

CROATIAN NATIONAL BANK

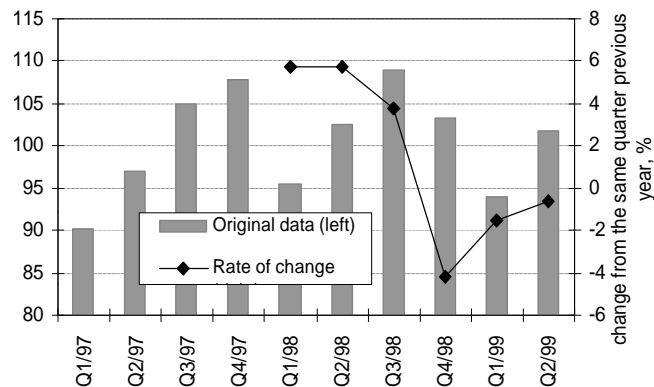
B U L L E T I N

No. 44 - DECEMBER 1999

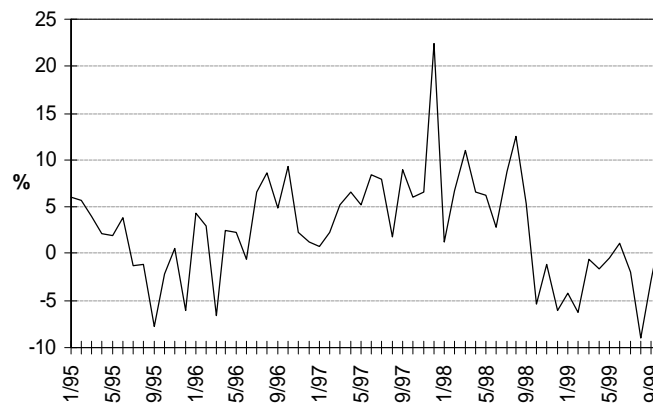
REAL SECTOR

Although most of the indicators of activity followed by the Bulletin point to a further downward trend in domestic supply, or at best, a slowdown of its fall in the last months, industrial production in October increased by 2.6% compared to the same month last year. Along with the June increase, this is the second increase of industrial production this year compared to last year. An encouraging fact is that the October production growth results from processing industry growth of 2.9% and a less significant mining and extraction industry growth of 9.3%. However, in the period from January to October, industrial production decreased by 2.3% compared to the same period last year. The October growth somewhat alleviated the nine-month production fall of 2.8%. The October growth of industrial production also reduced the cumulative decrease in processing industry output from 5.0% for the first nine months to 4.2% for the first ten months. Processing industry growth results mostly from growth in three areas: 36.0% growth in chemicals production (chemicals grew by 34.6% in September, marking the beginning of this industry's recovery after months of sharp decline), 5.4% growth in the production of other non-metallic mineral products (following a substantial 10% fall in the first six months recovery started, reducing the fall for the first nine months to 3.3%) and 1.6% growth in the production of metal products (production in this area fluctuated during the year; however, a slight decrease took place in the January-October period compared to the same period last year).

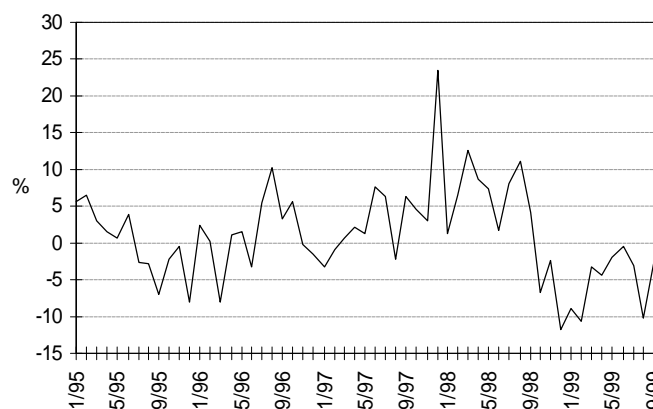
QUARTERLY GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT,
At constant prices (1997=100)



MANUFACTURING PRODUCTION INDEX
Change from the same month previous year



PROCESSING INDUSTRY
Change from the same month previous year



The October growth can also to a lesser degree (lesser because of smaller shares in GDP, not because of their growth rates) be attributed to growth in electric machines and appliances production (5.6%), production of other transportation devices (22.5%), production of furniture (11.2%) and oil production and refining (7.4%). Three of these four industrial branches (all except the production of furniture) grew in the period from January to October compared to the same period last year. This indicates that these were not sporadic monthly movements but rather continuous growth trends in these areas.

Looking at total industrial production and its major branches, a positive trend can be observed in the production of intermediate goods, the largest of the branches. High growth rates achieved in this sector in September and October compensate for significant decreases in the first few months of the year.

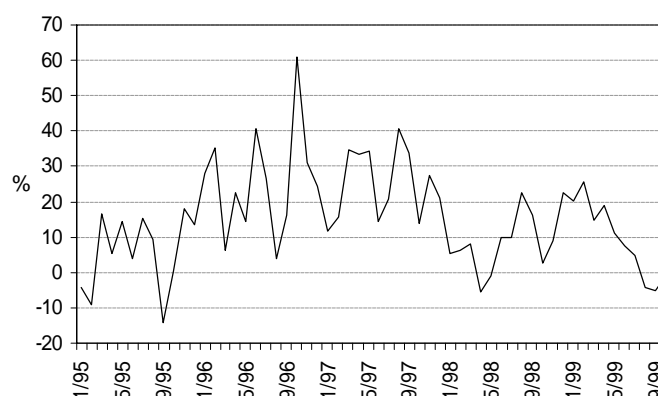
By contrast the production of non-durable consumer goods and capital goods decreased by 6.9% in the first ten months or 8.3% compared to the same period last year.

Retail trade turnover in real terms continued to fall but at a somewhat lower pace. In the first nine months of 1999, turnover decreased by 7.6% in real terms compared to the same period last year.

Turnover of some retail trade activities listed in the National Classification of Economic Activities such as motor fuel and lubricants, specialized food stores, and bookstores and stationers grew as well.

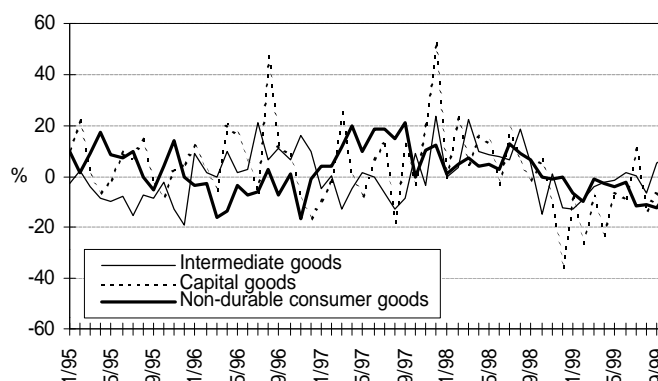
ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER SUPPLY

Change from the same month previous year



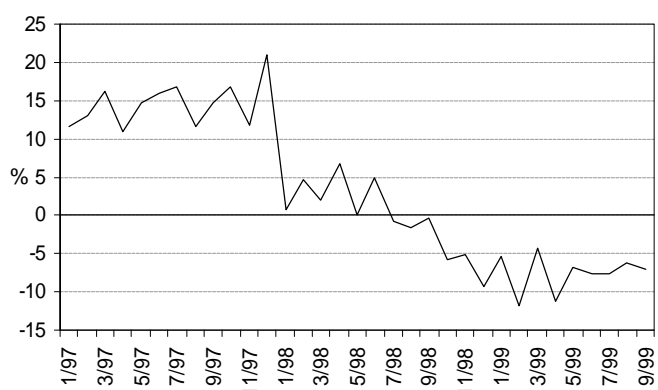
INDEX OF PRODUCTION VOLUME IN INDUSTRY BY MAIN INDUSTRIAL GROUPS

Change from the same month previous year



REAL RETAIL TURNOVER

Change from the same month previous year

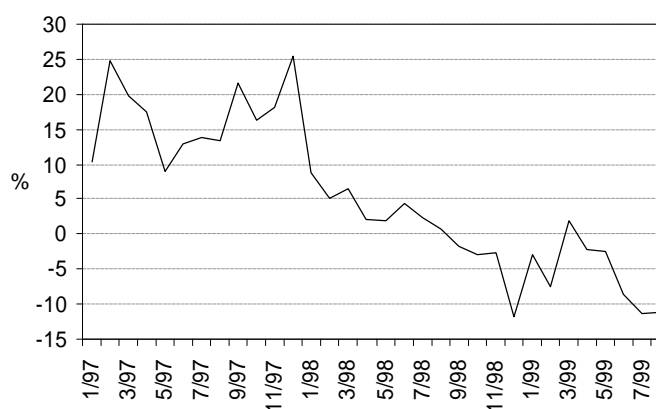


According to August data (the most recent available), the volume of construction projects decreased by 5.7% compared to the first eight months of last year. Passenger transportation decreased in the first nine months of this year by 13.7%, compared to the same period last year. In the nine-month period, the volume of goods transported was 10.0% below the level achieved in the same period last year. The volume of mail services also dropped in the first nine months, compared to the same period of 1998. Letter services fell by 2.4% and parcel services by 20.9%. The volume of telecom services also declined, compared to the first nine months of last year, due to a decrease in telephone impulses of 0.5%.

Tourist arrivals in the first nine months decreased by 14.0%, compared to the same period of 1998, while the number of night-stays fell by 15.6%. Domestic tourist night-stays were 1.7% and foreign 18.2% below last year's levels. An average of 5.8 night-stays per arrival was achieved, with German tourists topping this average with 8.7 night-stays. The number of night-stays fell by over 15% in the first ten months of the year compared to the same period last year in all counties except Splitsko-Dalmatinska county.

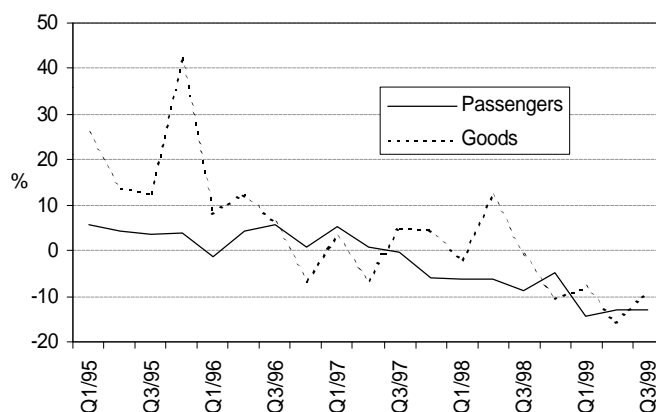
VOLUME OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

Change from the same month previous year



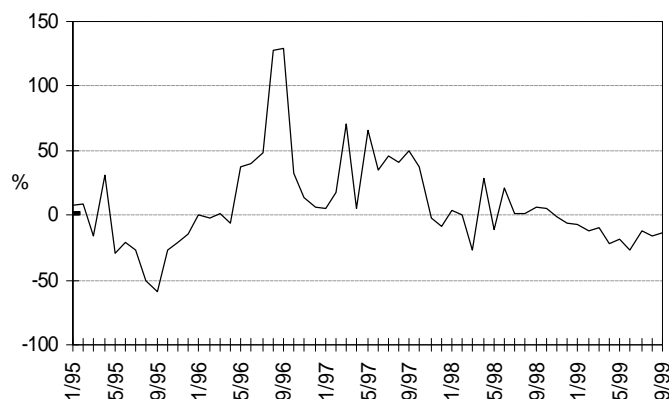
TRANSPORT OF PASSENGERS AND GOODS

Change from the same quarter previous year



TOURISM - OVERNIGHT STAYS

Change from the same month previous year

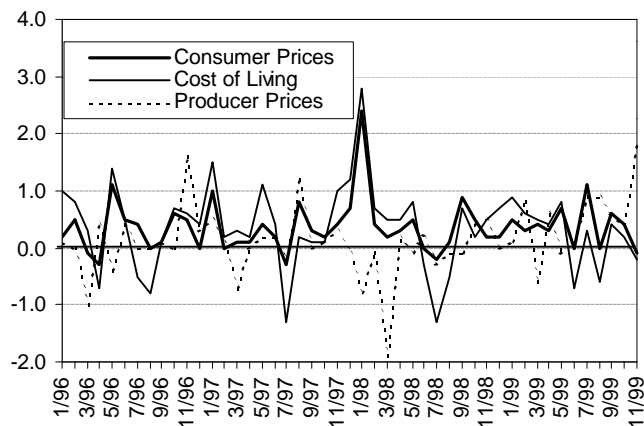


PRICES

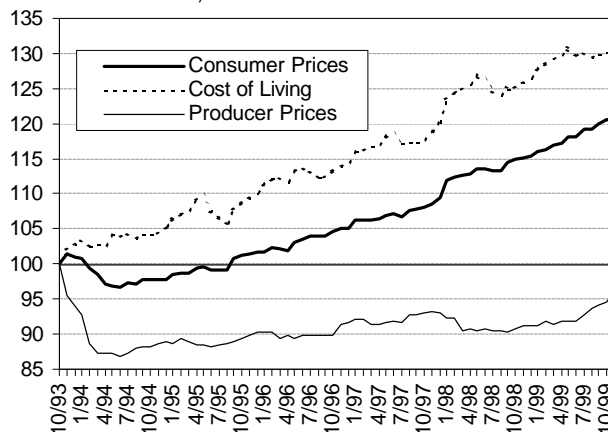
Compared to October 1999, retail prices and the cost of living fell in November by 0.1%, and 0.2% respectively according to the Central Bureau of Statistics. The annual rate of inflation in Croatia was 4.3%, measured by the change in retail prices, and 3.3%, measured by the growth in cost of living. Retail prices were influenced, on one hand, by the introduction of the zero VAT rate on bread, milk, certain medicines, orthopedic aids and books, and on the other hand, by the increase in excises on tobacco and luxury goods. Thus, the sharpest decrease occurred in industrial foodstuffs' prices (by 2.2%), and the sharpest increase occurred in the prices of tobacco products (by 11.4%). Despite the seasonally common growth in agricultural products' prices--6.3% on average--the prices of all foodstuffs fell by 1.3%. Apart from administrative measures, the drop in agricultural products' prices was probably in part the result of stronger competition caused by the entrance of the world-famous chain stores into the Croatian market.

However, industrial products' prices grew exceptionally fast in November, by 1.8% compared to this year's average monthly growth of 0.4%. This growth, mainly the result of seasonal effects, was stimulated by an increase in electricity prices for economic subjects due to the introduction of the approximately 30% higher winter tariff. The prices of petroleum products, which are regulated in an administrative manner, have not changed significantly although there has been a substantial increase both in prices on the world oil market and in the USD/HRK exchange rate.

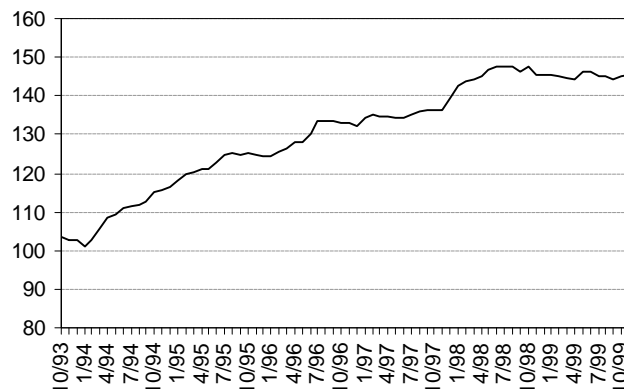
CONSUMER PRICES, PRODUCER PRICES, COST OF LIVING, monthly changes



INDEX OF CONSUMER PRICES, PRODUCER PRICES, COST OF LIVING, 10/93=100



RELATIVE PRICE INDEX FOR NON-TRADABLE GOODS, prices of services relative to good prices, 1992=100

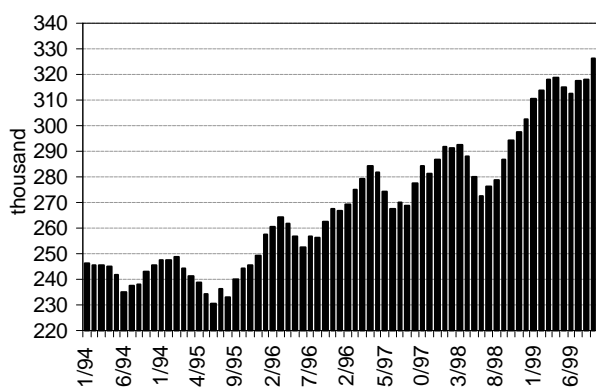


EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES

Registered unemployment increased by 6,929 in October, reaching a total of 333,435 at the end of the month. This was 2.1% higher than in the preceding month. The increase in unemployment is only slightly larger than the decrease in employment in the same month. The employment decreased by 6,785 (or 0.5%) compared to September. In the first ten months of this year, registered unemployment increased by 33,184 (or 11.6%), while employment decreased, on average, by 46,298 (or 3.3%) compared to the same period last year. As a result of these trends, the active population increased in October by 144 persons, while in the first ten months of this year the active population decreased by 13,114 persons (or 0.8%) compared to the same period last year. The somewhat sharper employment decline in the last two months was due mainly to a decrease in the number of active insured craftsmen and farmers. This can be explained by more rigorous collection of contributions from these two categories of employed persons. At the end of October the unemployment rate stood at 20.1%, an increase of 2.1% compared to the same month last year.

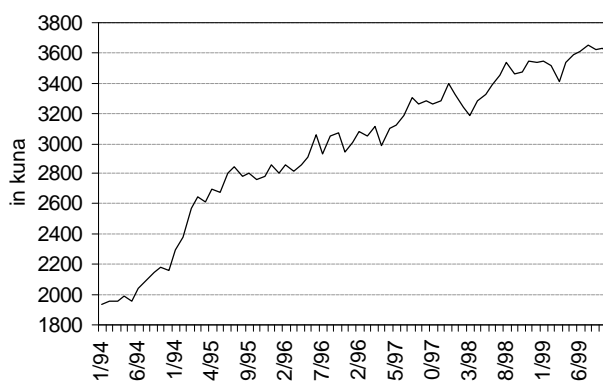
The average nominal net wage in October was HRK 3,041, which is 0.8% higher in nominal terms and 0.7% lower in real terms than in the previous month. Net wages in the first ten months of this year increased on average by 14.8% in nominal terms and 10.7% in real terms compared to the same period last year. The net wage bill in the first nine months of this year amounted to HRK 24.4 billion, an increase of 7.7% in nominal and 3.9% in real terms, compared to last year.

THE UNEMPLOYED



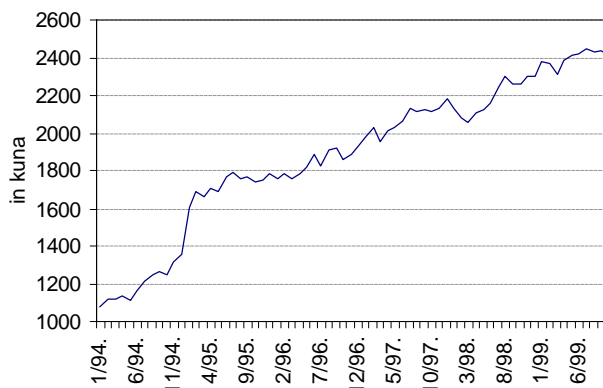
REAL AVERAGE GROSS WAGE

Constant prices, January 1994



REAL AVERAGE NET WAGE

Constant prices, January 1994



MONETARY DEVELOPMENTS

The October data on monetary developments¹ show the effects of the privatization of Hrvatske Telekomunikacije (state telecom firm). As a result, the net foreign assets of the banking system have increased significantly, while claims on the central government have decreased. Bank lending and total liquid assets grew slightly.

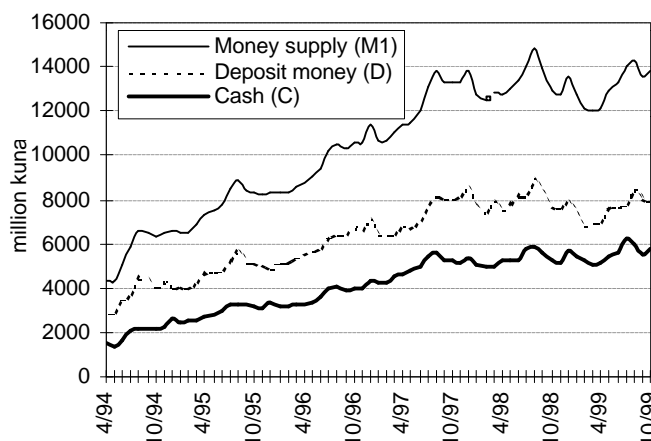
The money supply increased by HRK 0.26 billion (or 1.9%) in October, continuing the trend of moderate monthly growth. It was caused by a HRK 0.29 billion increase in currency in circulation, while deposit money shrank by HRK 0.03 billion.

However, it seems that the indications of deposit money recovery perceived last month were more seasonally caused exceptions than signs of more rapid growth in economic activities and improvement in enterprise liquidity. In addition, exceptionally good government liquidity in October had a positive effect on banks, especially on their foreign exchange reserves. Nevertheless, liquidity, measured by movements in the deposit money, did not improve.

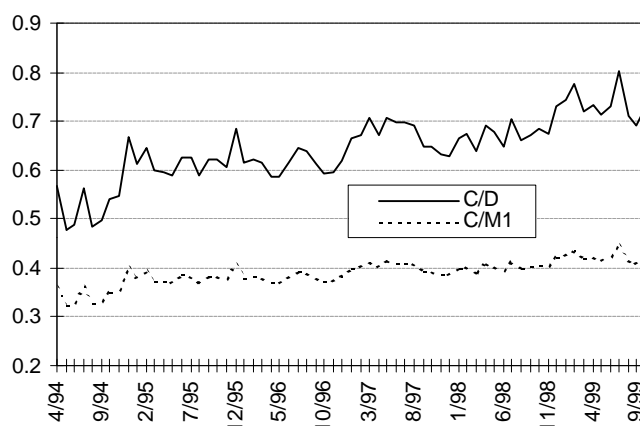
Quasi-money grew by HRK 0.4 billion (or 1.0%) in October. Compared to the previous month, foreign currency deposits increased by HRK 0.3bn and kuna deposits by HRK 0.1 billion. Kuna and foreign currency savings deposits with domestic banks have been increasing at moderate but stable rates over the last three months. In these months, foreign currency deposits grew by HRK 0.33 billion (0.9%) per month on average, while kuna deposits grew by HRK 0.16 billion (3%). Such growth indicates that the banking system has been stabilized, and confidence has been restored.

In October, as in September, bank lending rose by HRK 0.1 billion. The provisional data do not show the distribution of bank lending by sectors.

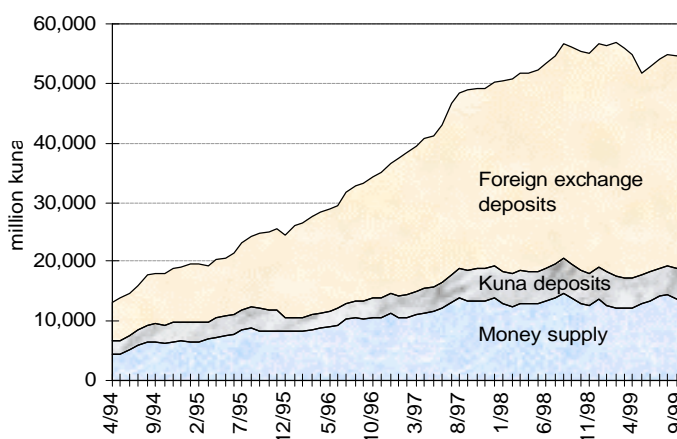
MONEY SUPPLY



CASH TO DEPOSIT RATIO (C/D) AND SHARE OF CASH IN MONEY SUPPLY (C/M1)



MONETARY AGGREGATE M4



Note: The decrease of f/e deposits from 37.4 billion kuna in April 1999 to 34 billion kuna in May 1999, is due to exclusion of bankrupt banks from the monetary statistics.

