currency (IV.a) shows obligations arising from the Law on the Transformation of Household Foreign Exchange Deposits into the Public Debt of the Republic of Croatia, which fall due in the next 12 months. Pledged assets (IV.c) show time deposits in foreign currency with maturities of over 3 months listed in item I.B. which are also a pledge. Repo transactions with securities show the value of collateral that is the subject of repo agreements and reverse repo transactions with securities as well as how these transactions are registered in the Template. The currency structure of international and other foreign currency reserves showed the foreign currency structure of the total foreign currency assets of the CNB (section I) in 2000. From January 2001, the currency structure refers to official reserve assets (section I).

Table H10: Indices of Effective Exchange Rate of the Kuna

Notes on Methodology

Index of the nominal effective exchange rate of the kuna is a weighted geometric average of the index of bilateral exchange rates of the kuna against the euro, US dollar, Swiss franc, British pound and Slovenian tolar. The weights are determined based on the average share of a particular foreign currency in the structure of the current account of the balance of foreign currency transactions between July 1996 and January 2000. The year 1995 is a base period for calculating the index. The index of the nominal effective exchange rate is an aggregate indicator of the average value of national currency against a basket of currencies. An increase in the index of the nominal effective exchange rate of the kuna in a certain period indicates that the kuna has depreciated against the currency basket. The index of the real effective exchange rate is a weighted geometric average of the index of bilateral exchange rates of the kuna corrected for the relevant relative price indices (the ratio of price indices in partner countries and domestic prices). Producer price and retail price indices are used, in particular the total harmonized retail price index for the Economic and Monetary Union member countries. Data for the last two months are preliminary.

Table H11: External Debt structured by Domestic Sectors

According to a new methodology in force starting in March 2000, external debt is defined as the total of liabilities of residents, including: deposits of foreign legal entities and individuals (these deposits were not included under the old methodology), loans granted by foreigners with an original maturity longer than 90 days (loans for financial purposes are counted regardless of their maturity) and bonds and money market instruments issued on foreign markets (at face value).

External debt by domestic sector is shown in the same manner as in the Capital and Financial Account of the BOP:

- 1) Direct Investments – include borrower lender transactions that are interrelated by ownership (borrower or lender owns more than 10 percent of the other);
- 2) Government – in addition to central government, this item includes government funds, the Croatian Bank for Reconstruction and Development, local government authorities and funds;

- 3) Croatian National Bank;
- 4) Banks - banking institutions and saving banks;
- 5) Other domestic sectors – consist of other financial institutions (other than banks and savings banks), enterprises and households.

Each sector is further divided into Portfolio and other investments. Portfolio investments include bond and money market instruments. Other investments include currency and deposits (foreign deposits) and Credits. Credits are divided into Trade credits (sale of goods for delayed payment) and Other credits (all other credit obligations).

Outstanding external debt is expressed in millions of US dollars according to the CNB's midpoint foreign currency rate at the end of the period. The balance includes so-called non-reported principal payments (they should have been paid but are not statistically reported as paid) and future principal payments.

Table H12: External Debt structured by Creditors

The Table shows outstanding external debt by foreign creditors valued in the same way as in Table H8.

Table H13: External Debt and Estimated Future Payments structured by Domestic Sectors

The Table shows outstanding debt at the end of the period and the principal and interest payment projection. All data are shown at the midpoint exchange rate of the CNB at the end of period.

Projected interest payments do not include interest on foreign deposits and late interest. Payments are projected at the interest rates at the contracting time and do not reflect changes of variable interest rates.

The memo points out the outstanding publicly guaranteed debt – total and the outstanding debt of the banking sector and other sectors covered by government guarantee. The difference is the amount of the government guarantees issued to the government sector (for example HBOR, Croatian Roads Authority, etc. included in a broad definition of government).

Table I3: Central Government Debt

Data on central government debt are gathered from available data and are not reconciled with the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Croatia. Central government debt consists of domestic and external debt. The sources of data on domestic debt of the central government are the following: the Ministry of Finance Monthly Statistical Review, the official gazette of the Republic of Croatia Narodne novine, Monetary Authorities' Accounts and Deposit Money Banks' Accounts. The source of data on central government external debt is the external debt statistics collected by the CNB. The supplement provides data on central government guaranteed debt. DMBs are the source of data on guarantees for domestic debt, while the external debt statistics collected by the CNB are the source of data on guarantees for external debt.