¹ This text is based only on preliminary data for October, which was all that was available at the time of writing.

However, whatever the exact distribution of increased bank lending by sectors, it is clear that only a very modest rise in lending to the private sector has occurred. Even the decrease in lending to the central government and funds did not lead to any significant increase in lending to households and enterprises.

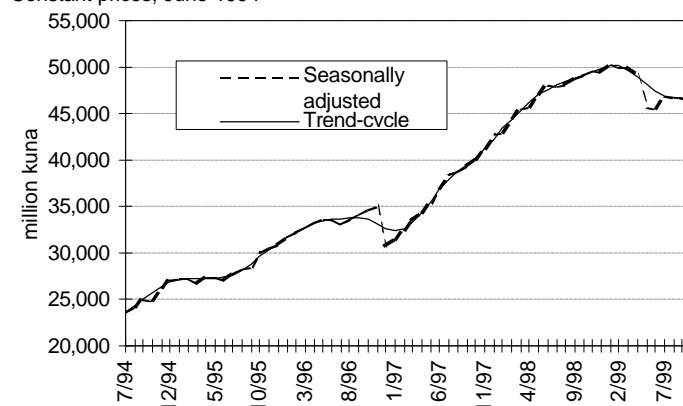
The improvement in liquidity, brought about by the sudden inflow of proceeds from the October sale of 35% of the shares of the telecom company, can be seen in a whole range of indicators. Consequently, the money market interest rate fell significantly after the inflows; the utilization of Lombard loans was negligible and the repurchase of CNB bills came to a standstill. It seems that this had no influence on the enterprise sector liquidity. However, the monetary data, submitted to the CNB with a monthly delay, will show the full effect of the inflow. The government used the inflow to decrease its liabilities to the banking sector by HRK 0.6 billion (of which, the repayment of debt to the central bank amounted to HRK 0.3 billion), and to increase its deposits with banks. However, there was no liquidity transmission to the enterprise sector, at least in October. The government did not settle a substantial amount of its outstanding liabilities to the private sector, but instead gave priority to its current liabilities to budget users. It is not impossible that the November monetary data will show a different picture. The liquidity of the State Treasury in October was striking and easily observable, as well as its transmission to the banking sector. But this was accompanied by a further stagnation in enterprise liquidity.

Net foreign assets of the banking system grew substantially in October, but only on the basis of growth in assets held at the central bank. Foreign assets and liabilities of commercial banks did not change considerably compared to September.

The expected seasonal increase in purchases of foreign currency from the central bank occurred in the last quarter of 1999.

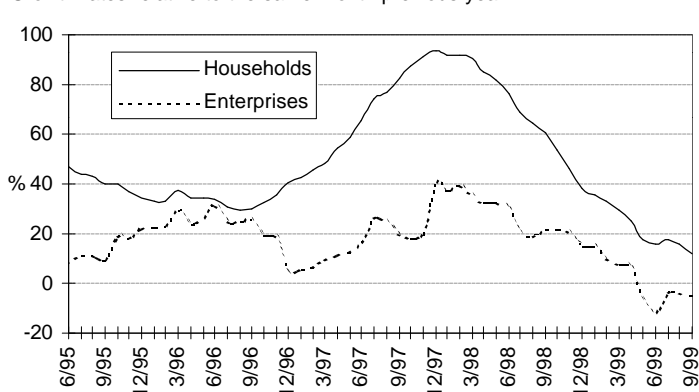
DMB's DOMESTIC CREDITS

Constant prices, June 1994



CREDITS TO HOUSEHOLDS AND ENTERPRISES

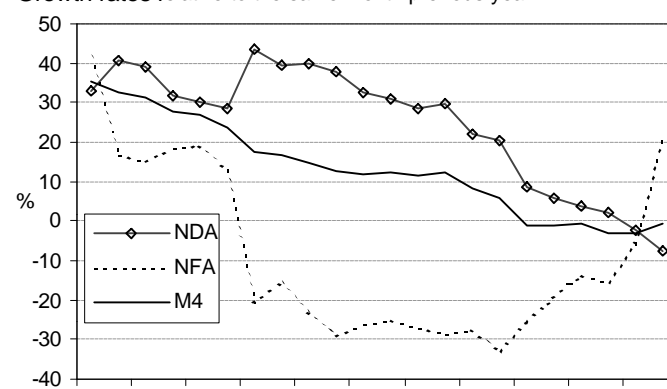
Growth rates relative to the same month previous year



Note: The decrease of credits in May 1999 is due to exclusion of bankrupt banks from the monetary statistics.

NET DOMESTIC ASSETS, NET FOREIGN ASSETS AND M4

Growth rates relative to the same month previous year



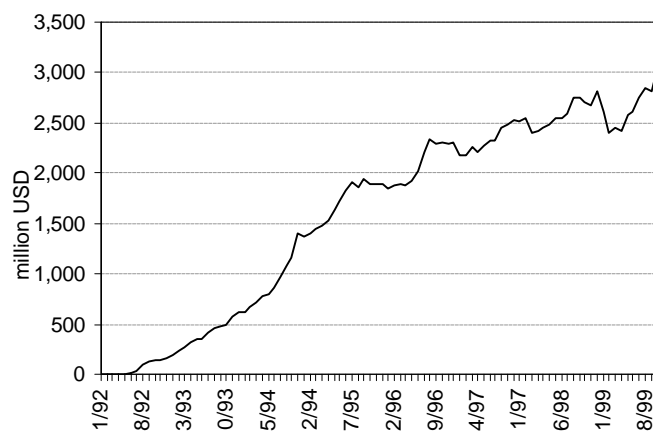
Commercial banks purchased USD 79 million net at two auctions held at the central bank in October. At two CNB foreign exchange auctions in November they purchased the additional amount of USD 114.8 million net.

This is the main difference between central bank interventions in the foreign exchange market at the end of this year and last year. In October 1998, the Croatian National Bank intervened in the foreign exchange market by holding six auctions, while four foreign currency auctions were held in November.

Commercial banks' control over their liquidity and their confidence in the credibility of the stable exchange rate policy pursued by the central bank was also confirmed by the insignificant utilization of secondary liquidity sources provided by the monetary authorities. From an average of HRK 300 million of Lombard loans utilized and CNB bills repurchased during September and the minor utilization of Lombard loans in the amount of HRK 0.5 million in October (when the liquidity of the system was improved by the inflows from the telecom privatization), the average monthly utilization of funds from primary emission fell to HRK 200 million of Lombard loans in November. There were no other changes in domestic activities of the central bank in November. Liquidity loans granted to banks remained at HRK 0.3 billion, while loans granted to the central government are to remain at HRK 1 billion until the end of the year, when they fall due.

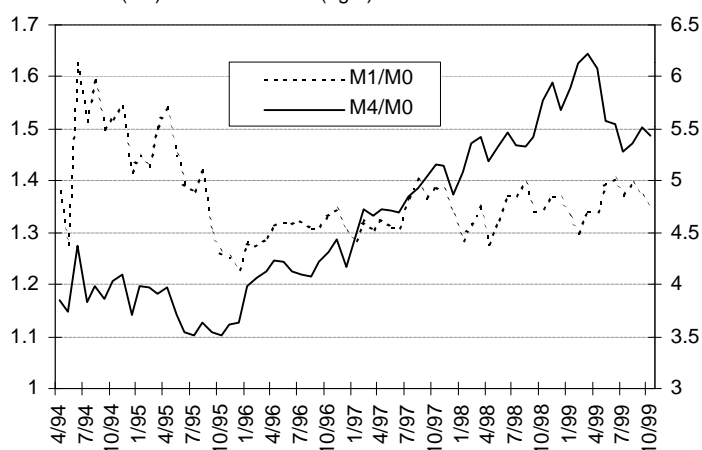
The relatively high liquidity of the banking system is evident from both the structure and the level of reserve money. The average balance in banks' giro accounts, as well as the balance in the reserve requirements account have been increasing constantly, while only currency in circulation, on the basis of its autonomous movements, decreased by HRK 0.3 billion, lowering the amount of reserve money from HRK 10.1 billion to HRK 10 billion. The development in liquidity was accompanied by an increase in the banks' holdings of CNB bills denominated in kuna, and a decrease in their holdings of CNB bills denominated in foreign currency.

CNB's INTERNATIONAL RESERVES

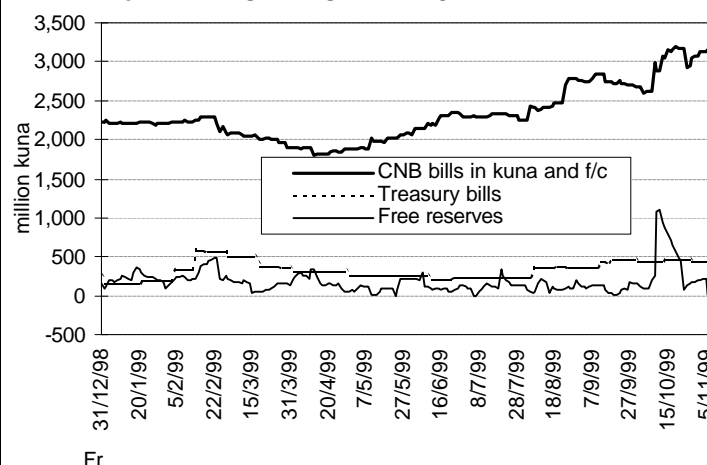


MONETARY MULTIPLIERS

m1=M1/M0 (left) and m4=M4/M0 (right)



CNB BILLS, TREASURY BILLS OF THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE AND DMB's FREE RESERVES AT THE CNB

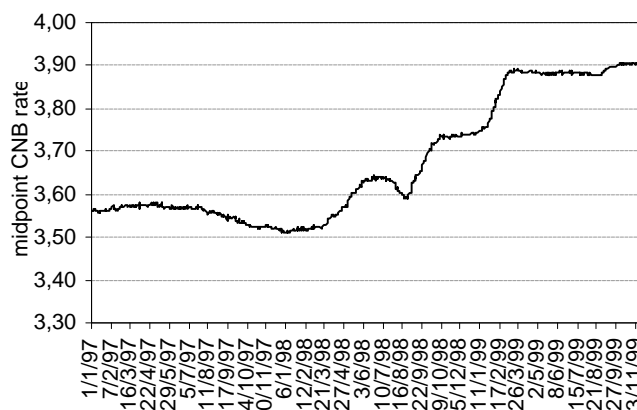


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EXCHANGE RATE

During November, the German mark exchange rate varied between 3.9024 and 3.9117 kuna. Thus, a slight kuna depreciation of 0.22% occurred at the end of month compared to the end of October. In the first eleven months, the kuna depreciated against the German mark by a total of 4.7%. However, the sharpest drop in the value of the kuna, 3.9%, occurred in the first quarter of the year. Slight depreciation is usual in November. This year, demand for foreign exchange grew thanks to the increased kuna liquidity of the banking system resulting from the government's settlement of a portion of its outstanding payables using the receipts from the privatization of Hrvatske Telekomunikacije (state telecom company). Apart from that, signs of the recovery of economic activity in the last quarter of this year, which is usually accompanied by increased imports, indicate that growth in the demand for foreign exchange can be expected in December as well. In such circumstances, the central bank intervened in the foreign exchange market more extensively by selling USD 114.8 million net at two auctions held in November, while in October it sold USD 79 million net. The nominal effective exchange rate of the kuna depreciated by 0.6% in November compared to the end of October, reflecting a significant appreciation of the US dollar against the kuna of 1.4%. Over the first ten months this year, the real effective exchange rate deflated by retail prices depreciated by a total of 4.48%, whereas the real effective exchange rate deflated by producer prices depreciated by 5.04%. Nevertheless, compared to September, the real effective exchange rate deflated by retail prices appreciated in October by 0.72%, and deflated by producers' prices by 0.68%. These developments were due to the fact that the excess of domestic price increases over foreign price increases was greater than the fall of the kuna against the currencies of the most important foreign trading partners.

NOMINAL DALY EXCHANGE RATE - HRK vs. DEM



NOMINAL DALY EXCHANGE RATE - HRK vs. USD



INDEX OF DAILY NOMINAL EFFECTIVE EXCHANGE RATE*, 1995=100



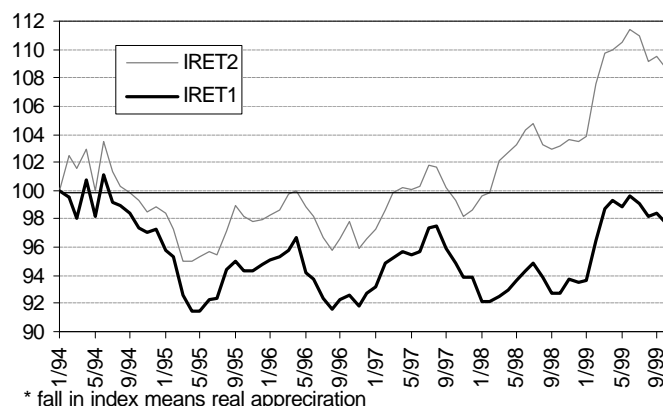
*fall in index means appreciation

BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

In October 1999, merchandise exports amounted to USD 359.8 million, a 22.5% decrease compared to the same month last year. Compared to October 1998, merchandise imports also decreased, but only by 10.8% (USD 687 million compared to USD 770 million last October). Thus, the coverage of imports by exports fell from 60.2% in October 1998 to 52.4% in October of 1999. These developments resulted in a merchandise trade deficit of USD 327.2 million, 7.0% more than in the same month last year. The October merchandise trade deficit is 24.8% higher in kuna terms than last October's. Merchandise exports amounted to HRK 2,562.7 million, a 9.4% decline, while imports amounted to HRK 4,892.8 million, a 4.2% increase, compared to October 1998.

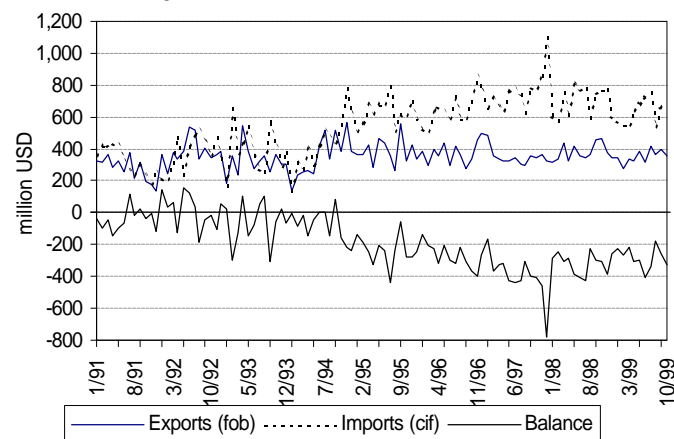
Over the first ten months of 1999, overall exports amounted to USD 3,518.3 million, a 7.7% decrease compared to the same period last year. Total imports in the January-October period of 1999 were USD 6,327.8 million, 9.8% less than in the first ten months of 1998. The merchandise trade deficit over this period was USD 2,809.5 million, a 12.3% decline compared to the same period last year.

INDEX* OF REAL EFFECTIVE EXCHANGE RATE OF CROATIAN KUNA CPI (IREER1) & PPI (IREER2), January 1994=100



Source: Bureau of Statistics, CNB

MERCHANDISE EXPORTS f.o.b., IMPORTS c.i.f. AND TRADE BALANCE



BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

in millions of USD (preliminary data)

	I-VI 99	I-VI 98	indices I-VI 99/ I-VI 98
Current account	-1,036.5	-1,292.6	80.2
Capital and financial account	991.3	769.9	128.8
CNB international reserves	19.0	-28.0	-67.8
Net errors and omissions	15.4	539.6	2.8

Source: CNB

MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

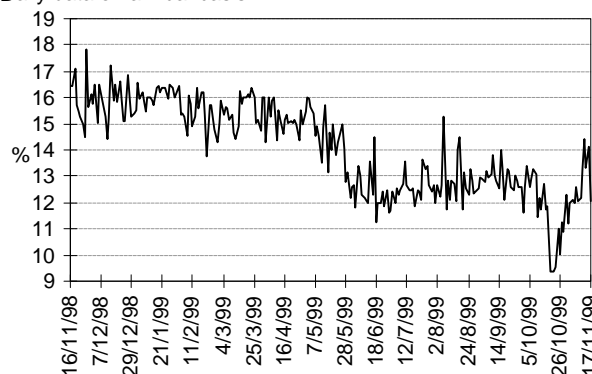
in millions of USD

	I-X 1999	I-X 1998	X 1999	X 1998
Exports, f.o.b.	3,518.3	3,813.3	359.8	464.5
Imports, c.i.f.	6,327.8	7,015.1	687.0	687.0
Balance	-2,809.5	-3,201.8	-327.2	-305.9

MONEY MARKET AND INTEREST RATES

Following a substantial fall in interest rates on the money market in October, a consequence of excessive money supply, interest rates returned to their previous level in November. Moreover, due to a sudden increase in money demand and a sharp fall in supply, interest rates went up, for several days even exceeding 14%. However, in the immediate future, interest rate fluctuations are expected to slacken and rates are expected to near 12%. The number of transactions was also reduced as a consequence of decreased supply. Different trends were present at the short-term securities primary market. The purchase of kuna CNB bills was on the rise, although a slight slowdown of this tendency was noticeable. Since the end-August increase, interest rates on these securities have been stable at the last several auctions. Interest rates on CNB bills were: 10.5% on 35-day CNB bills, 11.55% on 91-day CNB bills, and 12.5% on 182-day CNB bills. In contrast, the purchase of the CNB bills denominated in foreign currencies has been trending downward for several months, regardless of slight increases in the exchange rate and in interest rates on this type of securities. Specifically, the interest rate on 91-day CNB bills denominated in USD at one point exceeded 6%, whereas the interest rates on 63-day and 91-day CNB bills denominated in EUR went up to 3.3%. The purchase of USD denominated CNB bills increased considerably due to high interest rates and the improved exchange rate of the dollar against the euro. The interest rate on 42-day treasury bills, i.e., the only treasury bills available for purchase, has remained steady at 11% for more than 9 months. Purchase has continued to rise since this June after a period of decreases.

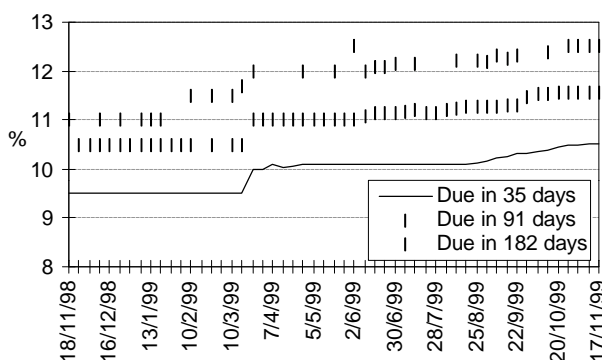
INTEREST RATE ON THE ZAGREB MONEY MARKET,
Daily data on annual basis



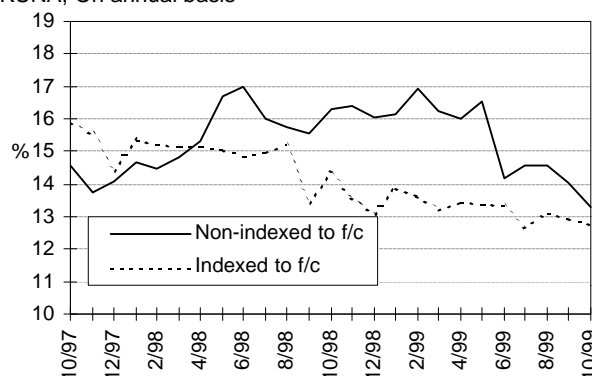
Source: MMZ

INTEREST RATES ON CNB BILLS

On annual basis, on auction days



AVERAGE DMBs' INTEREST RATES ON CREDITS IN KUNA, On annual basis



Note: preliminary data for October

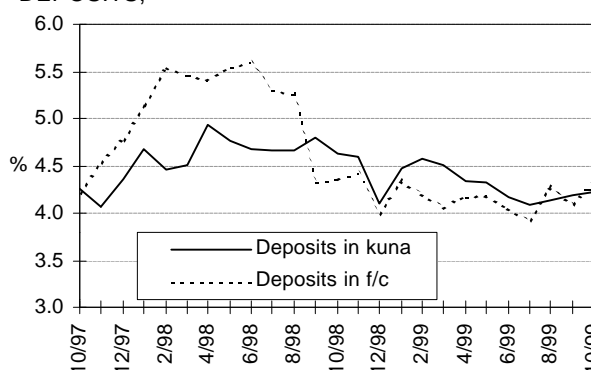
The downward trend of commercial banks' lending interest rates has continued. In October, this trend was affected by the interest rate decrease on the money market. The average interest rate on total kuna loans was slightly above 13.0%. The average interest rate on kuna loans without the foreign currency clause was 13.3%, whereas it was 12.8% on kuna loans with the foreign currency clause. The average interest rate on long-term kuna loans, mainly extended with the foreign currency clause, was 11%.

On the other hand, deposit interest rates increased slightly. The average interest rates on both kuna and foreign currency deposits were 4.2%. However, interest rates on kuna and foreign currency time deposits differed. The average interest rate on kuna time deposits was 8.9%, compared to 5.3% for foreign currency time deposits. This is indicative of banks' assessment of the currency risk on savings in domestic currency.

The difference between the lending and deposit interest rates, measured as the difference between various categories of loans and deposits, has continued to decrease.

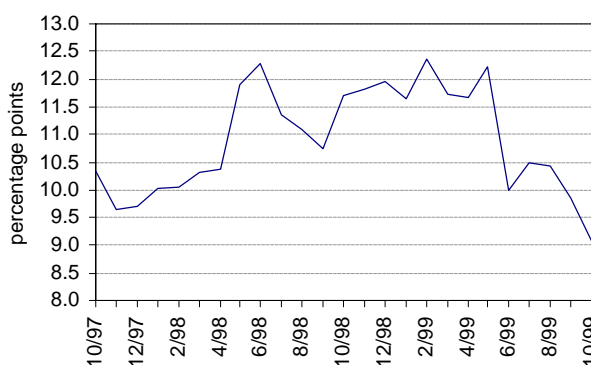
Arrears present another significant impediment to decreasing interest rates, and this problem is evidently difficult to solve. In October, 29,816 legal entities' accounts were blocked, compared to 28,141 natural persons' accounts. These blocked accounts amounted to HRK 24.01 billion and HRK 1.93 billion, respectively. According to the Agency for Domestic Payments' statistics, all the amounts concerning the unsettled payment orders increased in October, despite expectations of stability. As many as 75% of the unsettled orders have been past due for more than one year, and they are unlikely to be collected.

AVERAGE DMBs INTEREST RATES ON DEPOSITS, On annual basis



Note: preliminary data for October

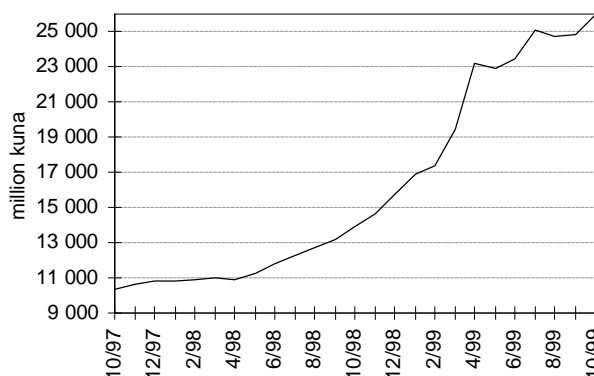
DIFFERENCE BETWEEN INTEREST RATES ON CREDITS IN KUNA AND INTEREST RATES ON DEPOSITS IN KUNA



Note: preliminary data for October

Note: spread is calculated as a difference between interest rates on non-indexed credits in kuna and interest rates on non-indexed deposits in kuna.