LICENSED BANKS

a) licensed banks in accordance with Article 37 of the Banking Law (full authorization)

1. BANK AUSTRIA CREDITANSTALT CROATIA d.d. Zagreb
2. BAYERISCHE HYPO - UND VEREINSBANK AG Main branch Zagreb
3. BNP-DRESDNER BANK (CROATIA) d.d. Zagreb
4. BRODSKO-POSAVSKA BANKA d.d. Slavonski Brod
5. CASSA DI RISPARMIO DI TRIESTE - BANCA d.d.
6. CENTAR BANKA d.d. Zagreb
7. CONVEST BANKA d.d. Zagreb
8. CREDO BANKA d.d. Split
9. CROATIA BANKA d.d. Zagreb
10. DALMATINSKA BANKA d.d. Zadar
11. DUBROVAČKA BANKA d.d. Dubrovnik
12. ERSTE & STEIERMÄRKISCHE BANK d.d. Zagreb¹⁾
13. GOSPODARSKO KREDITNA BANKA d.d. Zagreb
14. HRVATSKA POŠTANSKA BANKA d.d. Zagreb
15. HYPO ALPE-ADRIA-BANK d.d. Zagreb
16. IMEX BANKA d.d. Split
17. ISTARSKA BANKA d.d. Pula
18. ISTARSKA KREDITNA BANKA UMAG d.d. Umag
19. JADRANSKA BANKA d.d. Šibenik
20. KARLOVAČKA BANKA d.d. Karlovac
21. KREDITNA BANKA ZAGREB d.d. Zagreb
22. KVARNER BANKA d.d. Rijeka
23. MEĐIMURSKA BANKA d.d. Čakovec
24. PARTNER BANKA d.d. Zagreb
25. PODRAVSKA BANKA d.d. Koprivnica
26. POŽEŠKA BANKA d.d. Požega
27. PRIVREDNA BANKA - LAGUNA BANKA d.d. Poreč
28. PRIVREDNA BANKA ZAGREB d.d. Zagreb²⁾
29. RAIFFEISENBANK AUSTRIA d.d. Zagreb
30. RIADRIA BANKA d.d. Rijeka
31. RIJEČKA BANKA d.d. Rijeka
32. SISAČKA BANKA d.d. Sisak
33. SLATINSKA BANKA d.d. Slatina
34. SLAVONSKA BANKA d.d. Osijek
35. SPLITSKA BANKA d.d. Split
36. ŠTEDBANKA d.d. Zagreb
37. VARAŽDINSKA BANKA d.d. Varaždin
38. VOLKSBANK d.d. Zagreb
39. ZAGREBAČKA BANKA d.d. Zagreb³⁾

b) licensed banks in accordance with Article 36 of the Banking Law (midium authorization)

40. HYPOBANKA d.d. Zagreb
41. NAVA BANKA d.d. Zagreb

c) licensed banks in accordance with Article 35 of the Banking Law (limited authorization)

42. SAMOBORSKA BANKA d.d. Samobor

d) banks not yet licensed in accordance with Articles 35, 36 and 37 of the Banking Law

43. RAZVOJNA BANKA "DALMACIJA" d.o.o. Split

- 1) Bjelovarska banka d.d. Bjelovar took over Trgovačka banka d.d., Zagreb and Čakovečka banka d.d., Čakovec on September 1, 2000 and from this date on they operate under the new name.
- 2) The bank took over Krapinsko zagorska banka d.d. Krapina at the beginning of July 2000.
- 3) The bank took over Zagrebačka banka - Pomorska banka d.d. Split at the beginning of July 2000.

LICENSED SAVINGS BANKS

1. BANICA CREDO ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Split ¹⁾
2. GOSPODARSKA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Vrbovec ¹⁾
3. KRAPINSKA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Krapina
4. KRIŽEVAČKA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Križevci
5. MARVIL ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Zagreb
6. MEĐIMURSKA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Čakovec ¹⁾
7. PRIMORSKA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Rijeka ¹⁾
8. PRVA OBRTNIČKA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Zagreb ¹⁾
9. SLAVONSKA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Zagreb
10. ŠTEDIONICA BROD d.d. Slavonski Brod ¹⁾
11. ŠTEDIONICA DORA d.d. Zagreb ¹⁾
12. ŠTEDIONICA MORE d.d. Zagreb ¹⁾
13. ŠTEDIONICA SA-GA d.d. Zagreb ¹⁾
14. ŠTEDIONICA SONIC d.d. Zagreb ¹⁾
15. ŠTEDIONICA SPLITSKO-DALMATINSKA d.d. Split ¹⁾
16. ŠTEDIONICA ZAGIŠTED d.d. Zagreb
17. ŠTEDIONICA ZLATNI VRUTAK d.d. Zagreb
18. TRGOVAČKA ŠTEDIONICA d.o.o. Zagreb
19. VARAŽDINSKA ŠTEDIONICA KOVANICA d.d. Varaždin ¹⁾²⁾
20. ViD ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Zagreb ¹⁾

LICENSED HOUSING SAVINGS BANKS

1. HRVATSKA STAMBENA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Varaždin

2. PRVA STAMBENA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Zagreb
3. RAIFFEISEN STAMBENA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Zagreb
4. WÜSTENROT STAMBENA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Zagreb

¹⁾ Operating license includes collection of household foreign exchange savings and exchange operations.

²⁾ The savings bank took over Štedionica Zlatica d.d. Zagreb on the January 19, 2001.