ARREARS REPORTED TO PAYMENTS INSTITUTE



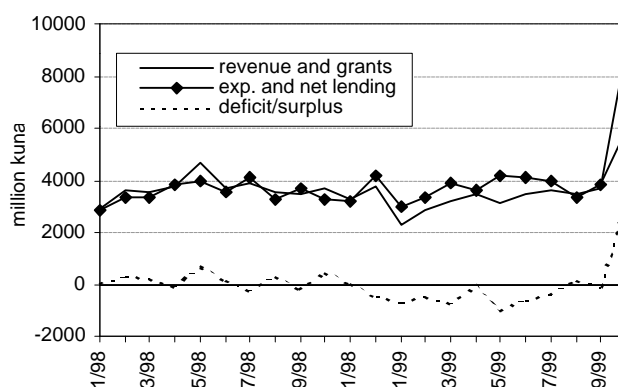
Note: on accounts of legal and natural persons

Source: ZAP

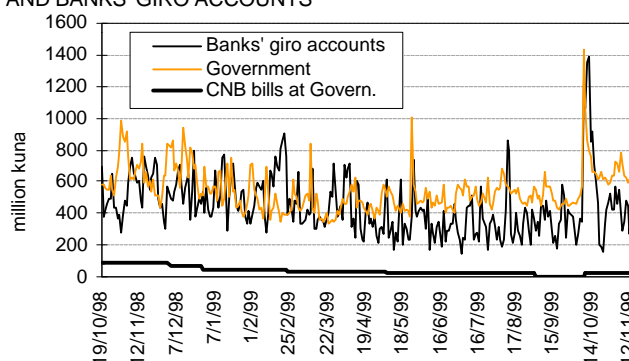
GOVERNMENT BUDGET

At the beginning of October, the first phase of privatization of the state telecom firm Hrvatske Telekomunikacije was completed by selling 35% of shares to Deutsche Telekom for USD 850 million. The resulting large capital inflow was thus the main reason for the October surplus of revenues over expenditures. The surplus of HRK 3.1 billion reduced the aggregate deficit in the first ten months to HRK 763 million. The October budget surplus was used for a partial repayment of domestic and foreign debt. HRK 2.0 billion net of foreign debt was repaid. This serviced the short-term loans received from Dresdner Bank for bridging temporary liquidity problems in the period prior to the privatization of Hrvatske Telekomunikacije. HRK 1.1 billion net was repaid to domestic sectors. It should be noted that the government reduced its debt to the CNB by HRK 300 million. The remaining government debt to the CNB, which must be repaid before the end of the year, is HRK 1.0 billion. October's revenue of HRK 9,034 million was definitely the largest monthly amount this year, thanks to the privatization proceeds. However, it should be stressed that October current revenues were also the highest monthly revenues generated in both last year and this year. Expenditures in October amounted to HRK 5.9 billion, an 82.3% increase compared to the same month last year. Such excessive expenditures at the same time are also a reason for the large current revenues generated.

OUTTURN OF CENTRAL GOVERNMENT BUDGET



CENTRAL GOVERNMENT DEPOSITS AT THE CNB AND BANKS' GIRO ACCOUNTS



FINANCING OF CENTRAL BUDGET DEFICIT

million kuna

	Jan.-Oct. 1999	1999 Budget
TOTAL FINANCING	763	1 425
DOMESTIC FINANCING	-1193	-2 396
From other general govern.	-72	0
From monetary authorities	694	0
From deposit money banks	-1668	-2 023
Other domestic financing	-147	- 373
FINANCING ABROAD	1957	3 821
From internat. develop. inst.	138	1388
From foreign governments	-243	-212
Other borrowing abroad	2061	2 645

Table A1: Monetary and Credit Aggregates

End of period, million kuna and %

Year	Month	Reserve money	Money M1	Money M1a	Broadest money M4	Net domestic assets	Domestic credit	Monthly rates of growth					
								Reserve money	Money M1	Money M1a	Broadest money M4	Net domestic assets	Domestic credit
1993	December	2 248,9	3 134,4	3 759,2	10 061,1	12 023,5	20 287,9	-	-	-	-	-	-
1994	December	4 714,2	6 642,6	6 996,7	17 679,9	16 540,1	27 661,5	11,73	2,20	3,83	2,26	11,84	3,45
1995	December	6 744,1	8 234,9	8 503,2	24 623,0	21 576,3	32 819,5	2,97	0,89	1,54	3,41	1,00	1,88
1996	December	8 770,4	11 368,9	11 494,9	36 701,1	24 960,4	33 831,2	11,35	7,83	7,67	4,88	- 5,41	- 11,61
1997	December	10 346,1	13 731,4	13 848,8	50 742,0	33 829,0	48 863,4	7,86	3,93	3,85	2,16	4,98	4,96
1998	June	9 742,1	13 309,4	13 374,1	53 947,9	39 062,4	55 905,3	- 0,60	3,13	2,72	1,98	2,28	1,84
	July	10 239,0	13 972,9	14 031,0	55 432,6	40 377,6	56 607,4	5,10	4,99	4,91	2,75	3,37	1,26
	August	10 611,4	14 716,4	14 796,7	57 268,8	40 333,1	56 671,3	3,64	5,32	5,46	3,31	- 0,11	0,11
	September	10 373,8	13 852,3	14 124,0	56 965,8	41 705,8	57 804,0	- 2,24	- 5,87	- 4,55	- 0,53	3,40	2,00
	October	9 616,5	12 866,4	12 938,1	56 254,9	43 077,2	58 615,7	- 7,30	- 7,12	- 8,40	- 1,25	3,29	1,40
	November	9 282,5	12 655,2	12 773,6	55 935,6	43 020,0	59 640,6	- 3,47	- 1,64	- 1,27	- 0,57	- 0,13	1,75
	December	9 954,2	13 531,4	13 615,2	57 340,3	44 626,8	59 792,0	7,24	6,92	6,59	2,51	3,73	0,25
1999	January	9 547,8	12 647,0	12 745,6	57 160,5	45 789,8	60 417,1	- 4,08	- 6,54	- 6,39	- 0,31	2,61	1,05
	February	9 308,3	12 022,8	12 082,1	57 840,7	47 035,2	59 475,3	- 2,51	- 4,94	- 5,21	1,19	2,72	- 1,56
	March	8 966,1	11 982,4	12 036,7	56 635,4	46 018,9	60 061,2	- 3,68	- 0,34	- 0,38	- 2,08	- 2,16	0,99
	April	9 014,3	12 034,5	12 111,4	55 576,4	46 039,2	60 166,5	0,54	0,43	0,62	- 1,87	0,04	0,18
	May ¹⁾	9 295,1	12 897,2	12 940,7	52 540,2	41 588,3	55 461,7	3,11	7,17	6,85	- 5,46	- 9,67	- 7,82
	June	9 493,9	13 269,5	13 348,2	53 355,2	41 309,2	54 971,4	2,14	2,89	3,15	1,55	- 0,67	- 0,88
	July ²⁾	10 242,5	14 049,5	14 225,0	54 605,6	41 576,7	58 257,3	7,89	5,88	6,57	2,34	0,65	5,98
	August	10 255,6	14 312,6	14 446,5	55 521,3	41 221,6	57 939,2	0,13	1,87	1,56	1,68	- 0,85	- 0,55
	September	9 906,7	13 559,4	13 656,2	55 317,1	40 955,3	58 053,8	- 3,40	- 5,26	- 5,47	- 0,37	- 0,65	0,20
	October	10 278,2	13 813,7	13 957,2	55 816,3	39 876,1	58 386,8	3,75	1,88	2,20	0,90	- 2,64	0,57

¹⁾ In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics.

In April 1999 those banks' share in Monetary Aggregate M1 amounted to 259.3 million kuna and in Monetary Aggregate M4 amounted to 4 035.8 million kuna.

Table B1: Monetary Survey

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999					
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	May ¹⁾	June	July ²⁾	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.
ASSETS												
1. Foreign assets (net)	-1 962,5	1 139,8	3 046,7	11 740,7	16 913,0	12 713,5	10 952,0	12 046,1	13 028,9	14 299,7	14 361,8	15 940,3
2. Domestic credit	39 357,0	43 280,5	47 976,6	48 464,9	56 194,9	66 923,1	64 697,9	64 190,7	66 935,0	66 505,7	66 598,3	65 816,5
2.1. Claims on central government and funds	19 069,1	15 619,0	15 157,1	14 633,7	7 331,4	7 131,1	9 236,3	9 219,3	8 677,7	8 566,5	8 544,5	7 429,6
2.2. Claims on other domestic sectors	20 262,0	27 599,5	32 718,6	33 691,0	48 616,6	59 597,7	55 295,1	54 807,9	58 059,6	57 750,1	57 862,0	58 189,3
2.3. Claims on other banking institutions	10,2	-	-	-	-	0,4	-	-	53,5	54,5	47,1	47,3
2.4. Claims on other financial institutions	15,7	62,1	100,8	140,2	246,8	193,9	166,6	163,5	144,2	134,6	144,6	150,2
Total (1 + 2)	37 394,5	44 420,3	51 023,3	60 205,6	73 107,8	79 636,5	75 649,9	76 236,8	79 963,9	80 805,4	80 960,1	81 756,7
LIABILITIES												
1. Money	3 134,4	6 642,6	8 234,9	11 368,9	13 731,4	13 531,4	12 897,2	13 269,5	14 049,5	14 312,6	13 559,4	13 813,7
2. Savings and time deposits	1 466,1	2 045,6	2 158,0	3 386,6	5 598,9	5 683,8	4 944,1	4 977,2	4 871,0	5 077,8	5 252,5	5 342,3
3. Foreign currency deposits	5 412,3	8 783,3	14 099,4	21 817,5	31 278,1	37 970,9	34 567,0	34 970,5	35 186,5	35 594,8	35 994,6	36 165,0
4. Bonds and money market instruments	48,3	208,5	130,7	128,1	133,6	154,1	132,0	138,0	498,5	536,2	510,7	495,3
5. Restricted and blocked deposits	14 262,9	12 128,6	10 717,4	8 305,4	5 953,4	4 315,2	4 300,8	4 375,0	4 013,0	3 996,7	3 886,4	3 863,8
o/w: Households' blocked f/c deposits	13 857,4	11 470,6	9 812,5	7 170,6	4 573,8	3 419,1	3 125,8	3 110,5	2 844,1	2 807,4	2 798,7	2 759,5
6. Other items (net)	13 070,5	14 611,8	15 682,8	15 199,2	16 412,5	17 981,1	18 808,9	18 506,6	21 345,3	21 287,5	21 756,6	22 076,6
Total (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6)	37 394,5	44 420,3	51 023,3	60 205,6	73 107,8	79 636,5	75 649,9	76 236,8	79 963,9	80 805,4	80 960,1	81 756,7

¹⁾ In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics.

In April 1999 those banks' share in total amounted to 4 296.3 million kuna.

Table B2: Number of Reporting Deposit Money Banks and Savings Banks and Their Classification by Size

Year	Month	Total number of reporting DMBs	Reporting DMBs graded according to their total assets						Total number of reporting savings banks	Savings banks graded according to their total assets		
			Less than 100 million kuna	100 million kuna to less than 500 million kuna	500 million kuna to less than 1 billion kuna	1 billion kuna to less than 2 billion kuna	2 billion kuna to less than 10 billion kuna	10 billion kuna and over		Less than 10 million kuna	10 million kuna to less than 100 million kuna	10 million kuna and over
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1993	December	43	16	12	7	4	2	2	0	0	0	0
1994	December	50	13	21	6	6	2	2	33	22	9	2
1995	December	53	15	20	7	7	2	2	21	7	13	1
1996	December	57	10	26	6	9	4	2	22	10	11	1
1997	December	60	4	28	9	8	9	2	33	12	18	3
1998	June	60	4	26	9	11	8	2	33	8	21	4
	July	60	4	27	8	11	8	2	33	8	21	4
	August	60	4	25	10	11	8	2	33	8	21	4
	September	60	4	25	9	12	8	2	33	8	21	4
	October	60	4	25	8	12	9	2	33	6	23	4
	November	60	4	25	8	11	10	2	33	6	23	4
	December	60	3	26	8	11	10	2	33	4	25	4
1999	January	60	4	24	9	12	9	2	33	4	25	4
	February	60	4	24	9	11	10	2	33	4	25	4
	March	60	4	24	9	12	9	2	33	5	24	4
	April	59	4	23	9	12	9	2	33	5	24	4
	May ¹⁾	54	4	22	8	11	7	2	33	6	23	4
	June	54	4	22	9	9	8	2	31	5	22	4
	July	54	4	24	7	8	9	2	31	7	20	4
	August	53	3	22	9	8	9	2	31	5	22	4
	September	53	3	24	7	8	9	2	31	4	23	4
	October	53	3	24	7	8	9	2	31	3	24	4

¹⁾ In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics.

Table C1: Monetary Authorities Accounts (Assets)

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999					
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.
ASSETS												
1. Foreign assets	4 043,5	7 908,3	10 075,1	12 818,5	16 004,9	17 591,5	18 767,7	19 156,5	19 551,1	20 676,9	20 412,9	21 897,6
1.1. Gold	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2. Holdings of SDRs	24,4	25,4	743,4	695,5	927,0	1 444,4	1 504,4	1 505,3	1 471,9	1 504,6	1 521,6	1 392,3
1.3. Currency and demand deposits with foreign banks	615,7	89,2	395,8	165,9	510,6	342,0	1 437,4	1 441,7	743,9	721,2	722,5	729,5
1.5. Time deposits with foreign banks	3 403,5	7 793,6	8 381,3	11 009,8	12 169,5	11 696,6	12 906,1	13 678,7	14 898,6	15 935,9	15 540,9	16 816,9
1.6. Securities in f/c	-	-	554,6	947,3	2 396,5	4 107,2	2 918,6	2 529,5	2 435,4	2 513,9	2 626,6	2 957,5
1.7. Nonconvertible foreign exchange	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	1,4	1,4	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3
2. Claims on central government and funds	535,1	250,6	390,1	218,8	-	-	1 374,4	1 374,4	1 374,4	1 378,0	1 378,0	1 078,0
2.1. Claims in Kuna	383,6	180,1	353,1	206,4	-	-	1 374,4	1 374,4	1 374,4	1 378,0	1 378,0	1 078,0
Bridging loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 370,0	1 370,0	1 370,0	1 370,0	1 370,0	1 070,0
Loans under separate decrees	376,7	180,1	353,1	206,4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overdue claims	7,0	-	0,1	-	-	-	4,4	4,4	4,4	8,0	8,0	8,0
2.2. Claims in f/c	151,4	70,5	37,0	12,4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Claims on other domestic sectors ¹⁾	0,3	0,7	0,9	1,1	24,4	1,0	307,6	303,6	302,2	296,9	291,6	286,5
4. Claims on DMBs ²⁾	191,6	223,8	220,2	213,9	33,5	1 053,8	1 184,6	1 309,4	1 384,8	1 423,4	1 609,5	1 126,5
4.1. Credits to DMBs	181,6	221,7	122,8	211,4	30,1	843,5	1 160,7	1 285,4	1 368,5	1 403,4	1 597,4	1 113,2
Refinancing of DMBs	139,8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term credits against securities portfolio	-	-	25,8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lombard credits	5,5	24,0	96,6	211,3	30,0	252,3	22,5	136,8	39,7	237,9	165,8	68,0
Short-term liquidity credits	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 098,3	1 115,2	1 149,0	1 140,0	1 081,0	1 026,0
Other credits	41,6	1,3	7,3	1,0	1,0	333,0	52,5	45,9	31,7	25,5	23,0	19,2
NBC bills under repurchase agreement	-	197,3	-	-	-	459,2	-	-	148,0	-	327,6	-
4.2. CNB deposits with DMBs	0,5	1,2	1,3	1,4	2,5	9,3	11,3	11,5	11,7	12,0	12,1	12,4
4.3. Overdue claims	4,2	-	89,2	0,1	0,0	0,0	-	0,0	4,7	8,0	0,0	0,9
5. Claims on other banking institutions ²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (1+2+3+4+5)	4 770,5	8 383,4	10 686,3	13 252,3	16 062,8	18 646,2	21 634,3	22 143,9	22 612,6	23 775,3	23 692,0	24 388,6

¹⁾ Since May 1999 claims on other domestic sectors include overdue claims on banks over which bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated.²⁾ Due to the reclassification of savings banks from the subsector other banking institutions to the subsector banks, data for Claims on DMBs and Claims on other banking institutions were revised.

Table C1: Monetary Authorities Accounts (Liabilities)

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999					
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.
LIABILITIES												
1. Reserve money	2 248,9	4 714,2	6 744,1	8 770,4	10 346,1	9 954,2	9 295,1	9 493,9	10 242,5	10 255,6	9 906,7	10 278,2
1.1. Currency outside banks ³⁾	1 367,5	2 657,3	3 362,1	4 361,3	5 307,5	5 718,8	5 378,8	5 608,4	6 252,6	5 937,2	5 533,5	5 826,0
1.2. DMBs' cash in vaults ³⁾	51,7	134,7	134,5	152,2	216,9	251,4	233,4	245,9	259,1	263,5	260,3	266,8
1.3. DMBs' deposits ³⁾	821,5	1 906,6	3 244,7	4 256,7	4 821,6	3 980,2	3 674,4	3 637,1	3 727,1	4 041,4	4 110,5	4 181,9
Settlement accounts	54,9	121,4	197,1	913,5	866,6	467,5	426,1	304,9	258,7	369,6	385,5	421,4
Statutory reserves	766,6	1 785,2	2 231,5	3 343,2	3 955,0	3 512,7	3 248,3	3 332,1	3 468,4	3 671,8	3 725,0	3 760,5
CNB bills on obligatory basis	-	-	816,0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.4. Deposits of other banking institutions ³⁾	-	-	-	-	-	2,4	7,7	1,7	2,7	12,7	1,8	2,8
1.5. Deposits of other domestic sectors	8,2	15,6	2,8	0,1	0,1	1,3	0,8	0,8	1,0	0,9	0,6	0,8
2. Restricted and blocked deposits	1,4	40,3	212,2	243,2	101,1	1 787,6	4 300,0	4 275,9	4 286,7	4 780,5	4 837,1	4 931,0
2.1. Statutory reserve in f/c	-	-	-	-	-	1 668,4	3 965,5	3 939,8	3 944,5	4 436,7	4 477,9	4 560,0
2.2. Restricted deposits ⁴⁾	1,4	40,3	54,1	78,7	101,1	119,1	334,5	336,2	342,2	343,7	359,1	371,0
2.3. Escrow deposits	-	-	158,1	164,4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Foreign liabilities	151,7	716,1	1 175,1	1 160,0	1 470,7	1 464,3	1 547,3	1 548,3	1 514,3	1 554,4	1 571,7	1 442,4
3.1. Use of IMF credit	151,3	715,3	1 173,9	1 158,2	1 467,7	1 460,3	1 540,9	1 541,8	1 508,0	1 548,0	1 565,3	1 436,0
3.2. Liabilities to international organizations	0,3	0,8	1,2	1,8	3,0	4,1	6,4	6,5	6,3	6,4	6,4	6,5
4. Central government and funds deposits	0,0	793,8	395,5	557,6	1 032,7	434,8	494,6	600,0	577,5	589,0	467,6	661,9
4.1. Demand deposits	0,0	793,8	395,5	424,6	805,7	390,2	474,8	580,2	557,7	569,2	467,6	637,1
Central government demand deposits	-	725,5	338,6	342,0	625,7	291,0	402,8	530,4	517,9	503,5	394,6	563,8
Central government funds demand deposits	0,0	68,3	56,9	82,6	180,1	99,3	72,0	49,8	39,9	65,6	73,1	73,3
4.2. Central government f/c deposits	-	-	-	-	147,6	-	-	-	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
4.3. CNB bills	-	-	-	133,0	79,4	44,6	19,8	19,8	19,8	19,8	-	24,7
5. CNB bills	21,2	375,1	168,3	665,7	722,0	2 242,9	2 085,9	2 306,1	2 264,8	2 765,2	2 720,2	3 106,7
5.1. CNB bills in Kuna	21,2	375,1	168,3	665,7	722,0	830,7	628,9	829,8	813,1	924,8	955,5	1 571,7
5.2. CNB bills in f/c	-	-	-	-	-	1 412,2	1 457,0	1 476,3	1 451,7	1 840,3	1 764,7	1 535,1
6. Capital accounts	2 366,0	2 065,9	2 019,3	1 900,1	2 361,8	2 898,2	4 025,6	4 116,2	3 979,0	4 086,8	4 148,4	4 206,4
7. Other items (net)	- 18,7	- 322,1	- 28,2	- 44,7	28,5	- 135,8	- 114,3	- 196,6	- 252,3	- 256,1	40,3	- 238,0
Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7)	4 770,5	8 383,4	10 686,3	13 252,3	16 062,8	18 646,2	21 634,3	22 143,9	22 612,6	23 775,3	23 692,0	24 388,6

Table D1: Deposit Money Banks' Accounts

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999					
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	May ¹⁾	June	July ²⁾	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.
ASSETS												
1. Reserves	860,9	2 039,7	3 350,3	4 409,6	5 045,6	5 908,1	7 919,4	7 844,8	7 920,8	8 760,5	8 854,6	8 997,4
1.1. In kuna	860,9	2 039,7	3 350,3	4 409,6	5 045,6	4 239,7	3 953,9	3 905,1	3 972,8	4 319,9	4 376,7	4 437,4
1.2. In f/c	-	-	-	-	-	1 668,4	3 965,5	3 939,8	3 948,0	4 440,6	4 477,9	4 560,0
2. Foreign assets	6 212,1	7 082,5	9 296,6	12 549,6	16 185,8	12 763,1	10 163,9	10 821,6	11 573,7	11 813,5	12 113,8	12 135,3
3. Claims on central government and funds	19 971,9	17 837,3	17 188,1	16 693,4	15 238,8	14 864,2	16 406,9	16 590,9	16 128,6	16 155,7	15 876,3	15 372,1
3.1. Bonds arising from blocked f/c deposits	14 836,8	11 437,6	10 078,3	8 291,1	6 714,4	5 802,3	5 582,3	5 404,1	5 727,0	5 493,6	5 515,6	5 418,3
3.2. Big bonds	3 635,5	4 971,6	5 060,9	2 438,5	2 291,9	2 103,1	2 058,3	2 055,6	1 686,3	1 695,4	1 702,7	1 652,6
3.3. Other claims	1 499,6	1 428,1	2 048,9	5 963,8	6 232,5	6 958,8	8 766,3	9 131,1	8 715,3	8 966,6	8 657,9	8 301,2
4. Claims on other domestic sectors	20 261,7	27 598,7	32 717,7	33 689,9	48 592,2	59 596,7	54 987,5	54 504,3	57 757,5	57 453,2	57 570,5	57 902,8
4.1. Claims on local government and funds	11,4	112,9	147,1	145,4	308,8	654,0	715,7	763,3	857,7	853,6	869,4	844,2
4.2. Claims on enterprises	18 348,2	23 982,8	27 827,4	26 929,3	35 487,2	41 225,5	36 424,3	35 684,8	38 003,4	37 849,8	37 808,8	37 959,3
4.3. Claims on households	1 902,1	3 503,0	4 743,2	6 615,2	12 796,2	17 717,2	17 847,6	18 056,2	18 896,4	18 749,7	18 892,3	19 099,4
5. Claims on other banking institutions	10,2	-	-	-	-	0,4	-	-	53,5	54,5	47,1	47,3
6. Claims on other financial institutions	15,7	62,1	100,8	140,2	246,8	193,9	166,6	163,5	144,2	134,6	144,6	150,2
Total (1+2+3+4+5+6)	47 332,4	54 620,3	62 653,6	67 482,7	85 309,3	93 326,4	89 644,3	89 925,1	93 578,3	94 372,0	94 606,9	94 605,1
LIABILITIES												
1. Demand deposits	1 758,7	3 969,7	4 870,0	7 007,5	8 423,8	7 808,9	7 509,9	7 658,6	7 794,1	8 361,9	8 023,5	7 984,2
2. Savings and time deposits	1 466,1	2 045,6	2 158,0	3 386,6	5 598,9	5 683,8	4 944,1	4 977,2	4 871,0	5 077,8	5 252,5	5 342,3
3. Foreign currency deposits	5 412,3	8 783,3	14 099,4	21 817,5	31 278,1	37 970,9	34 567,0	34 970,5	35 186,5	35 594,8	35 994,6	36 165,0
4. Bonds and money market instruments	48,3	208,5	130,7	128,1	133,6	154,1	132,0	138,0	498,5	536,2	510,7	495,3
5. Foreign liabilities	12 066,4	13 134,8	15 150,0	12 467,4	13 807,1	16 176,8	16 432,4	16 383,7	16 581,7	16 636,3	16 593,1	16 650,2
6. Central government and funds' deposits	1 437,8	1 675,0	2 025,6	1 720,9	6 874,7	7 298,3	8 050,4	8 146,0	8 247,7	8 378,2	8 242,1	8 358,6
7. Credit from central bank	275,2	224,6	182,6	267,8	33,7	1 049,2	1 189,8	1 306,8	1 365,2	1 402,7	1 596,7	1 112,5
8. Restricted and blocked deposits	14 261,5	12 087,7	10 662,4	8 223,6	5 852,3	4 196,0	3 966,4	4 038,8	3 670,8	3 653,0	3 527,2	3 492,8
o/w: Households' blocked f/c deposits	13 857,4	11 470,6	9 812,5	7 170,6	4 573,8	3 419,1	3 125,8	3 110,5	2 844,1	2 807,4	2 798,7	2 759,5
9. Capital accounts	11 203,3	13 847,5	15 392,3	15 440,8	17 027,0	19 785,6	17 983,3	17 859,7	20 782,5	20 852,8	21 004,2	21 245,0
10. Other items (net)	- 597,1	- 1 356,4	- 2 017,4	- 2 977,4	- 3 719,9	- 6 797,2	- 5 130,9	- 5 554,2	- 5 419,8	- 6 121,7	- 6 137,7	- 6 240,8
Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10)	47 332,4	54 620,3	62 653,6	67 482,7	85 309,3	93 326,4	89 644,3	89 925,1	93 578,3	94 372,0	94 606,9	94 605,1

¹⁾ In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics.

In April 1999 those banks' share in total DMBs' accounts amounted to 5 701.4 million kuna. On the assets side, most significant were:

Claims on enterprises (4 378.7 million kuna) and Claims on households (701,4 million kuna). On the liabilities side, most significant were:

Foreign currency deposits (3 443.7 million kuna), Foreign liabilities (1 024.6 million kuna) and Capital accounts (854.6 million kuna).

Table D2: Deposit Money Banks' Foreign Assets

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999					
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	May ¹⁾	June	July ²⁾	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.
1. Foreign assets in f/c	6 191,7	7 047,0	9 279,3	12 525,5	16 167,9	12 743,4	10 156,0	10 813,0	11 508,9	11 743,2	12 056,0	12 087,6
1.1. Claims on foreign banks	5 578,7	5 780,0	8 181,5	11 397,8	15 425,6	11 980,5	9 790,2	10 439,6	10 999,8	11 194,6	11 411,9	11 329,6
Foreign currencies	437,0	468,5	592,0	663,6	850,4	586,9	725,5	793,7	1 058,7	947,3	779,2	616,7
Demand deposits	2 543,3	2 640,1	3 466,1	5 915,6	6 938,5	6 228,6	3 978,9	4 285,8	1 151,1	1 361,6	1 033,4	978,1
Time and notice deposits	1 544,7	2 301,3	3 803,8	4 482,7	7 010,9	4 637,1	4 564,7	4 815,8	8 136,0	8 230,0	8 935,6	9 077,4
Securities	51,4	60,3	76,1	72,7	88,6	51,1	50,0	57,4	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances	913,8	217,4	156,9	179,7	408,7	343,4	369,1	384,5	555,0	556,8	564,3	563,6
Shares and participations	88,5	92,4	86,5	83,6	128,4	133,5	102,0	102,5	98,9	98,9	99,4	93,8
1.2. Claims on foreign nonbanks	612,9	1 267,0	1 097,8	1 127,7	742,4	762,9	365,8	373,4	509,1	548,6	644,1	758,0
Claims on foreign governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	124,7	124,7	131,9	147,3	232,9	344,2
Claims on other nonresidents	609,5	973,9	804,9	846,2	580,4	583,9	236,6	244,2	373,2	397,3	407,2	409,8
Securities	531,2	514,4	536,2	492,5	17,7	3,7	4,3	4,4	4,2	4,3	4,3	4,3
Loans and advances	78,4	459,5	268,7	353,7	562,7	580,2	232,3	239,8	369,0	393,0	402,9	405,5
Shares and participations	3,4	293,0	292,9	281,4	162,0	179,0	4,5	4,5	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0
2. Foreign assets in kuna	20,4	35,6	17,4	24,2	17,9	19,7	7,9	8,5	64,8	70,3	57,8	47,7
2.1. Claims on foreign banks	0,8	2,9	0,6	5,7	3,6	3,1	3,7	3,9	48,4	51,6	30,6	31,0
2.2. Claims on foreign nonbanks	19,6	32,7	16,7	18,5	14,3	16,6	4,3	4,6	16,4	18,7	27,1	16,7
o/w: Loans and advances	19,6	32,7	16,7	18,5	14,3	16,6	4,3	4,6	14,5	16,8	25,2	14,8
Total (1+2)	6 212,1	7 082,5	9 296,6	12 549,6	16 185,8	12 763,1	10 163,9	10 821,6	11 573,7	11 813,5	12 113,8	12 135,3

¹⁾ In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics.

In April 1999 those banks' Foreign Assets amounted to 402.3 million kuna.

Table D3: Deposit Money Banks' Claims on Central Government and Funds

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999					
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	May ¹⁾	June	July	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.
1. Bonds (c'part to blocked f/c savings deposits)	14 836,8	11 437,6	10 078,3	8 291,1	6 714,4	5 802,3	5 582,3	5 404,1	5 727,0	5 493,6	5 515,6	5 418,3
2. Big bonds	3 635,5	4 971,6	5 060,9	2 438,5	2 291,9	2 103,1	2 058,3	2 055,6	1 686,3	1 695,4	1 702,7	1 652,6
3. Other claims	1 499,6	1 428,1	2 048,9	5 963,8	6 232,5	6 958,8	8 766,3	9 131,1	8 715,3	8 966,6	8 657,9	8 301,2
3.1. In kuna	532,4	176,3	182,6	4 121,2	4 261,8	5 066,1	6 909,5	6 748,1	7 181,5	7 375,3	7 166,5	6 885,5
3.1.1. Claims on central government	407,4	147,4	167,8	4 100,2	4 191,8	4 614,1	6 664,2	6 440,9	6 774,9	6 807,5	6 644,6	6 275,0
Securities	133,1	144,0	147,1	4 071,6	4 171,7	4 426,9	6 475,2	6 241,2	6 573,4	6 605,9	6 439,9	6 034,1
Loans and advances	274,2	3,3	20,6	28,6	20,1	187,2	189,1	199,6	201,5	201,6	204,6	240,9
3.1.2. Claims on central government funds	125,0	28,9	14,9	21,0	70,0	452,0	245,3	307,2	406,6	567,8	521,9	610,5
Securities	-	-	-	21,0	-	-	-	-	85,1	92,6	41,5	32,7
Loans and advances	125,0	28,9	14,9	0,0	70,0	452,0	245,3	307,2	321,5	475,1	480,4	577,8
3.2. In f/c	967,2	1 251,9	1 866,3	1 842,6	1 970,7	1 892,7	1 856,8	2 383,1	1 533,8	1 591,4	1 491,4	1 415,6
3.2.1. Claims on central government	769,3	1 016,6	1 771,2	1 828,5	1 966,7	1 879,5	1 824,8	2 369,5	1 496,8	1 581,7	1 453,9	1 378,4
Bonds	55,1	271,3	704,7	1 396,9	1 172,5	1 182,2	1 209,2	1 379,0	809,5	834,4	779,6	703,1
Loans and advances	714,2	745,3	1 066,5	431,7	794,2	697,3	615,6	990,6	687,4	747,3	674,3	675,4
3.2.2. Claims on central government funds	197,9	235,2	95,1	14,1	4,0	13,2	32,0	13,5	37,0	9,7	37,5	37,2
Securities	-	-	-	11,8	2,8	0,2	18,5	0,1	27,3	-	27,8	27,4
Loans and advances	197,9	235,2	95,1	2,3	1,3	13,0	13,5	13,5	9,7	9,7	9,8	9,8
Total (1+2+3)	19 971,9	17 837,3	17 188,1	16 693,4	15 238,8	14 864,2	16 406,9	16 590,9	16 128,6	16 155,7	15 876,3	15 372,1

¹⁾ In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics.

In April 1999 those banks' Claims on Central Government and Funds amounted to 17.8 million kuna.

Table D4: Deposit Money Banks' Claims on Other Domestic Sectors

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999					
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	May ¹⁾	June	July ^{2)*}	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.
1. Claims in Kuna	10 122,6	17 504,7	21 668,8	25 602,5	40 149,5	50 509,7	46 138,7	46 119,1	48 435,2	48 073,5	48 094,2	48 307,1
1.1. Money market instruments	1 139,7	157,1	76,8	42,1	81,5	101,8	258,2	243,0	217,2	173,0	176,0	139,2
1.2. Bonds	16,2	8,0	8,0	2,1	1,7	0,7	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,8	-	-
1.3. Loans and advances	6 488,2	12 073,6	16 330,0	21 759,1	35 971,2	45 956,0	41 933,7	41 323,1	44 199,4	43 919,3	43 925,0	44 257,3
	2 478,5	5 266,0	5 254,1	3 799,2	4 095,2	4 451,3	3 946,0	4 552,3	4 017,7	3 980,4	3 993,2	3 910,6
2. Claims in f/c	10 139,2	10 094,0	11 048,9	8 087,4	8 442,7	9 087,0	8 848,8	8 385,1	9 322,3	9 379,6	9 476,3	9 595,7
2.1. Securities	0,5	3,6	3,6	2,9	0,6	0,6	0,7	4,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	72,0
2.2. Loans and advances	10 138,7	10 090,4	11 045,3	8 084,5	8 442,1	9 086,3	8 848,2	8 380,9	9 322,1	9 379,4	9 476,1	9 523,7
Total (1 + 2)	20 261,7	27 598,7	32 717,7	33 689,9	48 592,2	59 596,7	54 987,5	54 504,3	57 757,5	57 453,2	57 570,5	57 902,8

¹⁾ In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics.

In April 1999 those banks' Claims on Other Domestic Sector amounted to 5 088.0 million kuna.

Table D5: Distribution of Deposit Money Banks' Loans by Domestic Institutional Sectors

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999					
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	May ¹⁾	June	July ^{2)*}	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.
LOANS IN KUNA												
1. Loans to central government and funds	135,7	31,2	35,1	11,5	74,6	633,2	432,9	505,7	523,0	676,7	685,1	818,8
1.1. Loans to central government	10,8	2,5	20,2	11,5	4,6	181,9	188,0	199,2	201,5	201,6	204,6	240,9
1.2. Loans to central government funds	124,9	28,7	14,9	0,0	70,0	451,3	244,9	306,5	321,5	475,1	480,4	577,8
2. Loans to local governments and funds	11,4	93,5	122,5	125,1	293,2	623,5	626,7	676,4	767,4	761,9	743,7	721,5
3. Loans to enterprises	4 575,6	8 480,2	11 474,5	15 029,5	22 925,8	27 660,0	23 497,2	22 630,0	24 594,1	24 466,8	24 352,5	24 502,1
4. Loans to households	1 901,2	3 499,9	4 733,0	6 604,5	12 752,2	17 672,5	17 809,8	18 016,7	18 837,9	18 690,7	18 828,8	19 033,8
5. Loans to other banking institutions	10,0	-	-	-	-	0,4	-	-	40,9	42,2	34,7	33,8
6. Loans to other financial institutions	4,1	35,1	61,3	89,0	166,6	114,2	103,9	100,9	120,2	110,1	120,2	125,8
A. Total (1+2+3+4+5+6)	6 638,0	12 140,0	16 426,4	21 859,7	36 212,4	46 703,7	42 470,5	41 929,7	44 883,5	44 748,3	44 764,9	45 235,7
LOANS IN F/C												
1. Loans to central government and funds	796,0	765,2	773,9	190,2	679,9	637,4	611,7	904,4	697,1	757,0	684,0	685,2
1.1. Loans to central government	598,1	529,9	678,8	187,9	678,6	624,5	598,2	890,9	687,4	747,3	674,3	675,4
1.2. Loans to central government funds	197,9	235,2	95,1	2,3	1,3	13,0	13,5	13,5	9,7	9,7	9,8	9,8
2. Loans to local governments and funds	-	19,4	21,4	18,9	13,1	30,5	87,5	85,2	85,4	85,4	121,0	121,1
3. Loans to enterprises	10 137,7	10 067,9	11 013,5	8 054,3	8 382,3	9 009,8	8 721,8	8 256,0	9 178,1	9 234,9	9 291,5	9 337,0
4. Loans to households	0,9	3,1	10,4	11,3	46,8	46,0	38,9	39,8	58,5	59,0	63,5	65,6
5. Loans to other banking institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,7	1,5	1,5	1,7
6. Loans to other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B. Total (1+2+3+4+5+6)	10 934,6	10 855,5	11 819,2	8 274,7	9 122,0	9 723,8	9 459,8	9 285,3	10 020,8	10 137,8	10 161,6	10 210,5
TOTAL (A+B)	17 572,7	22 995,5	28 245,6	30 134,4	45 334,4	56 427,5	51 930,3	51 215,0	54 904,3	54 886,1	54 926,5	55 446,2

¹⁾ In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics.

In April 1999 those banks' loans amounted to 4 463.3 million kuna.

Table D6: Demand Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999					
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	May ¹⁾	June	July	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.
1. Local governments and funds	142,5	512,8	495,3	683,8	484,2	514,3	398,0	457,2	290,2	320,2	351,4	351,8
2. Enterprises	1 264,7	2 678,2	3 161,9	4 489,2	5 692,8	4 794,2	4 512,4	4 450,2	4 606,9	5 010,8	4 721,5	4 670,9
3. Households	327,9	764,1	1 168,8	1 661,3	2 235,7	2 492,2	2 437,1	2 565,7	2 699,8	2 809,7	2 749,4	2 742,2
4. Other banking institutions	2,8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,3	4,9	6,0	6,2
5. Other financial institutions	42,6	47,5	79,6	208,2	203,8	190,0	181,6	214,9	196,8	219,6	197,5	215,4
6. Less: Checks of other banks and checks in collection	- 21,8	- 32,7	- 35,5	- 35,0	- 192,6	- 181,8	- 19,2	- 29,3	- 3,8	- 3,2	- 2,3	- 2,4
Total (1+2+3+4+5+6)	1 758,7	3 969,7	4 870,0	7 007,5	8 423,8	7 808,9	7 509,9	7 658,6	7 794,1	8 361,9	8 023,5	7 984,2

¹⁾ In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics.

In April 1999 Demand deposits with those banks amounted to 259.3 million kuna.

Table D7: Time and Savings Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999					
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	May ¹⁾	June	July ²⁾	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.
1. Savings deposits	215,2	393,9	497,7	719,3	1 115,7	1 117,5	1 021,6	1 077,9	1 294,4	1 352,3	1 290,5	1 298,4
1.1. Local governments and funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97,7	99,5	106,5	107,0
1.2. Enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79,9	87,9	73,1	79,5
1.3. Households	215,2	393,9	497,7	719,3	1 115,7	1 117,5	1 021,6	1 077,9	1 093,0	1 144,3	1 085,3	1 092,4
1.4. Other banking institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,9
1.5. Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,9	17,6	22,8	16,6
2. Time and notice deposits	1 250,8	1 651,7	1 660,2	2 667,3	4 483,2	4 566,3	3 922,6	3 899,3	3 576,6	3 725,5	3 961,9	4 043,9
2.1. Local governments and funds	41,8	121,0	81,2	89,7	102,6	185,3	200,5	191,3	162,6	173,7	181,8	187,1
2.2. Enterprises	680,0	886,6	830,2	1 054,7	1 785,0	1 569,2	1 316,4	1 365,5	1 272,0	1 386,0	1 419,8	1 587,1
2.3. Households	408,1	437,2	547,1	1 124,3	1 962,1	1 998,7	1 656,9	1 605,7	1 474,5	1 475,0	1 520,5	1 535,6
2.4. Other banking institutions	4,6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,7	14,9	18,4	18,0
2.5. Other financial institutions	116,3	206,9	201,7	398,6	633,6	813,1	748,8	736,7	652,7	676,0	821,4	716,0
Total (1+2)	1 466,1	2 045,6	2 158,0	3 386,6	5 598,9	5 683,8	4 944,1	4 977,2	4 871,0	5 077,8	5 252,5	5 342,3

¹⁾ In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics.

In April 1999 Time and Savings Deposits with those banks amounted to 323.7 million kuna.

Table D8: Foreign Currency Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999					
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	May ¹⁾	June	July	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.
1. Savings deposits	3 843,4	5 483,9	7 952,1	9 242,8	10 750,3	12 140,3	11 186,3	11 435,0	11 695,4	11 906,1	11 972,8	11 872,8
1.1. Local governments and funds	4,0	2,1	6,0	10,5	111,7	19,5	42,5	57,1	54,1	55,1	44,4	28,8
1.2. Enterprises	1 302,0	1 460,9	1 498,0	1 762,8	1 969,4	2 091,9	1 734,0	1 946,0	2 004,7	2 048,7	2 095,0	2 032,0
1.3. Households	2 533,7	3 991,5	6 419,8	7 419,9	8 616,2	9 976,4	9 296,1	9 309,2	9 519,4	9 676,6	9 708,1	9 726,4
1.4. Other banking institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,6	11,3	10,6	6,2
1.5. Other financial institutions	3,6	29,3	28,3	49,5	52,9	52,5	113,7	122,7	107,7	114,3	114,6	79,5
2. Time deposits	1 568,9	3 299,4	6 147,3	12 574,7	20 527,8	25 830,6	23 380,6	23 535,5	23 491,1	23 688,7	24 021,8	24 292,2
2.1. Local governments and funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,7	12,1	12,1	18,4
2.2. Enterprises	224,6	547,2	743,7	1 160,1	1 457,2	1 579,4	1 613,6	1 762,2	1 549,5	1 507,2	1 548,2	1 576,1
2.3. Households	1 308,0	2 649,6	5 276,4	11 209,1	18 849,8	23 994,7	21 538,0	21 621,9	21 750,4	21 990,9	22 280,6	22 471,9
2.4. Other banking institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,7	4,3	4,4	3,5
2.5. Other financial institutions	36,3	102,6	127,2	205,5	220,8	256,5	229,1	151,4	175,8	174,2	176,5	222,3
Total (1 + 2)	5 412,3	8 783,3	14 099,4	21 817,5	31 278,1	37 970,9	34 567,0	34 970,5	35 186,5	35 594,8	35 994,6	36 165,0

¹⁾ In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics.

In April 1999 Foreign Currency Deposits with those banks amounted to 3 443.7 million kuna.

Table D9: Bonds and Money Market Instruments

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999					
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	May ¹⁾	June	July ²⁾	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.
1. Money market instruments (net)	3,3	1,5	0,2	0,9	7,0	4,5	1,4	1,6	3,4	2,8	2,7	2,8
2. Bonds (net)	12,8	47,8	42,9	55,6	19,1	24,1	42,8	42,8	420,4	460,8	434,8	428,5
3. Other domestic borrowing	32,2	159,2	87,6	71,6	107,5	125,6	87,8	93,6	74,7	72,6	73,2	64,0
3.1. Local governments and funds	0,8	14,8	9,9	7,3	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	-	-	-	-
3.2. Enterprises	3,9	27,8	6,3	8,3	29,9	22,5	14,1	15,8	13,2	13,5	13,2	12,0
3.3. Other banking institutions	1,3	-	-	-	-	54,2	50,8	54,2	39,2	35,7	34,8	34,9
3.4. Other financial institutions	26,3	116,6	71,4	55,9	77,6	48,9	22,9	23,6	22,2	23,4	25,2	17,1
Total (1+2+3)	48,3	208,5	130,7	128,1	133,6	154,1	132,0	138,0	498,5	536,2	510,7	495,3

¹⁾ In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics.

In April 1999 those banks' Bonds and Money Market Instruments amounted to 9 million kuna.

Table D10: Deposit Money Banks' Foreign Liabilities

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999					
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	May ¹⁾	June	July	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.
1. Foreign liabilities in f/c	11 970,5	13 101,0	15 107,7	12 380,7	13 540,1	15 878,2	16 291,6	16 214,9	16 428,3	16 487,5	16 490,6	16 526,5
1.1. Liabilities to foreign banks	10 404,0	10 828,1	11 995,8	9 365,4	8 979,3	10 557,0	11 239,8	11 214,9	11 323,0	11 259,6	11 448,4	11 426,0
Current accounts	219,8	107,8	119,0	206,3	300,9	242,3	217,1	158,9	258,8	283,9	277,6	252,8
Time and notice deposits	298,1	371,4	1 152,8	979,6	2 365,5	411,5	426,0	631,8	719,4	776,7	949,3	948,5
Loans and advances	9 886,1	10 348,9	10 724,0	8 179,4	6 313,0	9 903,2	10 596,7	10 424,2	10 344,8	10 199,0	10 221,4	10 224,7
1.2. Liabilities to foreign nonbanks	1 566,5	2 272,9	3 111,9	3 015,3	4 560,8	5 321,2	5 051,8	4 999,9	5 105,3	5 227,9	5 042,2	5 100,5
Savings and time deposits	450,5	609,0	1 204,2	1 496,8	2 056,8	2 892,6	2 473,1	2 393,7	2 393,4	2 512,0	2 320,5	2 373,7
Sight deposits	373,6	401,2	654,2	667,6	608,4	620,5	563,3	611,5	622,2	661,4	617,9	645,8
Time and notice deposits	76,9	207,8	549,9	829,2	1 448,4	2 272,1	1 909,8	1 782,2	1 771,2	1 850,6	1 702,7	1 728,0
Loans and advances	1 116,0	1 663,9	1 907,8	1 518,5	2 504,0	2 428,6	2 578,7	2 606,2	2 711,9	2 715,9	2 721,7	2 726,8
2. Foreign liabilities in kuna	95,9	33,9	42,3	86,7	266,9	298,6	140,8	168,8	153,4	148,8	102,6	123,7
2.1. Liabilities to foreign banks	1,0	4,8	7,5	30,9	187,1	156,3	68,9	93,2	75,8	23,3	29,4	50,1
Demand deposits	1,0	4,8	6,4	27,0	52,3	70,5	28,2	51,3	72,3	19,5	25,6	38,0
Time and notice deposits	-	-	1,1	3,9	128,4	85,8	40,7	41,9	3,1	3,2	3,2	7,9
Loans and advances	-	-	-	-	6,4	-	-	-	0,3	0,7	0,7	4,2
2.2. Liabilities to foreign nonbanks	94,9	29,1	34,8	55,8	79,9	142,3	71,9	75,5	77,6	125,5	73,1	73,6
Demand deposits	27,1	20,7	29,6	22,1	42,0	41,0	34,3	35,8	44,5	90,0	38,4	36,6
Time and notice deposits	0,2	2,2	0,1	29,4	33,1	96,1	32,3	34,4	32,7	35,3	34,6	36,9
Loans and advances	67,5	6,3	5,1	4,3	4,8	5,2	5,3	5,3	0,4	0,1	0,1	0,1
Total (1+2)	12 066,4	13 134,8	15 150,0	12 467,4	13 807,1	16 176,8	16 432,4	16 383,7	16 581,7	16 636,3	16 593,1	16 650,2

¹⁾ In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics.

In April 1999 those banks' Foreign Liabilities amounted to 1 024.6 million kuna.