OTHER LICENSED INSTITUTIONS WITH FULL AUTHORIZATION

1. HRVATSKA BANKA ZA OBNOVU I RAZVITAK Zagreb

REPRESENTATIVE OFFICES OF FOREIGN BANKS

1. BANK FÜR KÄRNTEN UND STEIERMARK AG, Zagreb
2. CASSA DI RISPARMIO DI UDINE E PORDENONE SPA, Zagreb
3. COMMERZ BANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, Zagreb
4. DEUTSCHE BANK AG, Zagreb
5. KREDITNA BANKA d.d. TUZLA, Zagreb
6. LHB INTERNATIONALE HANDELSBANK AG, Zagreb

BANKS AND SAVINGS BANKS UNDER BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS

Name of bank/savings bank	Date of bankruptcy proceedings initiation
1. ADRIA ŠTEDIONICA d.o.o. Zagreb	12/10/2000
2. AGROOBRТNIČKA BANKA d.d. Zagreb	14/06/2000
3. CIBALAE BANKA d.d. Vinkovci	20.10.2000.
4. GLUMINA BANKA d.d. Zagreb	30/04/1999
5. GRADSKA BANKA d.d. Osijek	03/05/1999
6. GRAĐANSKA ŠTEDIONICA d.o.o. Karlovac	03/11/1998
7. HRVATSKO GOSPODARSKA BANKA d.d. Zagreb	19/04/2000
8. ILIRIJA BANKA d.d. Zagreb	06/04/1999
9. INVEST ŠTEDIONICA d.o.o. Zagreb	30/06/1999
10. KOMERCIJALNA BANKA d.d. Zagreb	30/04/1999
11. NERETVANSKO GOSPODARSKA BANKA d.d. Ploče	10/05/1999
12. PROMDEI BANKA d.d. Zagreb	22/12/1999
13. ŠTEDIONICA DUGI POGLED d.o.o Zagreb	19/01/2001
14. TRGOVAČKO-TURISTIČKA BANKA d.d. Split	08/09/2000
15. VUKOVARSKA BANKA d.d. Vukovar	25/02/1998
16. ŽUPANJSKA BANKA d.d. Županja	03/05/1999

BANKS AND SAVINGS BANKS WHOSE LICENSE WAS REVOKED

Name of bank/savings bank	Date of revoking operating license
1. ALPE JADRAN BANKA d.d. Split	06/12/2000
2. GOLD ŠTEDIONICA d.o.o. Split	03/22/2000
3. HIBIS ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Zagreb	07/03/2001
4. INVESTICIJSKO-KOMERCIJALNA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Zagreb	03/22/2000
5. KAPTOL BANKA d.d. Zagreb	07/03/2001
6. ŠTEDIONICA GROŠ BANAK d.o.o. Zagreb	06/12/2000
7. ŠTEDIONICA MEDITERAN d.o.o. Split	03/22/2000
8. ŠTEDIONICA ZA RAZVOJ I OBNOVU d.o.o. Zagreb	03/22/2000
9. ZAGREBAČKA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Zagreb	03/22/2000

MANAGEMENT OF THE CROATIAN NATIONAL BANK

MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL OF THE CROATIAN NATIONAL BANK

Chairman of the Council

Željko Rohatinski

Boris Vujčić

Relja Martić

Tomislav Presečan

Čedo Maletić

Branko Vukmir

Silvije Orsag

Mate Babić

Sandra Švaljek

Alen Belullo

Branimir Lokin

Damir Novotny

Božidar Jelčić

MANAGEMENT OF THE CNB

Željko Rohatinski, Governor

Boris Vujčić, Deputy Governor

Relja Martić, Vice Governor

Tomislav Presečan, Vice Governor

Čedo Maletić, Vice Governor

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Research and Statistics Area – Ljubinko Jankov

Area of Central Banking Operation – Adolf Matejka

International Financial Relations Area - Jadranka Granić

Area of Control and Supervision – Marija Mijatović

Planning, Analysis and Accounting Area -

Payment Operations Area –

Organization Planning and Information Technology Area - Petar Ćurković

Legal, Human Resources and General Services Area -

List of Abbreviation & Symbols

acc.	- account
CNB	- Croatian National Bank
GDP	- gross domestic product
Gov.	- Government
DMB	- deposit money bank
dep.	- deposit
Q	- quarterly
CBS	- Central Bureau of Statistics
manufactur.	- manufacturer
o.w.	- of which
IMF	- International Monetary Fund
res.	- reserve
sett.	- settlement
SNA	- System of National Accounts
prod.	- producers
RR	- reserve requirement
f/c	- foreign currency

Abbreviations for Currency

HRK	- Croatian kuna
ATS	- Austrian schilling
FRF	- French franc
DEM	- German mark
CHF	- Swiss franc
GBP	- British pound
ITL	- Italian lira
USD	- US dollar
SIT	- Slovenian tolar
EUR	- euro

Symbols

—	no entry
....	data not available
0	value is less than 0.5 of the unit of measure being used
Ø	average
¹⁾	indicates a note beneath the table
*	corrected data
()	incomplete or insufficiently verified data