Table D11: Central Government and Funds Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999					
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	May ¹⁾	June	July	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.
1. In kuna	1 122,1	1 517,1	1 760,4	1 585,3	2 386,3	3 033,3	3 122,4	3 179,1	3 239,7	3 272,8	3 149,5	3 227,2
1.1. Central government deposits	494,0	183,1	179,3	131,2	82,1	130,1	126,8	126,7	232,4	218,8	255,3	270,2
Demand deposits	445,5	16,9	17,9	23,3	31,7	4,5	12,4	9,1	96,4	52,2	53,8	62,6
Savings deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,8	15,7	16,1	26,7
Time and notice deposits	32,1	150,5	126,5	77,4	21,7	100,4	87,0	90,0	95,6	116,3	149,8	145,2
Loans and advances	16,3	15,7	34,9	30,5	28,7	25,2	27,4	27,6	34,5	34,5	35,6	35,6
1.2. Central government funds deposits	628,1	1 334,0	1 581,1	1 454,1	2 304,2	2 903,2	2 995,6	3 052,4	3 007,3	3 054,0	2 894,2	2 957,1
Demand deposits	187,4	352,8	253,2	102,8	85,7	83,0	39,6	72,1	82,8	95,2	45,4	84,4
Savings deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,9	8,5	4,8	3,8
Time and notice deposits	43,3	130,1	200,7	38,0	19,4	33,9	49,3	50,2	55,8	57,9	75,1	77,9
Loans and advances	397,4	851,1	1 127,2	1 313,3	2 199,1	2 786,4	2 906,7	2 930,0	2 865,9	2 892,4	2 768,9	2 790,9
2. In f/c	315,8	157,9	265,2	135,7	4 488,4	4 265,0	4 928,0	4 966,9	5 008,1	5 105,4	5 092,6	5 131,4
2.1. Central government deposits	315,8	118,8	145,4	54,2	4 483,7	4 249,5	4 883,8	4 943,0	4 985,1	5 083,1	5 073,6	5 110,4
Savings deposits	315,8	118,8	134,3	48,8	160,1	83,2	129,8	139,2	101,4	89,7	89,0	79,1
Time and notice deposits	-	-	11,1	5,3	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	9,5	9,5	9,6	10,8
Refinanced loans and advances	-	-	-	-	4 323,5	4 166,2	4 753,9	4 803,7	4 874,2	4 983,9	4 975,1	5 020,5
2.2. Central government funds deposits	0,0	39,1	119,8	81,5	4,7	15,5	44,2	23,9	23,0	22,3	19,0	21,0
Savings deposits	0,0	39,1	21,2	58,2	4,7	8,0	29,4	17,9	19,2	19,3	17,8	14,8
Time and notice deposits	-	-	98,6	23,4	-	7,5	14,8	6,1	3,8	3,0	1,1	6,1
Total (1+2)	1 437,8	1 675,0	2 025,6	1 720,9	6 874,7	7 298,3	8 050,4	8 146,0	8 247,7	8 378,2	8 242,1	8 358,6

¹⁾ In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics.

In April 1999 Central Government and Funds Deposits with those banks amounted to 193.5 million kuna.

Table D12: Restricted and Blocked Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

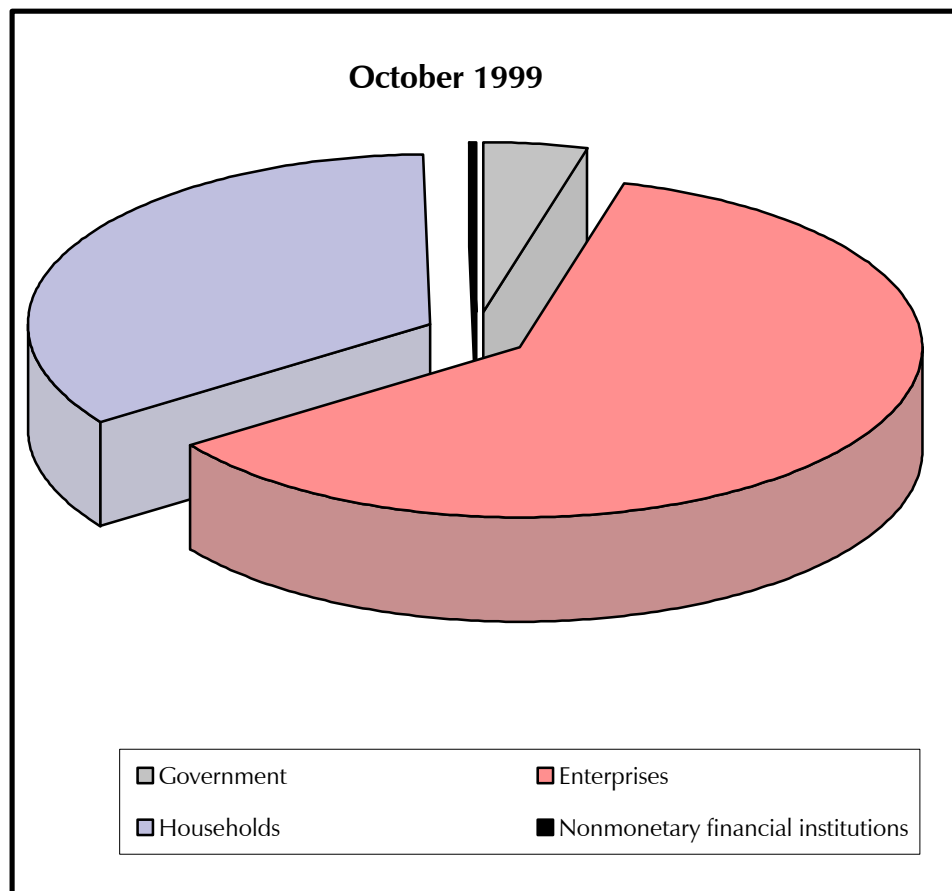
End of period, million kuna

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999					
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	May ¹⁾	June	July ²⁾	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.
1. Restricted deposits	404,1	595,9	693,4	891,8	1 199,4	700,6	753,8	839,6	826,7	845,6	728,6	733,3
1.1. In Kuna	79,6	162,9	277,8	251,0	260,9	202,5	221,2	240,1	157,9	75,8	59,3	91,4
1.2. In f/c	324,5	433,0	415,6	640,8	938,5	498,0	532,6	599,6	668,8	769,8	669,3	641,9
2. Blocked f/c deposits	13 857,4	11 491,8	9 969,0	7 331,8	4 652,9	3 495,5	3 212,6	3 199,2	2 844,1	2 807,4	2 798,7	2 759,5
2.1. Central government	-	19,6	67,9	66,8	69,9	74,0	81,5	81,9	-	-	-	-
2.2. Enterprises	-	1,6	88,7	94,5	9,1	2,4	5,2	6,8	-	-	-	-
2.3. Households	13 857,4	11 470,6	9 812,5	7 170,6	4 573,8	3 419,1	3 125,8	3 110,5	2 844,1	2 807,4	2 798,7	2 759,5
Total (1+2)	14 261,5	12 087,7	10 662,4	8 223,6	5 852,3	4 196,0	3 966,4	4 038,8	3 670,8	3 653,0	3 527,2	3 492,8

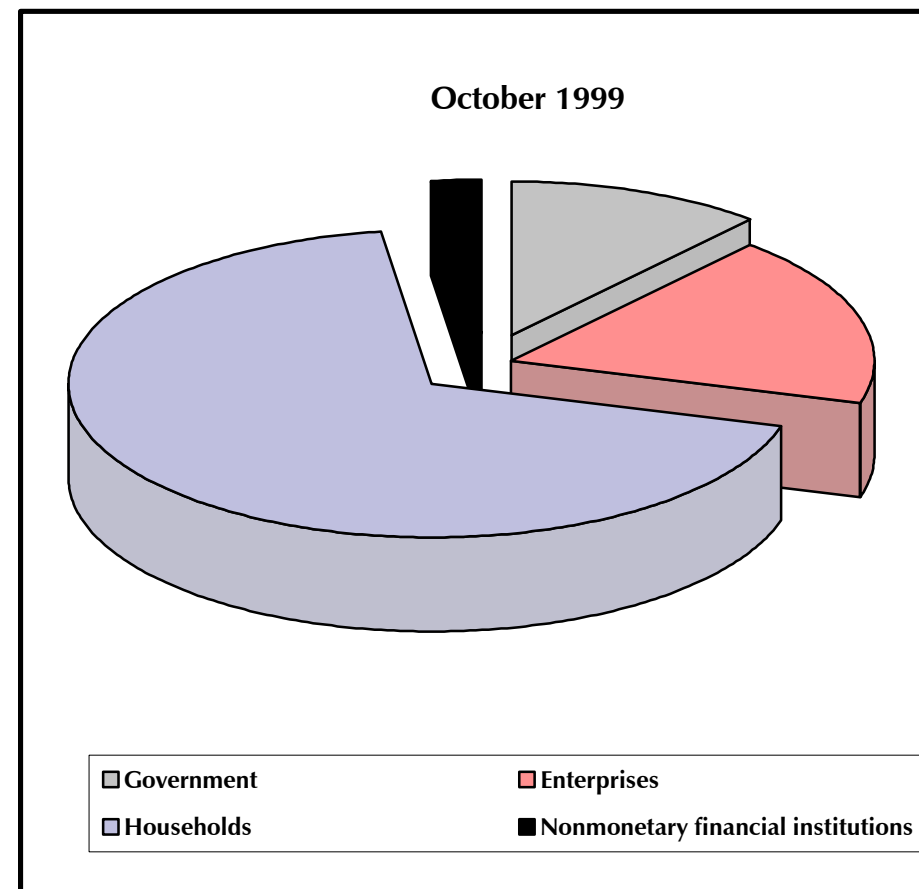
¹⁾ In May 1999 banks bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated over few banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics.

In April 1999 Restricted and Blocked deposits with those banks amounted to 39.9 million kuna.

Graph D1: Distribution of Deposit Money Banks' Credits



Graph D2: Distribution of Deposit Money Banks' Deposits



Note:

Sector "Government" include central and local government.

Sector "Nonmonetary financial institutions" include other banking institutions and other financial institutions.

Table F1: Credit Rates of the Croatian National Bank

In percentage, on annual basis

Year	Month	CNB Discount Rate	Credit rates						
			On lombard credits ¹⁾	On intervention credits	Intra-day refinance facility ¹⁾	On short-term liquidity credits ¹⁾	On advances on the account of statutory reserves ¹⁾	On inaccurately calculated statutory reserves ¹⁾	On arrears
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1992	December	1 889,39	2 840,09	-	6 881,51	-	4 191,93	6 881,51	4 191,93
1993	December	34,49	46,78	-	289,60	-	101,22	289,60	166,17
1994	December	8,50	18,00	19,00	17,00	14,00	-	19,00	22,00
1995	December	8,50	25,49	19,00	17,00	-	-	19,00	22,00
1996	December	6,50	11,00	19,00	17,00	-	-	19,00	18,00
1997	December	5,90	9,50	19,00	17,00	-	-	19,00	18,00
1998	June	5,90	11,00	19,00	17,00	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	July	5,90	11,00	19,00	17,00	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	August	5,90	11,00	19,00	17,00	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	September	5,90	11,00	19,00	7,00	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	October	5,90	11,00	19,00	7,00	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	November	5,90	11,00	19,00	7,00	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	December	5,90	12,00	19,00	7,00	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
1999	January	5,90	12,00	19,00	7,00	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	February	5,90	12,00	19,00	7,00	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	March	7,90 ²⁾	13,00 ³⁾	19,00	7,00	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	April	7,90	13,00	19,00	7,00	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	May	7,90	13,00	19,00	-	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	June	7,90	13,00	19,00	-	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	July	7,90	13,00	19,00	-	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	August	7,90	13,00	19,00	-	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	September	7,90	13,00	19,00	-	14,00	-	19,00	18,00
	October	7,90	13,00	19,00	-	14,00	-	19,00	18,00

¹⁾ Breaks in the series of data are explained in the Notes of Methodology.

²⁾ Since March 17, 1999.

³⁾ Since March 10, 1999.

Table F2: Deposit Rates of the Croatian National Bank

In percentage, on annual basis

Year	Month	Interest rates on statutory reserves dep. with the CNB ¹⁾	Interest rates on CNB bills on obligatory basis	Interest rates on CNB bills on voluntary basis ¹⁾				Interest rates on CNB bills on voluntary basis in f/c		
				Due in 7 days	Due in 35 days	Due in 91 days	Due in 182 days	Due in 63 days	Due in 91days	Due in 182 days
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	6	7	8
1992	December	367,60	556,66	1 057,67	1 889,39	-	-	-	-	-
1993	December	0,00	-	67,84	63,08	97,38	-	-	-	-
1994	December	5,15	-	9,00	12,00	14,00	-	-	-	-
1995	December	5,50	16,50	12,00	25,54	27,00	-	-	-	-
1996	December	5,50	-	-	8,00	9,50	-	-	-	-
1997	December	4,50	-	-	8,00	9,00	10,00	-	-	-
1998	June	4,50	-	-	9,49	10,50	-	4,13	3,42	-
	July	4,50	-	-	9,49	10,50	11,00	4,43	3,83	-
	August	4,50	-	-	9,50	10,50	11,00	4,36	3,37	-
	September	4,50	-	-	9,50	10,50	11,00	4,29	3,35	-
	October	5,90 ²⁾	-	-	9,50	10,50	11,00	4,52	3,42	-
	November	5,90	-	-	9,50	10,50	11,00	4,37	3,47	-
	December	5,90	-	-	9,50	10,50	11,00	4,60	3,12	3,08
1999	January	5,90	-	-	9,50	10,50	11,00	3,90	2,98	-
	February	5,90	-	-	9,50	10,50	11,50	4,01	2,92	2,87
	March	5,90	-	-	9,71	10,80	11,78	3,81	3,78	-
	April	5,90	-	-	10,06	11,00	12,00	3,95	2,56	-
	May	5,90	-	-	10,09	11,00	12,00	3,44	2,59	-
	June	5,90	-	-	10,10	11,14	12,13	3,93	2,44	5,15
	July	5,90	-	-	10,10	11,18	12,15	4,09	2,54	-
	August	5,90	-	-	10,10	11,25	12,20	3,76	2,51	-
	September	5,90	-	-	10,26	11,31	12,28	4,02	2,69	5,75
	October	5,90	-	-	10,40	11,54	12,39	4,28	4,04	-

¹⁾ Breaks in the series of data are explained in the Notes of Methodology.

²⁾ Since October 26, 1998.

Table F3: Deposit Money Banks' Reserves on Obligatory Basis

Daily averages and percentages, million kuna and %

Year	Month	Reserve requirement (RR)	Weighted average res. requirement in % on res. base	Statutory reserves deposited with the CNB	Statutory reserves deposited with the CNB in % of RR	Other deposits with the CNB on obligatory basis	Total reserve requirement	Total reserve requirement in % of res. base	Weighted avg. remuneration in % of total RR	Use of obligatory reserves
1	2	3	4	5	6=[5/3]*100	7	8=3+7	9	10	11
1993	December	894,9	25,32	804,0	89,84	19,8	914,7	25,88	1,97	143,6
1994	December	1 826,0	26,20	1 779,2	97,44	188,3	2 014,3	28,90	5,63	3,5
1995	December	2 431,8	30,90	2 215,9	91,12	826,5	3 258,4	41,40	7,93	45,9
1996	December	3 652,9	35,91	3 312,0	90,67	-	3 652,9	35,91	5,50	0,1
1997	December	4 348,8	32,02	3 914,2	90,01	-	4 348,8	32,02	4,50	0,5
1998	June	3 991,4	29,70	3 494,9	87,56	190,1	4 181,5	31,12	3,76	8,6
	July	4 079,2	29,70	3 579,3	87,74	125,0	4 204,3	30,61	3,83	11,8
	August	4 205,7	29,67	3 698,5	87,94	95,7	4 301,4	30,34	3,87	6,6
	September	4 373,7	29,66	3 862,5	88,31	101,8	4 475,5	30,35	3,88	19,9
	October	4 216,7	29,66	3 734,3	88,56	94,6	4 311,3	30,32	4,13	4,0
	November	4 016,7	29,62	3 526,5	87,80	68,6	4 085,3	30,12	5,09	14,0
	December	3 967,2	29,57	3 469,8	87,46	57,4	4 024,7	30,00	5,28	9,6
1999	January	3 969,1	29,50	3 441,8	86,72	47,9	4 016,9	29,86	5,66	13,6
	February	3 878,5	29,50	3 388,8	87,37	44,7	3 923,2	29,84	5,74	9,2
	March	3 792,7	30,04	3 307,8	87,21	41,0	3 833,7	30,37	5,63	6,4
	April	3 722,2	30,50	3 258,7	87,55	35,8	3 758,0	30,79	5,61	0,1
	May	3 652,5	30,50	3 208,1	87,83	29,5	3 682,0	30,75	5,62	0,0
	June	3 661,6	30,50	3 211,1	87,70	27,2	3 688,8	30,73	5,59	0,0
	July	3 867,7	30,50	3 386,2	87,55	28,9	3 896,6	30,73	5,58	1,1
	August	3 863,9	30,50	3 398,8	87,96	33,4	3 897,3	30,76	5,59	7,1
	September	4 170,6	30,50	3 666,5	87,91	33,6	4 204,2	30,75	5,60	1,8
	October	4 195,5	30,50	3 695,4	88,08	35,0	4 230,5	30,75	5,72	0,4

Table F4: Deposit Money Banks' Liquidity Indicators

Daily averages and percentages, million kuna and %

Year	Month	Free Reserves	Primary liquidity ratio (in %)	Secondary liquidity sources	CNB bills in kuna	CNB bills in f/c
1	2	3	4	5		6
1993	December	- 18,5	-0,52	188,0	1,9	-
1994	December	119,5	1,72	393,7	210,2	-
1995	December	49,4	0,63	199,4	218,7	-
1996	December	267,9	2,63	98,5	780,9	-
1997	December	396,3	2,92	32,7	728,9	-
1998	June	370,4	2,76	102,3	798,2	759,2
	July	334,0	2,43	361,0	864,7	904,2
	August	363,8	2,57	391,8	966,5	1 100,0
	September	159,5	1,08	533,3	1 070,5	1 178,7
	October	217,4	1,53	527,3	943,0	1 343,8
	November	254,6	1,88	472,5	890,2	1 428,8
	December	221,9	1,65	445,5	850,4	1 377,4
1999	January	177,3	1,32	406,4	772,5	1 425,1
	February	287,2	2,18	955,9	733,6	1 474,1
	March	150,3	1,19	1 622,0	456,9	1 558,6
	April	152,7	1,25	1 571,7	443,3	1 402,6
	May ¹⁾	112,4	0,94	1 397,2	546,7	1 428,0
	June	91,4	0,76	1 276,9	745,0	1 484,0
	July	109,4	0,86	1 253,1	832,7	1 471,3
	August	126,5	1,00	1 389,5	847,5	1 670,0
	September	120,5	0,88	1 375,1	937,0	1 813,0
	October	324,0	2,36	1 134,3	1 255,7	1 702,8

Table G1: Deposit Money Banks' Credit Rates

Weighted averages of monthly interest rates, in % on annual basis

Year	Month	Money market interest rates		Interest rates on credits in Kuna			Interest rates on credits in Kuna indexed to f/c			Interest rates on credits in f/c		
		On daily market	On overnight market	Total average	On short-term credits	On long-term credits	Total average	On short-term credits	On long-term credits	Total average	On short-term credits	On long-term credits
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1992	December	2 182,26	2 182,26	2 332,92	2 384,89	1 166,29	20,41	9,90	21,41	....	....	....
1993	December	86,90	34,49	59,00	59,00	78,97	21,84	19,00	23,14	....	....	....
1994	December	17,76	8,50	15,39	15,43	13,82	11,99	12,38	11,65	....	....	....
1995	December	27,15	27,26	22,32	22,56	13,48	19,56	21,62	14,33	15,73	16,56	12,27
1996	December	10,41	9,66	18,46	19,35	11,51	18,97	22,56	12,12	19,28	21,11	10,95
1997	December	9,41	8,46	14,06	14,12	13,24	14,40	16,92	12,25	13,56	14,58	10,05
1998	June	17,51	10,00	16,97	17,03	14,85	14,89	16,92	12,42	14,90	15,43	13,71
	July	16,92	10,00	16,02	16,03	15,66	14,95	16,97	12,65	5,41	4,71	7,24
	August	16,60	10,00	15,74	15,81	14,26	15,22	16,98	12,84	5,82	5,40	6,74
	September	14,49	10,00	15,55	15,61	13,80	13,39	14,76	11,65	7,44	8,50	5,55
	October	15,57	10,00	16,31	16,36	13,81	14,32	15,52	12,13	7,44	8,37	6,04
	November	16,09	10,00	16,41	16,62	13,28	13,60	15,00	11,51	7,05	7,85	5,68
	December	15,81	10,00	16,06	16,22	11,73	13,04	14,28	11,15	6,96	8,29	5,92
1999	January	16,13	10,00	16,13	16,19	11,90	13,90	15,08	11,15	6,91	7,73	6,12
	February	15,50	10,00	16,92	16,98	12,18	13,62	14,91	11,58	6,30	6,99	5,08
	March	15,47	10,00	16,25	16,42	11,62	13,22	14,49	10,73	5,72	6,25	4,79
	April	15,21	10,00	16,01	16,17	10,81	13,42	14,76	11,00	6,32	6,58	5,92
	May	14,55	10,00	16,56	16,60	15,33	13,40	14,64	11,31	5,54	5,74	5,07
	June	12,37	10,00	14,16	14,56	9,99	13,34	14,66	11,11	5,24	5,14	5,47
	July	12,60	10,00	14,56	14,57	13,67	12,68	13,75	10,83	6,64	6,29	6,95
	August	12,80	10,00	14,55	14,54	17,17	13,11	13,87	10,89	5,65	4,87	6,87
	September	12,90	10,00	14,02	14,03	13,25	12,93	13,82	10,58	6,00	5,68	6,42
	October	11,55	8,83	13,28	13,36	10,29	12,73	13,99	10,88	6,30	6,25	6,38
Relative significance ¹⁾		5,55	42,72	28,85	28,06	0,79	19,78	11,75	8,02	3,10	1,86	1,24

¹⁾ This data represent percentages of related credits in total credits included in calculation of weighted averages of monthly interest rates (for the last month included in the table).

Table G2: Deposit Money Banks' Deposit Rates

Weighted averages of monthly interest rates, in % on annual basis

Year	Month	Interest rates on deposits in Kuna			Interest rates on time and sav. dep. in Kuna ind. to f/c	Interest rates on deposits in f/c		
		Total average	On demand deposits	On time and savings deposits ¹⁾		Total average	On demand deposits	On time and savings deposits ¹⁾
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1992	December	434,47	184,69	1 867,18	6,04	....	....	....
1993	December	27,42	18,16	52,16	5,91	....	....	....
1994	December	5,03	3,55	9,65	6,95	....	....	....
1995	December	6,10	3,88	13,65	12,69	4,57	2,82	6,83
1996	December	4,15	2,19	10,19	9,46	5,09	1,44	7,77
1997	December	4,35	2,19	9,10	7,63	4,77	1,75	6,36
1998	June	4,68	2,40	9,51	9,63	5,60	1,70	7,49
	July	4,66	2,35	9,55	9,17	5,30	1,68	7,09
	August	4,66	2,34	9,73	9,87	5,25	1,78	7,08
	September	4,80	2,32	9,88	7,36	4,33	1,77	5,60
	October	4,62	2,30	9,16	7,54	4,36	1,75	5,65
	November	4,59	2,33	9,07	7,13	4,42	2,10	5,54
	December	4,11	2,31	7,73	7,47	3,98	2,09	4,89
1999	January	4,48	2,28	8,66	6,49	4,34	2,15	5,41
	February	4,57	2,24	8,73	6,99	4,21	2,05	5,27
	March	4,51	2,23	8,92	7,47	4,05	1,96	5,11
	April	4,34	2,21	8,53	6,46	4,17	1,96	5,31
	May	4,33	2,21	9,14	7,35	4,18	1,89	5,30
	June	4,17	2,21	8,66	6,22	4,05	1,90	5,11
	July	4,08	2,21	8,60	5,91	3,91	1,87	4,91
	August	4,13	2,22	8,88	6,24	4,27	1,78	5,50
	September	4,28*	2,23	8,89	6,64	4,09	1,80	5,24
	October	4,35	2,21	9,03	5,43	4,33	1,80	5,56

¹⁾ From December 1992 through June 1995 in column 5 data represent weighted averages of monthly interest rates on End-of-Month outstanding deposits.

Since July 1995 data represent weighted averages of monthly interest rates on new deposits in reporting month.

Table G3: Commercial Banks' Trade with Foreign Exchange

Million EUR, current exchange rate

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999						
						May	June	July	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.
A. Purchases of foreign exchange												
1. Legal persons	1 463,0	1 685,2	2 011,2	2 506,4	3 186,0	230,4	232,3	306,2	213,9	258,4	244,6	235,2
2. Natural persons	1 728,2	1 815,0	2 124,9	2 093,4	2 273,5	188,0	212,6	263,7	270,5	178,6	146,5	126,2
2.1. Residents	1 284,8	1 487,4	1 749,7	1 695,5	1 854,5	164,2	175,4					
2.2. Non-residents	443,4	327,6	375,2	397,9	419,1	23,8	37,2					
3. Commercial banks	191,7	306,7	392,7	1 002,3	1 138,2	92,7	80,1	185,8	169,6	124,7	89,4	95,5
4. Croatian National Bank	221,9	170,8	61,4	57,1	582,2	33,8	63,3			51,8	74,1	110,8
Total (1+2+3+4)	3 604,8	3 977,8	4 590,2	5 659,1	7 179,9	544,8	588,3	755,7	653,9	613,5	554,6	567,7
B. Sales of foreign exchange												
1. Legal persons	1 966,3	2 556,7	3 415,3	4 513,7	4 656,0	344,3	392,5	398,3	385,1	414,4	397,2	385,4
2. Natural persons	624,7	768,3	797,8	925,9	1 011,8	48,8	48,0	52,3	51,5	55,9	63,4	73,1
2.1. Residents	624,7	768,3	797,8	925,2	1 011,5	48,8	48,0					
2.2. Non-residents	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,7	0,3	0,0	0,0					
3. Commercial banks	191,7	306,7	391,7	1 002,3	1 138,2	92,7	80,1	185,8	169,6	124,7	89,4	95,5
4. Croatian National Bank	719,4	339,1	345,7	257,8	217,0	4,6	0,6	9,7	8,6	6,1	0,5	1,0
Total (1+2+3+4)	3 502,1	3 970,8	4 950,5	6 699,7	7 022,9	490,3	521,2	646,1	614,7	601,1	550,5	555,0
C. Net purchasing (A-B)												
1. Legal persons	- 503,4	- 871,5	-1 404,1	-2 007,4	-1 470,1	- 113,9	- 160,2	- 92,1	- 171,2	- 156,1	- 152,6	- 150,2
2. Natural persons	1 103,5	1 046,7	1 327,2	1 167,5	1 261,7	139,2	164,5	211,4	219,0	122,7	83,1	53,2
2.1. Residents	660,1	719,1	952,0	770,3	843,0	115,4	127,3					
2.2. Non-residents	443,4	327,6	375,2	397,3	418,7	23,8	37,2					
3. Croatian National Bank	- 497,5	- 168,3	- 284,3	- 200,7	365,2	29,2	62,7	- 9,7	- 8,6	45,7	73,6	109,8
Total (1+2+3)	102,7	6,9	- 361,3	-1 040,6	156,8	54,5	67,0	109,6	39,2	12,3	4,1	12,8
Memo: Other Croatian National Bank transactions												
Purchases of foreign exchange	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Sales of foreign exchange	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	171,0	0,0	0,0	48,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

Table H1: Balance of Payments - Summary (preliminary data upon the 2nd phase of revision)

Million US dollars

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1 9 9 8				1999	
							Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
A. CURRENT ACCOUNT (1+6)	606,1	826,1	-1 451,5	-1 147,5	-2 342,6	-1 542,9	- 670,4	- 613,9	391,5	- 650,1	- 541,5	- 495,1
1. Goods, services, and income (2+5)	276,9	297,0	-2 255,5	-2 179,9	-3 214,3	-2 251,0	- 882,7	- 791,9	233,5	- 809,9	- 680,2	- 618,8
1.1. Credit	6 317,7	7 266,5	7 302,8	8 112,6	8 586,4	8 971,7	1 733,1	2 081,4	3 132,2	2 025,1	1 640,6	1 955,2
1.2. Debit	-6 040,9	-6 969,5	-9 558,3	-10 292,5	-11 800,7	-11 222,7	-2 615,8	-2 873,2	-2 898,7	-2 835,0	-2 320,8	-2 574,0
2. Goods and services (3+4)	396,4	461,5	-2 226,9	-2 110,2	-3 193,4	-2 085,9	- 827,3	- 753,0	290,4	- 795,9	- 619,0	- 549,5
2.1. Credit	6 189,6	7 117,5	7 084,0	7 842,7	8 221,3	8 576,9	1 638,5	1 982,4	3 020,6	1 935,4	1 562,3	1 902,6
2.2. Debit	-5 793,1	-6 656,0	-9 310,9	-9 953,0	-11 414,7	-10 662,7	-2 465,8	-2 735,4	-2 730,2	-2 731,4	-2 181,3	-2 452,1
3. Goods	- 741,7	-1 171,8	-3 268,0	-3 690,2	-5 224,3	-4 160,7	- 881,1	-1 162,8	-1 055,2	-1 061,6	- 663,7	- 956,9
3.1. Credit	3 903,8	4 260,4	4 632,7	4 545,7	4 210,3	4 612,7	1 101,7	1 114,5	1 187,5	1 209,1	982,2	1 038,7
3.2. Debit	-4 645,5	-5 432,2	-7 900,7	-8 235,9	-9 434,6	-8 773,4	-1 982,8	-2 277,2	-2 242,7	-2 270,7	-1 645,9	-1 995,6
4. Services	1 138,1	1 633,3	1 041,1	1 580,0	2 030,9	2 074,8	53,8	409,8	1 345,6	265,7	44,7	407,5
4.1. Credit	2 285,8	2 857,1	2 451,3	3 297,0	4 011,0	3 964,1	536,8	867,9	1 833,1	726,3	580,1	863,9
4.2. Debit	-1 147,7	-1 223,8	-1 410,2	-1 717,0	-1 980,1	-1 889,3	- 483,0	- 458,2	- 487,5	- 460,6	- 535,4	- 456,5
5. Income	- 119,6	- 164,5	- 28,6	- 69,7	- 20,9	- 165,1	- 55,4	- 38,9	- 56,9	- 14,0	- 61,2	- 69,3
5.1. Credit	128,2	149,0	218,8	269,8	365,1	394,9	94,6	99,0	111,6	89,7	78,3	52,6
5.2. Debit	- 247,7	- 313,4	- 247,4	- 339,5	- 386,0	- 560,0	- 150,0	- 137,8	- 168,5	- 103,7	- 139,4	- 121,9
6. Current transfers	329,2	529,1	804,0	1 032,3	871,7	708,1	212,3	177,9	158,1	159,8	138,7	123,7
6.1. Credit	509,0	671,9	972,9	1 183,1	966,3	921,1	249,8	219,9	222,9	228,5	200,4	197,2
6.2..Debit	- 179,8	- 142,8	- 168,8	- 150,8	- 94,6	- 213,1	- 37,5	- 42,0	- 64,9	- 68,7	- 61,7	- 73,4
B. CAPITAL AND FINANCIAL ACCOUNT	- 380,8	- 256,2	1 286,9	2 113,7	2 747,2	1 527,8	210,3	541,8	- 288,4	1 064,2	705,8	315,3
B1. Capital account	0,0	0,0	0,0	16,2	21,5	19,1	5,4	5,8	4,2	3,7	5,3	5,6
B2. Financial account, excl. reserves	70,9	502,6	1 535,6	2 576,5	3 136,3	1 622,8	154,5	615,3	- 252,3	1 105,3	459,4	531,9
1. Direct investment	77,8	106,3	95,7	509,1	301,7	780,5	61,1	441,1	122,3	156,1	91,9	129,4
1.1. Abroad	- 18,5	- 6,8	- 5,6	- 24,4	- 185,3	- 92,5	- 48,0	- 17,3	- 20,9	- 6,3	- 12,6	- 0,5
1.2. In Croatia	96,3	113,1	101,2	533,4	487,0	873,0	109,1	458,4	143,2	162,3	104,5	129,9
2. Portfolio investment	- 0,1	8,6	4,8	631,6	664,8	25,1	75,7	1,3	- 34,1	- 17,8	319,1	- 12,4
2.1. Assets	- 0,5	1,0	0,1	6,2	11,1	- 0,1	- 0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	- 0,1	0,0
2.2. Liabilities	0,4	7,7	4,6	625,4	653,6	25,2	75,8	1,4	- 34,1	- 17,8	319,2	- 12,4
3. Other investment	- 6,8	387,7	1 435,2	1 435,9	2 169,8	817,2	17,7	172,9	- 340,4	967,0	48,4	414,9
3.1. Assets	- 148,8	11,4	429,5	850,8	190,4	368,2	292,1	136,4	- 469,2	408,9	392,5	- 207,7
3.2. Liabilities	142,0	376,3	1 005,6	585,1	1 979,5	449,0	- 274,4	36,5	128,8	558,1	- 344,0	622,6
B3. Reserve Assets (CNB)	- 451,7	- 758,9	- 248,7	- 479,1	- 410,6	- 114,1	50,4	- 79,4	- 40,3	- 44,8	241,2	- 222,2
C. NET ERRORS AND OMISSIONS	- 225,3	- 569,9	164,6	- 966,2	- 404,6	15,1	460,1	72,2	- 103,1	- 414,1	- 164,4	179,7

Table H2: Balance of Payments - Goods and Services (preliminary data upon the 2nd phase of revision)

Million US dollars

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1 9 9 8				1999	
							Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
1. Goods	- 741,7	-1 171,8	-3 268,0	-3 690,2	-5 224,3	-4 160,7	- 881,1	-1 162,8	-1 055,2	-1 061,6	- 663,7	- 956,9
1.1. Credit	3 903,8	4 260,4	4 632,7	4 545,7	4 210,3	4 612,7	1 101,7	1 114,5	1 187,5	1 209,1	982,2	1 038,7
1.1.1. Exports f.o.b. in trade statistics	3 903,8	4 260,4	4 632,7	4 511,8	4 170,7	4 541,1	1 080,4	1 095,3	1 171,9	1 193,5	961,4	1 017,6
1.1.2. Adjustments for coverage	0,0	0,0	0,0	33,9	39,6	71,6	21,3	19,2	15,6	15,6	20,8	21,0
1.2. Debit	-4 645,5	-5 432,2	-7 900,7	-8 235,9	-9 434,6	-8 773,4	-1 982,8	-2 277,2	-2 242,7	-2 270,7	-1 645,9	-1 995,6
1.2.1. Imports cif in trade statistics	-4 666,4	-5 229,3	-7 509,9	-7 787,9	-9 104,0	-8 383,1	-1 930,5	-2 188,5	-2 126,1	-2 138,0	-1 665,7	-2 032,2
1.2.2. Adjustments for coverage	- 310,4	- 574,2	- 924,0	-1 001,0	- 977,0	- 985,5	- 189,4	- 244,1	- 267,6	- 284,5	- 98,5	- 107,7
1.2.3. Adjustments for classification	331,3	371,3	533,2	552,9	646,4	595,2	137,1	155,4	150,9	151,8	118,3	144,3
2. Services	1 138,1	1 633,3	1 041,1	1 580,0	2 030,9	2 074,8	53,8	409,8	1 345,6	265,7	44,7	407,5
2.1. Transportation	314,4	321,0	313,8	310,0	282,5	227,6	61,8	55,0	52,9	57,9	15,3	20,8
2.1.1. Credit	646,2	665,1	707,3	710,6	681,5	565,7	145,4	140,9	136,9	142,5	109,1	119,5
2.1.2. Debit	- 331,8	- 344,0	- 393,5	- 400,6	- 399,0	- 338,1	- 83,6	- 86,0	- 84,0	- 84,6	- 93,8	- 98,7
2.2. Travel	935,2	1 405,5	924,3	1 503,9	1 999,7	2 133,2	78,0	408,8	1 395,1	251,3	79,7	425,8
2.2.1. Credit	1 309,8	1 801,4	1 345,9	2 014,3	2 529,8	2 733,4	245,1	562,4	1 554,2	371,7	307,4	556,0
2.2.2. Debit	- 374,6	- 395,9	- 421,6	- 510,4	- 530,1	- 600,3	- 167,1	- 153,7	- 159,1	- 120,4	- 227,7	- 130,2
2.3. Other services	- 111,6	- 93,2	- 196,9	- 233,9	- 251,4	- 286,0	- 86,0	- 54,0	- 102,5	- 43,5	- 50,4	- 39,1
2.3.1. Credit	329,7	390,7	398,2	572,1	799,6	665,0	146,3	164,6	141,9	212,2	163,6	188,5
2.3.2. Debit	- 441,3	- 483,9	- 595,1	- 806,0	-1 051,0	- 951,0	- 232,3	- 218,6	- 244,4	- 255,7	- 214,0	- 227,5
Total (1+2)	396,4	461,5	-2 226,9	-2 110,2	-3 193,4	-2 085,9	- 827,3	- 753,0	290,4	- 795,9	- 619,0	- 549,5

Table H3: Balance of Payments - Income and Current Transfers (preliminary data upon the 2nd phase of revision)

Million US dollars

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1 9 9 8				1999	
							Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
1. Income	- 119,6	- 164,5	- 28,6	- 69,7	- 20,9	- 165,1	- 55,4	- 38,9	- 56,9	- 14,0	- 61,2	- 69,3
1.1. Compensation of employees	17,1	35,3	38,7	38,9	55,6	69,7	16,0	16,3	19,7	17,7	16,2	14,3
1.1.1. Credit	17,1	35,3	38,7	46,7	70,2	81,0	18,3	18,8	22,6	21,4	19,7	17,3
1.1.2. Debit	0,0	0,0	0,0	- 7,8	- 14,6	- 11,4	- 2,3	- 2,5	- 2,9	- 3,7	- 3,5	- 3,0
1.2. Direct investment income	0,3	12,3	0,8	10,1	- 51,9	- 99,1	- 3,6	- 78,6	- 14,0	- 2,9	- 3,3	- 62,2
1.2.1. Credit	0,4	13,2	7,0	17,5	16,3	4,4	0,7	1,5	1,4	0,9	0,8	0,8
1.2.2. Debit	- 0,1	- 0,9	- 6,2	- 7,4	- 68,2	- 103,6	- 4,3	- 80,1	- 15,4	- 3,8	- 4,0	- 62,9
1.3. Portfolio investment income	0,0	0,1	- 0,1	- 2,0	- 39,7	- 51,4	- 19,2	- 1,5	- 29,4	- 1,3	- 28,5	- 0,4
1.3.1. Credit	0,0	0,1	0,2	0,2	2,6	0,2	0,0	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
1.3.2. Debit	0,0	0,0	- 0,3	- 2,2	- 42,3	- 51,6	- 19,3	- 1,7	- 29,4	- 1,3	- 28,5	- 0,4
1.4. Other investment income	- 137,0	- 212,2	- 68,0	- 116,6	15,1	- 84,3	- 48,5	24,9	- 33,2	- 27,4	- 45,6	- 21,1
1.4.1. Credit	110,6	100,3	173,0	205,6	276,0	309,2	75,7	78,5	87,6	67,4	57,8	34,5
1.4.2. Debit	- 247,6	- 312,5	- 240,9	- 322,2	- 260,9	- 393,5	- 124,2	- 53,6	- 120,8	- 94,8	- 103,4	- 55,6
2. Current transfers	329,2	529,1	804,0	1 032,3	871,7	708,1	212,3	177,9	158,1	159,8	138,7	123,7
2.1. General government	245,1	234,5	279,8	154,5	32,8	- 9,2	3,4	6,9	- 11,5	- 8,0	- 12,1	- 27,3
2.1.1. Credit	252,0	261,1	309,2	193,4	55,6	77,6	16,8	19,7	19,5	21,6	17,8	16,7
2.1.2. Debit	- 6,9	- 26,6	- 29,3	- 38,9	- 22,8	- 86,8	- 13,5	- 12,8	- 31,0	- 29,6	- 29,9	- 44,0
2.2. Other sectors	84,1	294,6	524,2	877,8	838,9	717,3	208,9	171,0	169,5	167,8	150,8	151,0
2.2.1. Credit	257,0	410,8	663,7	989,7	910,7	843,5	233,0	200,2	203,4	206,9	182,6	180,4
2.2.2. Debit	- 172,9	- 116,2	- 139,5	- 111,9	- 71,9	- 126,3	- 24,0	- 29,2	- 33,9	- 39,2	- 31,8	- 29,4
Total (1+2)	209,6	364,6	775,4	962,7	850,8	542,9	156,9	139,1	101,1	145,8	77,5	54,4

Table H4: Balance of Payments - Other Investments (preliminary data upon the 2nd phase of revision)

Million US dollars

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1998				1999	
							Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
1. Assets	- 148,8	11,4	429,5	850,8	190,4	368,2	292,1	136,4	- 469,2	408,9	392,5	- 207,7
1.1. Trade credits	0,0	0,0	0,0	36,3	18,1	- 19,5	52,4	- 47,2	31,3	- 56,0	95,8	35,1
1.1.1. Other sectors	0,0	0,0	0,0	36,3	18,1	- 19,5	52,4	- 47,2	31,3	- 56,0	95,8	35,1
1.1.1.1. Short - term	0,0	0,0	0,0	36,3	18,1	- 19,5	52,4	- 47,2	31,3	- 56,0	95,8	35,1
1.2. Currency and deposits	- 148,8	11,4	429,5	814,5	172,3	387,7	239,8	183,5	- 500,5	464,9	296,7	- 242,8
1.2.1. Banks	- 210,6	- 189,5	- 467,1	- 622,6	- 341,1	383,8	- 28,8	178,6	- 211,0	445,0	491,5	- 86,9
1.2.2. Other sectors	61,8	200,9	896,6	1 437,1	513,4	4,0	268,6	4,9	- 289,5	20,0	- 194,9	- 155,9
2. Liabilities	142,0	376,3	1 005,6	585,1	1 979,5	449,0	- 274,4	36,5	128,8	558,1	- 344,0	622,6
2.1. Trade credits	0,0	0,0	0,0	390,1	217,9	- 466,9	- 581,4	118,4	- 26,0	22,1	- 297,4	497,1
2.1.1. Other sectors	0,0	0,0	0,0	390,1	217,9	- 466,9	- 581,4	118,4	- 26,0	22,1	- 297,4	497,1
2.1.1.1. Short - term	0,0	0,0	0,0	390,1	217,9	- 466,9	- 581,4	118,4	- 26,0	22,1	- 297,4	497,1
2.2. Loans	- 116,3	- 29,6	425,6	648,4	1 490,5	1 085,7	194,6	148,2	178,6	564,3	- 15,8	245,2
2.2.1. Monetary authorities	- 24,0	105,5	97,6	- 4,3	37,3	- 8,9	- 2,2	- 2,2	- 2,2	- 2,3	- 2,3	- 9,6
2.2.1.1. Use of Fund credit and loans	- 24,0	105,5	97,6	- 4,3	37,3	- 8,9	- 2,2	- 2,2	- 2,2	- 2,3	- 2,3	- 9,6
2.2.1.1.1. Drawings	0,0	114,2	103,0	0,0	39,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
2.2.1.1.2. Repayments	- 24,0	- 8,7	- 5,4	- 4,3	- 2,2	- 8,9	- 2,2	- 2,2	- 2,2	- 2,3	- 2,3	- 9,6
2.2.2. General government	- 119,3	- 131,5	- 47,2	268,6	95,7	- 61,4	19,8	- 48,5	- 16,9	- 15,7	- 4,6	264,8
2.2.2.1. Long-term	- 119,3	- 131,5	- 147,2	260,4	104,2	- 12,2	19,8	- 48,5	- 16,9	33,4	- 4,6	0,8
2.2.2.1.1. Drawings	3,7	10,4	9,4	349,8	180,7	248,0	27,8	3,1	9,4	207,7	8,9	5,2
2.2.2.1.2. Repayments	- 123,0	- 141,9	- 156,6	- 89,4	- 76,4	- 260,2	- 8,0	- 51,6	- 26,3	- 174,2	- 13,5	- 4,5
2.2.2.2. Short-term (net)	0,0	0,0	100,0	8,2	- 8,6	- 49,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	- 49,2	0,0	264,1
2.2.3. Banks	- 20,6	6,3	218,3	200,4	413,9	355,0	68,2	76,0	93,1	117,7	- 29,3	- 3,9
2.2.3.1. Long-term	- 38,0	- 8,7	- 52,1	64,4	352,0	405,7	20,8	78,5	105,6	200,7	- 27,5	- 4,1
2.2.3.1.1. Drawings	55,2	69,4	72,0	167,5	602,6	560,4	51,2	94,8	143,4	271,1	10,0	24,0
2.2.3.1.2. Repayments	- 93,2	- 78,1	- 124,1	- 103,1	- 250,6	- 154,7	- 30,4	- 16,2	- 37,8	- 70,4	- 37,6	- 28,1
2.2.3.2. Short-term (net)	17,4	15,0	270,4	135,9	61,9	- 50,7	47,4	- 2,5	- 12,5	- 83,1	- 1,8	0,2
2.2.4. Other sectors	47,6	- 9,8	156,9	183,9	943,7	801,0	108,7	123,0	104,6	464,7	20,5	- 6,2
2.2.4.1. Long-term	- 32,2	- 4,6	57,4	128,8	748,7	664,6	74,7	127,1	83,1	379,7	- 12,7	- 31,3
2.2.4.1.1. Drawings	94,7	104,5	233,7	327,0	1 008,9	966,5	132,3	158,2	167,5	508,5	77,1	60,1
2.2.4.1.2. Repayments	- 126,9	- 109,1	- 176,3	- 198,2	- 260,2	- 301,9	- 57,6	- 31,1	- 84,4	- 128,8	- 89,8	- 91,4
2.2.4.2. Short-term (net)	79,8	- 5,2	99,5	55,1	194,9	136,4	34,0	- 4,1	21,5	85,0	33,1	25,1
2.3. Currency and deposits	0,0	46,3	274,3	25,9	271,0	- 169,8	112,4	- 230,1	- 23,8	- 28,3	- 30,9	- 119,7
2.3.1. Monetary authorities	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
2.3.2. Banks	0,0	46,3	274,3	25,9	271,0	- 169,8	112,4	- 230,1	- 23,8	- 28,3	- 30,9	- 119,7
2.4. Other liabilities (short-term)	258,4	359,5	305,7	- 479,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
2.4.1. General government	189,6	243,9	213,1	125,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
2.4.2. Banks	50,0	78,4	78,8	- 604,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
2.4.3. Other sectors	18,8	37,3	13,8	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Total (1+2)	- 6,8	387,7	1 435,2	1 435,9	2 169,8	817,2	17,7	172,9	- 340,4	967,0	48,4	414,9

Table H5: International Reserves and Bank's foreign exchange reserves

End of period, million US dollars

		International Reserves of the Croatian national bank						Bank's foreign exchange reserves
		Total	Special drawing rights	Reserve position in the Fund	Foreign exchange			
					Total	Currency and deposits	Bonds and notes	
1991	December	-	-	-	-	-	-	200,9
1992	December	166,8	-	-	166,8	166,8	-	502,3
1993	December	616,2	3,7	-	612,5	612,5	-	712,9
1994	December	1 405,0	4,5	-	1 400,5	1 400,5	-	902,4
1995	December	1 895,2	139,8	-	1 755,4	1 651,0	104,3	1 369,5
1996	December	2 314,0	125,6	-	2 188,4	2 016,6	171,8	1 992,1
1997	December	2 539,0	147,1	-	2 391,9	2 011,7	380,2	2 333,2
1998	June	2 550,0	136,6	-	2 413,4	2 014,1	399,3	2 183,4
	July	2 597,5	223,0	-	2 374,5	1 931,5	443,0	2 257,9
	August	2 745,2	223,4	-	2 521,7	2 059,2	462,6	2 405,8
	September	2 757,3	228,3	-	2 529,1	1 938,8	590,3	2 394,4
	October	2 696,9	231,3	-	2 465,6	1 762,2	703,4	2 219,8
	November	2 674,7	226,6	-	2 448,1	1 771,9	676,1	2 035,2
	December	2 815,6	231,2	-	2 584,4	1 927,0	657,4	1 949,4
1999	January	2 610,1	224,6	-	2 385,5	1 678,7	706,8	1 765,6
	February	2 396,3	220,7	-	2 175,7	1 508,3	667,4	1 660,8
	March	2 450,8	218,8	-	2 232,0	1 715,6	516,4	1 457,8
	April	2 413,1	208,2	-	2 204,9	1 756,7	448,2	1 328,1
	May	2 583,9	207,1	-	2 376,8	1 984,9	391,9	1 485,8
	June	2 610,1	205,1	-	2 405,0	2 060,3	344,7	1 544,8
	July	2 755,0	207,4	-	2 547,6	2 204,4	343,2	1 669,6
	August	2 847,4	207,2	-	2 640,2	2 294,0	346,2	1 696,8
	September	2 815,8	209,9	-	2 605,9	2 243,5	362,3	1 723,2
	October	2 993,2	190,3	-	2 802,9	2 398,6	404,3	1 654,4
	November ¹⁾	2 825,4	189,1	-	2 636,3	2 217,2	419,1	1 645,1

¹⁾ Preliminary data.

Table H6: Midpoint Exchange Rates of Croatian National Bank (period average)

		HRK/EUR	HRK/ATS	HRK/FRF	HRK/100 ITL	HRK/CHF	HRK/GBP	HRK/USD	HRK/DEM
1992		0,340174	0,024304	0,050419	0,020916	0,190597	0,375277	0,264299	#####
1993		4,133563	0,305485	0,621058	0,224018	2,433869	5,369428	3,577417	2,155526
1994		7,087400	0,524804	1,079560	0,371475	4,381763	9,166192	5,995300	3,692018
1995		6,757758	0,518734	1,047969	0,321342	4,425311	8,252950	5,229967	3,649342
1996		6,804708	0,513722	1,062735	0,352150	4,404976	8,479850	5,433800	3,614536
1997		6,959708	0,505322	1,056355	0,361942	4,246962	10,081567	6,157050	3,555932
1998		7,136608	0,514421	1,079581	0,366683	4,395149	10,539883	6,362292	3,619321
1998	June	7,174400	0,516527	1,083921	0,368800	4,362142	10,729100	6,507300	3,634263
	July	7,181200	0,516752	1,084513	0,368800	4,316893	10,760100	6,541200	3,635587
	August	7,101000	0,512049	1,074598	0,365100	4,309625	10,514600	6,439100	3,602725
	September	7,169900	0,518371	1,087698	0,369200	4,432663	10,437000	6,215500	3,647370
	October	7,316800	0,528057	1,108070	0,375600	4,552158	10,314500	6,082100	3,715203
	November	7,337700	0,530799	1,113558	0,377400	4,540370	10,425000	6,267700	3,734453
	December	7,337100	0,531519	1,115040	0,377700	4,594252	10,428300	6,243200	3,739419
1999	January	7,340488	0,533474	1,118992	0,379103	4,575519	10,430367	6,316871	3,753243
	February	7,482794	0,543796	1,140745	0,386454	4,683296	10,870117	6,673312	3,825892
	March	7,599532	0,552280	1,158541	0,392483	4,767060	11,303258	6,975289	3,885579
	April	7,597745	0,552150	1,158269	0,392391	4,749492	11,410040	7,090183	3,884665
	May	7,591294	0,551681	1,157285	0,392058	4,736886	11,522752	7,140947	3,881367
	June	7,595332	0,551974	1,157901	0,392266	4,764788	11,681765	7,309009	3,883431
	July	7,593833	0,551865	1,157672	0,392189	4,735407	11,562606	7,351939	3,882665
	August	7,586515	0,551334	1,156557	0,391811	4,742031	11,483185	7,143127	3,878924
	September	7,616564	0,553517	1,161138	0,393363	4,758611	11,763126	7,252575	3,894288
	October	7,636978	0,555001	1,164250	0,394417	4,791597	11,810949	7,128088	3,904725
	November	7,646675	0,555706	1,165728	0,394918	4,765402	11,995839	7,393988	3,909683

Table H7: Midpoint Exchange Rates of Croatian National Bank (end of period)

		HRK/EUR	HRK/ATS	HRK/FRF	HRK/100 ITL	HRK/CHF	HRK/GBP	HRK/USD	HRK/DEM
1992		0,964508	0,070357	0,145244	0,054153	0,546218	1,206464	0,798188	0,495000
1993		7,262200	0,540504	1,120052	0,381300	4,471653	9,714800	6,561900	3,801812
1994		6,902400	0,516285	1,052510	0,346500	4,288893	8,784200	5,628700	3,632100
1995		6,812200	0,526742	1,085365	0,335800	4,618693	8,234500	5,316100	3,705900
1996		6,863600	0,506253	1,055662	0,362600	4,098835	9,359000	5,539600	3,562200
1997		6,947200	0,499445	1,050510	0,357700	4,332003	10,475600	6,303100	3,511000
1998		7,329100	0,531546	1,114954	0,377700	4,567584	10,451000	6,247500	3,739700
1998	June	7,203800	0,517596	1,085858	0,369600	4,324013	10,989000	6,599300	3,641400
	July	7,140100	0,515321	1,081260	0,367600	4,329786	10,520300	6,412400	3,625700
	August	7,110800	0,511973	1,074355	0,364600	4,368501	10,673900	6,444000	3,602400
	September	7,246800	0,523592	1,098635	0,372500	4,451521	10,531100	6,170700	3,684000
	October	7,339000	0,530999	1,113926	0,377700	4,588593	10,365000	6,173000	3,735800
	November	7,339000	0,531019	1,114023	0,377400	4,531715	10,521900	6,355300	3,736200
	December	7,329100	0,531546	1,114954	0,377700	4,567584	10,451000	6,247500	3,739700
1999	January	7,387139	0,536844	1,126162	0,381514	4,581811	10,668874	6,480515	3,776984
	February	7,567448	0,549948	1,153650	0,390826	4,769165	10,996704	6,869506	3,869175
	March	7,596698	0,552074	1,158109	0,392337	4,768037	11,455302	7,089117	3,884130
	April	7,591112	0,551668	1,157258	0,392048	4,722115	11,560627	7,158725	3,881274
	May	7,591861	0,551722	1,157372	0,392087	4,775680	11,602407	7,262854	3,881657
	June	7,596586	0,552065	1,158092	0,392331	4,752307	11,605141	7,338988	3,884073
	July	7,591331	0,551684	1,157291	0,392060	4,752867	11,501250	7,096028	3,881386
	August	7,589463	0,551548	1,157006	0,391963	4,739723	11,533770	7,261254	3,880431
	September	7,632555	0,554679	1,163576	0,394189	4,771957	11,926911	7,249079	3,902463
	October	7,640805	0,555279	1,164833	0,394615	4,767515	11,962664	7,315275	3,906682
	November	7,658211	0,556544	1,167487	0,395514	4,779893	12,133838	7,570394	3,915581

Table H8: Outstanding Debt

Million US dollars

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999				
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sep.
Outstanding debt											
1. Medium and long term credits	2 431,3	2 771,0	3 111,3	4 397,2	6 123,1	7 895,3	7 919,5	7 900,6	8 040,9	8 022,9	8 126,0
1.1. Official creditors	1 041,4	1 187,8	1 318,0	1 889,6	1 867,0	1 988,5	1 855,4	1 840,3	1 852,2	1 817,8	1 830,7
1.1.1. International financial organizations	319,6	404,0	493,7	673,1	851,0	974,5	932,9	926,0	935,1	919,5	928,7
1.1.2. Foreign governments	721,8	783,8	824,3	1 216,5	1 016,0	1 014,0	922,5	914,3	917,1	898,3	902,0
1.2. Private creditors	1 389,9	1 583,2	1 793,3	2 507,6	4 256,1	5 906,8	6 064,1	6 060,3	6 188,7	6 205,1	6 295,3
1.2.1. Foreign banks	1 266,5	1 392,8	1 508,8	2 198,2	3 788,0	5 175,9	5 417,4	5 413,8	5 527,9	5 540,4	5 628,4
o/w: Guaranteed by government agencies	244,9	301,9	297,3	191,8	167,0	199,9	196,0	219,1	220,9	250,9	257,5
1.2.2. Foreign nonbanks	123,4	190,4	284,5	309,4	468,1	730,9	646,7	646,5	660,8	664,7	666,9
o/w: Guaranteed by government agencies	18,0	29,5	37,5	21,9	17,6	20,3	20,2	19,5	20,8	20,3	17,7
2. Short-term credits	54,6	50,5	225,1	411,2	538,5	593,4	653,1	928,0	1 083,2	1 106,1	1 137,1
2.1. Foreign banks	10,5	15,7	136,2	278,6	370,1	362,7	403,6	668,7	791,5	800,4	797,5
2.2. Foreign nonbanks	44,1	34,8	88,9	132,6	168,4	230,7	249,5	259,3	291,7	305,7	339,6
Total (1+2)	2 485,9	2 821,5	3 336,4	4 808,4	6 661,6	8 488,7	8 572,6	8 828,6	9 124,1	9 129,0	9 263,1
O/w Nonreported principal payments ¹⁾	543,4	753,5	950,5	197,5	241,9	426,3	574,2	633,3	676,0	756,6	838,4
Memo: nonreported interest payments	152,4	245,1	324,5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatian beneficiaries' outstanding debt.

Data for end 1996, and 1997 include Paris and London Club rescheduling agreements and nonallocated debt.

Table H9: Foreign Debt by Domestic Sectors and Estimated Future Payments

Million US dollars

	Outstanding debt 30/09/1999	Nonreported principal payments	Estimated future principal payments of medium and long-term credits										
			1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Other
1. Monetary authorities	216,3												
1.1. Medium and long-term credits	216,3	0,0	17,4	30,3	33,6	37,0	36,9	36,9	14,2	6,7	3,3	0,0	0,0
1.2. Short-term credits	0,0												
2. Central government and funds	3 865,8												
2.1. Medium and long-term credits	3 445,7	2,6	13,6	373,6	368,8	578,1	238,6	399,8	232,5	553,5	161,0	166,4	357,2
2.2. Short-term credits	420,1												
3. Banks	1 753,7												
3.1. Medium and long-term credits	1 721,3	108,1	42,4	373,3	456,9	194,1	207,2	51,7	60,3	51,6	54,6	54,8	66,3
3.2. Short-term credits	32,4												
4. Other domestic sectors	3 427,3												
4.1. Medium and long-term credits	2 742,7	320,1	200,5	493,3	480,0	396,9	205,1	152,7	96,5	100,5	106,4	97,2	93,5
4.2. Short-term credits	684,6												
A. Total medium and long-term credits	8 126,0	430,8	273,9	1 270,5	1 339,3	1 206,1	687,8	641,1	403,5	712,3	325,3	318,4	517,0
B. Total short-term credits	1 137,1												
C. Total (A+B)	9 263,1												
Memo: estimated future interest payments on medium and long-term credits			79,2	430,7	351,6	269,6	216,4	172,6	135,0	112,3	66,5	44,0	40,5

Note: When there are no statistical information on actual payments of principals that are due, such amounts are shown as "nonreported principal payments".

Table I1: Consolidated Central Government

Million kuna

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999		1999		
						Q1	Q2	July	Aug.	Sep.
TOTAL REVENUE AND GRANTS										
1. Budgetary central government	23 142,6	27 980,8	31 367,5	33 846,1	43 808,6	8 360,7	10 119,9	3 618,1	3 478,9	3 698,6
2. Extrabudgetary funds	13 739,6	15 302,3	17 029,1	19 499,1	21 302,1	4 895,5	5 290,1	1 842,4	1 743,6	1 770,4
2.1 Pension fund	7 165,1	8 720,4	9 584,7	11 022,2	10 713,4	2 559,0	2 687,1	942,5	891,9	903,1
2.2 Health insurance fund	3 775,2	4 558,1	5 196,3	5 824,2	8 269,0	1 986,9	2 206,3	761,2	717,5	725,5
2.3 Employment fund	556,7	691,2	676,1	638,3	718,2	179,3	200,3	66,6	64,9	69,7
2.4 Child benefit fund	689,4	782,1	878,5	976,7	542,8	2,0	3,2	1,0	0,5	0,9
2.5 Road fund ¹⁾	1 117,5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.6 Public water management fund	435,7	550,5	693,5	1 037,7	1 058,6	168,3	193,2	71,1	68,8	71,3
A. Total (1+2)	36 882,3	43 283,1	48 396,6	53 345,3	65 110,7	13 256,2	15 410,1	5 460,5	5 222,4	5 469,1
TOTAL EXPENDITURE AND LENDING (minus repayments)										
3. Budgetary central government	20 732,4	26 189,3	27 591,9	29 409,4	34 125,4	7 634,9	8 456,0	2 907,8	2 379,4	2 545,6
4. Extrabudgetary funds	14 736,9	17 976,8	21 282,1	25 522,5	30 103,1	7 837,9	8 275,0	2 978,8	2 669,0	3 047,3
4.1. Pension fund	6 685,6	8 860,7	10 459,8	13 795,1	16 170,4	4 539,2	4 811,3	1 545,3	1 562,8	1 614,2
4.2. Health insurance fund	5 255,7	7 083,1	8 357,5	8 742,8	10 776,0	2 616,3	2 687,9	1 126,7	928,9	1 056,5
4.3. Employment fund	416,1	445,9	676,2	714,1	571,2	166,8	193,2	69,2	66,6	70,2
4.4. Child benefit fund	665,2	820,6	853,2	1 003,7	1 032,1	270,6	277,8	107,2	5,9	187,0
4.5. Road fund ¹⁾	1 207,0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.6. Public water management fund	507,4	766,6	935,5	1 266,8	1 553,3	244,9	304,8	130,4	104,7	119,4
B. Total (3+4)	35 469,3	44 166,1	48 874,0	54 931,9	64 228,6	15 472,8	16 731,0	5 886,6	5 048,3	5 592,9
C. Overall surplus/deficit (A-B)	1 413,0	- 883,0	- 477,4	-1 586,7	882,1	-2 216,6	-1 320,9	- 426,0	174,1	- 123,9
5. Budgetary central government (1-3)	2 410,3	1 791,5	3 775,6	4 436,7	9 683,1	725,8	1 663,9	710,3	1 099,5	1 153,0
6. Extrabudgetary funds (2-4)	- 997,3	-2 674,6	-4 253,0	-6 023,4	-8 801,1	-2 942,4	-2 984,9	-1 136,3	- 925,4	-1 276,9

¹⁾ In 1995 included in government budget.

Source: Ministry of Finance

Table I2: Budgetary Central Government Operations

Million kuna

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999		1999		
								Q1	Q2	July	Aug.	Sep.
1. Total revenue	547,4	8 382,2	23 142,6	27 880,8	31 367,5	33 846,1	43 808,6	8 360,7	10 119,9	3 618,1	3 478,9	3 698,6
1.1. Current revenue	547,0	8 371,2	22 788,9	27 287,1	30 244,3	33 385,0	42 019,4	8 268,4	10 068,0	3 600,5	3 464,2	3 680,4
1.1.1. Tax revenue	502,1	7 891,8	22 377,5	26 505,4	28 530,4	31 338,2	39 899,7	7 951,9	9 628,2	3 437,9	3 308,6	3 505,8
1.1.2. Nontax revenue	45,0	479,3	411,4	781,8	1 713,9	2 046,8	2 119,7	316,5	439,9	162,5	155,6	174,6
1.2. Capital revenue	0,3	11,0	353,8	593,7	1 123,1	461,1	1 789,2	92,3	51,9	17,6	14,7	18,2
2. Grants	0,0	0,0	0,0	100,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
2.1. Current	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
2.2. Capital	0,0	0,0	0,0	100,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
A. Total revenue and grants (1+2)	547,4	8 382,2	23 142,6	27 980,8	31 367,5	33 846,1	43 808,6	8 360,7	10 119,9	3 618,1	3 478,9	3 698,6
3. Total expenditure	564,6	8 403,4	22 282,8	28 475,6	30 972,8	34 395,2	41 390,4	9 996,8	11 387,2	3 927,4	3 211,9	3 761,1
3.1. Current expenditure	519,8	7 738,1	20 360,5	25 495,2	25 930,1	29 579,7	34 883,0	9 109,7	9 929,8	2 937,9	2 369,5	2 777,7
3.2. Capital expenditure	44,5	661,3	1 922,3	2 980,4	5 042,7	4 815,5	6 507,3	887,1	1 457,4	989,5	842,4	983,3
4. Lending minus rep.	- 9,7	- 88,8	316,0	220,6	528,7	611,1	1 161,5	201,1	480,6	53,0	122,8	29,7
B. Total expenditure and net lending (3+4)	554,9	8 314,6	22 598,8	28 696,2	31 501,5	35 006,3	42 551,9	10 197,9	11 867,8	3 980,4	3 334,7	3 790,8
5. Current account surplus without grants (1.1.-3.1.)	27,3	633,1	2 428,4	1 791,9	4 314,3	3 805,3	7 136,4	- 841,3	138,2	662,6	1 094,7	902,7
6. Current account surplus with current grants (5+2.1.)	27,3	633,1	2 428,4	1 791,9	4 314,3	3 805,3	7 136,4	- 841,3	138,2	662,6	1 094,7	902,7
7. Gross fixed capital formation¹⁾	44,2	650,3	1 235,0	1 040,5	1 113,9	1 516,4	976,1	503,0	558,2	121,3	164,4	223,7
8. Gross Capital formation²⁾	44,2	650,3	1 415,0	1 040,5	1 113,9	1 516,4	976,1	503,0	558,2	121,3	164,4	223,7
C. Overall surplus/deficit (A-B)	- 7,5	67,6	543,9	- 715,4	- 134,0	- 1 160,2	1 256,7	- 837,2	- 2 747,9	- 362,3	144,2	- 92,1
9. Foreign financing	0,0	0,0	47,3	686,0	803,9	2 985,9	- 9,1	1 441,1	1 878,0	589,5	34,4	23,0
10. Domestic financing	7,5	- 67,6	- 591,2	29,4	- 669,9	- 1 825,7	- 1 247,6	396,1	- 130,1	- 227,2	- 178,6	69,1
10.1. From other government	0,0	- 18,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	190,0	30,0	- 42,0	- 20,0	- 10,0	0,0
10.2. From monetary authorities	0,0	67,0	- 617,3	396,0	- 152,7	- 354,8	112,4	1 127,7	238,4	6,0	- 79,1	60,8
10.3. From deposit money banks	- 4,0	- 106,2	- 63,8	0,0	- 308,4	- 1 357,3	- 1 638,6	- 743,3	- 270,1	- 213,2	- 89,5	8,3
10.4. Other domestic financing	11,5	- 9,9	89,9	- 366,6	- 208,8	- 113,6	88,7	- 18,3	- 56,3	0,0	0,0	0,0
D. Total financing (9+10)	7,5	- 67,6	- 543,9	715,4	134,0	1 160,2	- 1 256,7	1 837,2	1 747,9	362,3	- 144,2	92,1

¹⁾ Net purchase of fixed capital formation

²⁾ Net purchase of fixed capital formation and net purchase of shares

Source: Ministry of Finance

Table J1: Retail Prices, Costs of Living and Manufacturing Producers' Prices Indices

Year	Month	Chain indices			Monthly year-on-year indices			Cumulative year-on-year indices		
		Retail prices	Costs of living	Manufactur. prices	Retail prices	Costs of living	Manufactur. prices	Retail prices	Costs of living	Manufactur. prices
1992	December	122,4	125,3	129,1	1 053,4	1 026,3	1 120,9	745,4	694,7	846,6
1993	December	99,5	100,6	98,5	1 249,7	1 225,1	1 175,6	1 616,6	1 591,3	1 610,4
1994	December	100,2	100,9	100,2	97,0	102,5	94,5	197,5	207,2	177,7
1995	December	100,2	100,7	100,5	103,7	104,6	101,6	102,0	104,0	100,8
1996	December	100,0	100,4	100,3	103,4	103,7	101,5	103,5	104,3	101,4
1997	December	100,7	101,2	99,9	103,8	104,9	101,6	103,6	104,1	102,3
1998.	June	100,0	99,7	100,2	105,8	106,2	99,7	105,7	106,8	99,6
	July	99,8	98,7	99,7	105,8	106,2	99,6	105,7	106,7	99,5
	August	100,1	99,5	99,9	105,2	105,5	97,7	105,6	106,6	99,3
	September	100,9	100,7	99,9	105,8	106,1	97,7	105,6	106,5	99,2
	October	100,5	100,2	100,4	106,1	106,2	97,8	105,7	106,3	99,0
	November	100,2	100,5	100,5	105,9	105,8	97,6	105,8	106,5	98,9
	December	100,2	100,7	100,0	105,4	105,3	97,9	105,7	106,4	98,8
1999.	January	100,5	100,9	100,1	103,1	103,3	99,1	103,1	103,3	99,1
	February	100,3	100,6	100,8	103,4	103,2	100,0	103,4	103,2	99,5
	March	100,4	100,5	99,4	103,5	103,3	101,3	103,4	103,3	100,1
	April	100,3	100,4	100,6	103,6	103,2	101,7	103,5	103,2	100,6
	May	100,7	100,8	99,9	103,8	103,2	101,7	103,5	103,2	100,8
	June	100,0	99,3	100,1	103,8	102,7	101,5	103,6	103,2	100,9
	July	101,1	100,3	100,9	105,1	104,4	102,7	103,8	103,3	101,1
	August	100,0	99,4	100,9	105,0	104,2	103,6	104,0	103,4	101,5
	September	100,6	100,4	100,6	104,7	103,9	104,3	104,0	103,5	101,8
	October	100,4	100,2	100,4	104,5	104,0	104,4	104,1	103,5	102,0
	November	99,9	99,8	101,8	104,3	103,3	105,6	104,1	103,5	102,3

Source: Central Bureau of Statistics

Table J2: Average Monthly Net Wages

In current prices, in kuna

		Nominal amount in HRK	Chain indices	Monthly year-on-year indices	Cumulative year-on-year indices
1992	December	74,4	120,2	681,7	409,4
1993	December	1 073,2	105,2	1 442,1	1 605,3
1994	December	1 646,0	119,0	153,4	233,2
1995	December	1 883,0	99,4	114,4	145,7
1996	December	2 217,0	104,4	117,7	111,8
1997	December	2 544,0	100,8	114,8	116,9
1998	June	2 699,0	102,8	112,2	111,7
	July	2 756,0	102,1	115,1	112,2
	August	2 720,0	98,7	113,2	112,3
	September	2 729,0	100,4	114,0	112,5
	October	2 793,0	102,3	114,6	112,7
	November	2 806,0	100,5	111,1	112,6
	December	2 935,0	104,6	115,4	112,8
1999	January	2 946,0	100,4	117,8	117,8
	February	2 884,0	97,9	116,5	117,2
	March	2 992,0	103,7	117,4	117,3
	April	3 045,0	101,8	117,5	117,3
	May	3 039,0	99,8	115,7	117,0
	June	3 076,0	101,2	114,0	116,5
	July	3 043,0	99,0	110,4	115,5
	August	3 064,0	100,7	112,7	115,2
	September	3 041,0	99,3	111,4	114,7

Source: Central Bureau of Statistics

Classification and Presentation of Data on Claims and Liabilities

Data on financial institutions' claims and liabilities are classified according to institutional sectors and financial instruments. The institutional sectors are: financial institutions, central government and funds, other domestic sectors and foreign sector.

The financial institutions sector includes following sub-sectors: monetary authorities (the central bank), deposit money banks (DMBs), other banking institutions and other financial institutions. The central bank is the Croatian National Bank (CNB). Deposit money banks are institutions the Croatian National Bank has granted permission to perform banking business services in accordance with the Law on Banks, including savings banks during a transition period. Data on DMBs does not include claims and liabilities of banks undergoing bankruptcy procedures, nor former branches of banks with their headquarters in the former Yugoslavia. Other banking institutions comprise housing savings banks. Other financial institutions are financial institutions not classified as banks or other banking institutions (for example insurance companies)

The central government and funds comprises government institutions including Croatian Roads Authority, State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank rehabilitation and Bank and Croatian Guarantee Agency, and following central government funds: Croatian Health Insurance Institute, Croatian Pension Insurance Institute, Croatian Employment Service, Croatian Privatization Fund, Public Water Management Fund and Croatian Bank for Reconstruction and Development. Other domestic sectors are local government authorities and local funds, public and private companies and households, including craftsmen and non-profit institutions. In some tables other domestic sectors are divided into following sub-sectors: local government (which comprises local government authorities and local funds), public and private enterprises, and households (including craftsmen and non-profit institutions).

Foreign sector includes foreign legal entities and individuals.

All data on claims and liabilities refer to balances at the end of the reporting period. Foreign exchange items are reported in their kuna equivalent at the midpoint CNB exchange rate at the end of the reporting period.

Table A1: Monetary and Credit Aggregates

The table shows data on some basic monetary and credit aggregates, including their monthly growth rates. In September 1999, all the monetary aggregates were revised. In previous publications of the CNB, data on claims and obligations of savings banks were not included in the compilation of the monetary aggregates.

Reserve money has been taken over in its entirety from the Monetary Authorities Accounts (Table C1).

Money (M1) is defined in the same way as the corresponding item in the Monetary Survey (Table B1). It comprises cash outside banks, deposits with CNB by other banking institutions and other domestic sectors as well as DMBs' demand deposits. *Money (M1a)* comprises currency outside banks and DMBs' demand deposits, increased by the demand deposits of the central government and funds with DMBs.

Broadest money (M4) comprises *Money (M1)*, savings and time deposits, foreign currency deposits as well as bonds and money market instruments (all above components taken over from the Monetary Survey (Table B1).

Net domestic assets are defined as a difference between total liquid assets and foreign assets (net).

Domestic credit comprises DMBs' claims on other domestic sectors, other banking institutions and other financial institutions.

Table B1: Monetary Survey

The monetary survey shows consolidated data from the Monetary Authorities Accounts (Table C1) and DMBs Accounts (Table D1).

Foreign assets (net) are the difference between total foreign assets and total foreign liabilities of the CNB and DMBs.

Domestic credit is the sum of corresponding items from Monetary Authorities Accounts and DMB's accounts. Claims on central government and funds are reported on the net basis, i.e. decreased by central government and funds' deposits with the CNB and DMBs.

Money is the sum of currency outside banks, deposits by other banking institutions with the CNB, deposits by other domestic sectors with the CNB and DMB's demand deposits (item *Demand deposits* in DMB's Accounts, Table D1).

The items *Savings and time deposits*, *Foreign currency deposits* as well as *Bonds and money market instruments* are entirely taken over from the DMB's Accounts, while the item *Restricted and blocked deposits* represents the sum of corresponding items from the Monetary Authorities Accounts (excluding DMB's blocked deposits with the CNB) and DMB's Accounts. *Other items (net)* are unclassified liabilities decreased by unclassified assets.

Table B2: Number of Reporting Deposit Money Banks and Savings Banks and Their Classification by Size

The table shows the total number of DMBs and savings banks which report monthly to the CNB. Their operation is shown in the DMB's accounts.

Special reporting requirements applied to savings banks until June 1995. Savings banks were not legally obliged to report on their operations, so that data up to June 1995 only to those savings banks that reported voluntarily to the CNB. From July 1995 on, the data cover all Savings Banks. In accordance with the Law on Banks, savings banks must meet the conditions set out in the law by December 31, 2001, or they will be liquidated.

The table also shows the classification of reporting DMBs and savings banks according to their total assets.

Table C1: Monetary Authorities Accounts

The table reports data on claims and liabilities by monetary authorities. In September 1999, the data were revised, with savings banks being transferred for the subsector other banking institutions to the subsector banks. The whole data series has been revised accordingly.

Foreign assets include the following forms of foreign currency and kuna claims on foreign legal entities and individuals: monetary gold, holdings of special drawing rights, foreign cash in vaults, reserve position in the International Monetary Fund, current account balances with foreign banks, time deposits in foreign banks, foreign currency security investments and other claims. *Claims on central government and funds* are loans and overdue claims on the budget of the Republic of Croatia. *Claims in kuna* are short-term loans granted for the purpose of overcoming timing differences between incoming revenues and execution of budgetary expenditures, long-term loans granted by special decrees by the government of the Republic of Croatia, and overdue claims on the State Budget for liabilities to the IMF and foreign banks. *Claims in foreign currency* was a counter-entry to the liability to the IMF based on the succession of membership in that institution.

Claims on other domestic sectors are loans and overdue claims on other domestic sectors, including banks in bankruptcy proceedings.

Claims on DMBs are credit to DMBs, deposits by the CNB with DMBs and overdue claims on DMBs. *Credit to DMBs* is split according to the type of financial instruments. *Refinancing of DMBs* include loans granted within general and selective quotas up to the end of 1993, as well as advances to DMBs for performing currency exchanges. Refinancing loans granted within the general and selective quotas were paid back in their entirety by the end of April 1994. In July 1994, they were formally revoked. Item *Lombard credits* comprises credits to DMBs for regular maintaining of the day-to-day liquidity, which were replaced by lombard credits in December 1994. Short-term liquidity loans, which have been granted since the beginning of 1999, also

serve to bridge liquidity problems. Other credits include interventive credits, special credits for bridging liquidity problems granted in the past (initial credits, prerehabilitation credits) and due but unpaid credits. Overdue claims on DMBs comprise settlement account overdrafts (until mid-1994) and banks' failure to correctly and promptly allocate and maintain statutory reserve requirements.

Reserve money consists of currency outside banks, cash in DMBs' vaults, DMBs' deposits with the CNB, other banking institutions' deposits and other domestic sectors' deposits with the CNB. *DMBs' deposits* are: settlement account balances, statutory reserves deposited on a special account with the CNB as well as CNB bills on obligatory basis. *Deposits by other banking institutions* are: settlement account balances of housing savings banks. *Deposits by other domestic sectors* are: other domestic sectors' giro account balances which, on the basis of legal acts are deposited at the Croatian National Bank.

Restricted and blocked deposits include required foreign exchange reserves, restricted deposits and blocked foreign exchange deposits. Banks and savings banks are required to place foreign exchange reserve deposits in accounts at the Croatian National Bank on the basis of certain foreign exchange deposits they hold. Restricted deposits are mainly kuna funds set aside on the basis of court order or legal regulation. Blocked foreign exchange deposits are funds that were set aside in special accounts at the Croatian National Bank for repaying unpaid amounts due to foreign creditors.

Foreign liabilities include use of IMF credits and liabilities to international financial institutions.

Central government and funds deposits are demand deposits and foreign currency deposits of the Republic of Croatia and republic funds with the CNB, and CNB bills purchased by central government institutions.

CNB bills are CNB bills on a voluntary basis in kuna and in f/c excluding CNB bills voluntarily purchased by central government institutions.

Capital accounts include reserves, provisions and the income and cost accounts.

Other items (net) are unclassified liabilities decreased by unclassified assets of the CNB's accounts.

Table D1: Deposit Money Banks' Accounts

DMBs accounts include data on Croatian DMBs' claims and liabilities. DMBs' mutual claims and liabilities are consolidated. In September 1999, the data was revised to include savings banks. The whole data series was revised accordingly.

Required reserves held at the Central Bank include kuna and foreign exchange reserves. Kuna reserves include vault cash and kuna funds held in accounts at the Central Bank. Foreign exchange reserves include foreign exchange held in accounts at the Central Bank.

Foreign assets are the following forms of kuna and foreign currency claims on foreign legal entities and individuals: foreign cash in vaults, deposits with foreign banks (including loro letters of credit and other collateral), securities, loans, equities.

Claims on central government and funds are the following forms of claims in kuna and foreign currency: securities and loans. The main forms of claims on the central government are shown separately: bonds issued in accordance with the Decree Law on the Transformation of Household Foreign Exchange Savings Deposits with Banks into the Public Debt of the Republic of Croatia, and bonds issued in accordance with the Law on the Issue of Bonds for the Restructuring of the Economy of the Republic of Croatia.

Claims on other domestic sectors include the following claims in kuna and foreign currency: money market instruments, bonds, loans (including acceptances), and equities.

The same forms of kuna and foreign currency claims are included in claims on other banking institutions and other financial institutions, with one difference: *Claims on other banking institutions* also include deposits with those institutions.

The items *Demand deposits, Savings and time deposits, Foreign currency deposits* as well

as *Bonds and money market instruments* comprise banks' liabilities to other domestic sectors, other banking institutions and other financial institutions.

Demand deposits include giro and current accounts balances and other transferable deposits, minus currency in the payment system, i.e. checks in banks' vaults and checks in collection.

Savings and time deposits are: kuna sight deposits as well as kuna time and notice deposits.

Foreign currency deposits are: foreign currency sight deposits as well as foreign currency time and notice deposits.

Bonds and money market instruments are: banks' liabilities for securities issued (net) and loans obtained.

Foreign liabilities comprise the following forms of kuna and foreign currency liabilities to foreign legal entities and individuals: giro and current accounts, savings deposits (including loro letters of credit and other forms of collateral), time deposits, loans received and liabilities due. *Central government and funds' deposits* are all forms of DMBs' kuna and foreign currency liabilities (except restricted and blocked deposits) to the central government and funds.

Credit from central bank comprises loans obtained from the CNB and deposits by the CNB with DMBs. Repurchase of securities is also considered and treated as loan.

Restricted and blocked deposits comprise the following DMBs' liabilities: kuna and foreign currency restricted deposits by other domestic sectors, other banking institutions, other financial institutions, central government and funds as well as foreign legal entities and individuals; and households' blocked foreign currency deposits, regulated by the Decree Law on the Transformation of Household Foreign Exchange Savings Deposits with Banks into the Public Debt of the Republic of Croatia

Capital accounts are share capital, profit or loss in the current year, retained profit (loss), required reserves, other capital reserves and provisions for identified and unidentified losses

Other items (net) are unclassified liabilities decreased by unclassified assets.

Tables D2-D12

This group of tables (with the exception of Table D5) represents an elaborate presentation of appropriate items of claims and liabilities of DMBs' Accounts (Table D1).

Table D2: Deposit Money Bank's Foreign Assets

This table shows DMBs' claims on foreign legal entities and individuals.

Foreign assets of DMBs comprise foreign assets in kuna and foreign currency.

Claims on foreign banks and *Claims on foreign nonbanks* (total and by financial instruments) are shown separately within both foreign assets in kuna and in foreign currency..

Table D3: Deposit Money Banks' Claims on the Central Government and Funds

The table shows kuna and foreign currency DMBs' claims on the central government and funds.

Bonds arising from blocked foreign currency savings deposits are issued in accordance with the Decree Law on the Transformation of Household Foreign Exchange Savings Deposits with Banks into the Public Debt of the Republic of Croatia

Big bonds are those issued in accordance with the Law on the Issue of Bonds for the Restructuring of the Economy of the Republic of Croatia.

Other claims are all other DMBs' kuna and foreign currency claims on central government and funds: securities, loans and equities.

Table D4: Deposit Money Bank's Claims on Other Domestic Sectors

The table shows DMBs' kuna and foreign currency claims on other domestic sectors, classified according to financial instruments: money market instruments, bonds, loans and advances (including

acceptances and purchased claims), and equities and arrears.

Since October 1994, foreign currency loans can be granted only when DMB's simultaneously borrow abroad in their own name and for the account of the end-user.

Table D5: Distribution of Deposit Money Banks' Loans by Domestic Institutional Sectors

The table shows data on kuna and foreign currency loans granted by DMBs to domestic sectors, including acceptances, financial leases, payments made on the basis of guarantees and similar instruments and purchased claims.

Table D6: Demand Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

The table shows demand deposits with DMBs, classified by domestic institutional sectors.

Demand deposits are the sum of other domestic sectors', other banking institutions' and other financial institutions' giro and current accounts balances, minus currency in the payment system, i.e. by amount of checks in banks' vaults and checks in collection. Banks obligations arising from kuna payment instruments issued are included in the household sector.

Table D7: Time and Savings Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

The table shows *Kuna savings and time deposits* by other domestic sectors, other banking institutions and other financial institutions with DMBs.

Table D8: Foreign Currency Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

The table shows foreign currency savings and time deposits by other domestic sectors, other banking institutions and other financial institutions with DMBs. Foreign currency

savings deposits are all foreign currency sight deposits, while foreign currency time deposits also include foreign currency notice deposits.

Table D9: Bonds and Money Market Instruments

The table shows DMBs liabilities for securities issued (net) and loans received from other domestic sectors, other banking institutions and other financial institutions.

Money market instruments (net) comprise DMBs net liabilities for CNB bills, bills of exchange (issued and accepted) and other securities issued.

Bonds (net) comprise DMBs net liabilities for kuna and foreign currency bonds issued, as well as debt and hybrid instruments that under certain conditions may be included in the supplementary capital of banks.

Other domestic borrowings comprises loans received, reported total and classified by institutional sectors.

Table D10: Deposit Money Banks' Foreign Liabilities

The table shows DMBs' total foreign currency and kuna liabilities to foreign legal entities and individuals, with the exception of restricted kuna and foreign currency deposits by foreign legal entities and individuals.

DMBs' foreign liabilities comprise foreign currency liabilities and foreign kuna liabilities.

Within foreign kuna and foreign currency liabilities, liabilities to foreign banks are reported separately from liabilities to foreign nonbanks (total and by financial instruments

Table D11: Central Government and Funds Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

The table reports total DMBs' kuna and foreign currency liabilities to the central government and funds, with the exception of restricted (kuna and foreign currency) deposits by the central government and funds with DMBs.

Kuna and foreign currency deposits by Republic of Croatia and republic funds are shown separately. Kuna deposits comprise demand deposits, savings deposits, kuna time and notice deposits, and kuna loans obtained from the central government and funds. Foreign currency deposits comprise foreign currency sight deposits, as well as savings deposits, foreign currency time and notice deposits.

Table D12: Restricted and Blocked Deposits with Deposit Money Banks

The table shows restricted and blocked deposits by the central government and funds, other domestic sectors, other banking institutions, other financial institutions and foreign legal entities and individuals with DMBs.

Restricted and blocked deposits include two categories of deposits: restricted (kuna and foreign currency) deposits and blocked foreign currency deposits.

Blocked foreign currency deposits include households' foreign currency deposits regulated by the Decree Law on the Transformation of Household Foreign Exchange Savings Deposits with Banks into the Public Debt of the Republic of Croatia

Table F1 - Credit Rates of Croatian National Bank

The table shows interest rates used by the CNB to calculate and charge interest on loans and on all other claims.

Lending CNB interest rates are being set by special decrees of the Council of the Croatian National Bank, on annual basis. Exceptionally, from June 1995 to September 11, 1996 interest rate charged by CNB on lombard credits has been 1.5 percentage point higher than the weighted average interest rate on CNB bills on voluntary basis (which serve as collateral for lombard credits) in cases when the weighted average interest rate was higher than 16.5%. Congruently, from June 1995 to August 1996 the table reports weighted average interest rate on lombard credits.

Interest rate in September 1996 is calculated as weighted average of interest rate applied in first 10 days of September 1996 (according to the regime mentioned above) and fixed interest rate applied since September 11, 1996.

Time series presented in the table contain certain breaches, due to changes in CNB's monetary policy instruments. Consequently, until November 1994, column 4 shows interest rates on regular credits for maintenance of day-to-day liquidity, which were granted based on securities portfolio, and from December 1994 onwards, interest rates on lombard credits.

Furthermore, data shown in column 6 refer, until September 1994, to interest rates on special credits for savings deposits' payments and for payments from households' current accounts, and from October 1994 until September 1997 to interest rates on daily credits for savings deposits and current accounts in kuna. Daily credits, as opposed to special credits, are paid back on the same day. In October 1997, this instrument was replaced by daily credits for overcoming short-term liquidity problems that are collateralized by CNB bills. Since December 16, 1998 this credit is incorporated in lombard credit, applying different interest rate for its usage within one day.

Data shown in column 7 refer, until December 1994 to interest rate on initial credits, and since March 18, 1998 to credits for overcoming illiquidity problems of banks under evaluation for entry into rehabilitation and restructuring procedures and since February 1999, to interest rates on short-term liquidity credits.

Interest rates reported in column 8 refer to the use of statutory reserves, which was being used by the banks (in prescribed percentage) to maintain day-to-day liquidity until September 1994. Interest rates paid until September 1994 on the use of statutory reserve funds in amount above prescribed and/or for longer period than allowed are shown in column 9. Since October 1994, interest rates paid on the use of statutory reserve funds are the same as those used for any other failure to fulfill financial obligations, in accordance with

the late interest regulations (shown in column 10).

Until June 1994 the same interest rate was applied to funds used above amounts available on giro accounts and to inaccurately calculated or under-appropriated statutory reserves (reported in column 9). From July to September 1994, interest rate applied to the use of those funds was 21%, and since October 1994 the same interest rates have been applied as for other failures to fulfill financial obligations, shown in column 10.

Table F2: Deposit Rates of Croatian National Bank

The table shows interest rates paid by the CNB on funds deposited with the CNB as well as on securities issued.

Interest rates paid by the CNB for appropriated statutory reserve funds are being set by the Council of the CNB. Until 7 October 1993, CNB was setting different exchange rates for statutory reserve funds based on savings and time deposits. Therefore, for that period the table reports weighted average interest rate on appropriated statutory reserve funds (column 3). From 8 October 1993 until the end of February 1994, CNB paid no interest on appropriated statutory reserve funds, and since March 1994, uniform rate has been applied to these funds.

Interest rates on obligatory CNB bills are set by the Council of the CNB.

Until October 1993, interest rates on CNB bills on voluntary basis were also set by the Council of the CNB, while since November 1993, they have been set at CNB bills' auction sales. Congruently, since November 1993, columns 5, 6 and 7 report weighted average interest rates attained in auctions of the CNB bills.

Until October 1994, interest rates on CNB bills on voluntary basis due in 30 and 90 days are reported in columns 6 and 7 respectively.

Since April 1998 column 9, 10, 11 report weighted average interest rates of the voluntary CNB bills in EUR and USD (until December 1998 in DEM and USD), due in 63, 91, 182 and 365 days attained in CNB bill's

auctions as a weighted average of subscribed amounts in those two currencies.

Table F3: Deposit Money Banks' Reserves on Obligatory Basis

This table shows data on monthly averages of day-to-day balances of DMB's required reserves with the CNB. Savings banks are included beginning in July 1999, and the earlier data have not been revised.

Reserve requirement (column 3) represents the prescribed amount of funds banks are required to deposit on a special statutory reserve account with the CNB, or to maintain (in average) on their settlement accounts or in vaults. This amount corresponds with the statutory reserve instrument of January 1995, while until December 1994 it comprised two instruments: statutory reserves and liquid assets requirement - LAR (except for the part in which banks were conforming to this requirement by registering CNB bills on voluntary basis).

Column 4 shows weighted average reserve requirement ratio as a percentage of the reserve requirement (column 3) in the reserve base (CNB prescribes different reserve requirement ratios for different categories of deposit).

Column 5 shows the portion of the reserve requirement banks are required to deposit on a special statutory reserves account with the CNB (until December 1994 this amount corresponds with the statutory reserves instrument, while since January 1995 until May 1998, banks have been required to deposit at least 75% of the total reserve requirement on a special account with the CNB and since May 1998 at least 60% of the amount).

Column 6 shows the percentage of the statutory reserves deposited with the CNB in the total reserve requirement.

Column 7 shows the total amount of other obligatory deposits with the CNB, including obligatory CNB bills, those voluntary CNB bills used by banks to maintain the prescribed minimal liquidity (LAR), special statutory reserves (until July 1995) and statutory reserves on f/c deposits, f/c credits from foreign banks and guaranties and f/c credits from foreign banks.

Column 8 shows the total reserve requirement as a sum of reserve requirement and other deposits with the CNB on obligatory basis. Column 9 shows the percentage of total reserve requirement in the reserve base.

Column 10 shows weighted average remuneration rate for all forms of immobilized funds (i.e. for all components of total reserve requirement).

Column 11 shows the use of obligatory reserves, which includes use of appropriated statutory reserve funds (authorized and unauthorized), inaccurately calculated statutory reserves, non-maintenance of the prescribed minimal liquidity, i.e. (since January 1995) non-maintenance of the minimal average settlement account and vault balance (determined in accordance with the calculation of statutory reserves), unregistered amount of the CNB bills on obligatory basis and inaccurately calculated special statutory reserves (until July 1995) and inaccurately calculated statutory reserves on f/c deposits, f/c credits from foreign banks and guaranties and f/c credits from foreign banks.

Table F4: Deposit Money Banks' Liquidity Indicators

The table reports monthly averages of day-to-day balances of some indicators of DMBs' liquidity. Savings banks are included beginning in July 1999. The past data has not been revised.

Column 3 shows free reserves, defined as bank's total reserves (on settlement accounts and in vaults) decreased by the minimal average settlement account and treasury balance, as prescribed by instruments of the CNB (until December 1994 by the requirement for banks' minimal liquidity, and since January 1995 by statutory reserve requirement).

Column 4 shows the primary liquidity ratio as a percentage of monthly day-to-day free reserves averages in monthly day-to-day averages of deposits which constitute the reserve base.

Column 5 shows the monthly average of day-to-day balances of secondary liquidity

sources used. Secondary liquidity sources comprise: use of statutory reserves (until October 1994), regular loans for maintenance of day-to-day liquidity (until November 1994), use of funds exceeding those available on the bank's giro account (until October 1994), special credits for overcoming illiquidity problems (initial credits, credits for overcoming illiquidity problems of banks under evaluation for entry into rehabilitation and restructuring procedures), lombard credits (since December 1994), intervention credits for overcoming illiquidity (since October 1994), short-term liquidity credits (since February 1999) as well as outstanding liabilities due to the CNB.

Column 6 reports monthly average of day-to-day balances of CNB bills on voluntary basis in kuna (until December 1994, this amount is decreased by the portion of voluntarily registered CNB bills used by banks to maintain the prescribed minimal liquidity).

Column 7 reports monthly average of day-to-day balances on CNB bills on voluntary basis in foreign currency (EUR and USD).

Table G1: Deposit Money Banks' Credit Rates

The table contains weighted averages of DMBs' monthly interest rates on kuna and foreign currency loans, reported on a yearly basis. Savings banks are not covered.

Columns 3 and 4 show interest rates on the interbank, daily and overnight money markets, according to information received from Money Market Zagreb. Data on DMBs' interest rates on kuna and foreign currency credits are based on DMBs' periodic reports. Basis for calculation of weighted averages are amounts of credits bearing corresponding interest rates, which were disbursed during the reported month, with the exception of interest rates on giro and current accounts credit lines, for which weighted averages were calculated based on the balance of these loans at the end of the reported month.

Column 5 shows interest rates on total (short-term and long-term) kuna credits not indexed to foreign currency. Interest rates on short-term kuna credits (shown in column 6) also include interest rates on discounted short-

term securities (not indexed to foreign currency), weighted based on their face value.

Columns 8, 9, 10 shows interest rates on total (short-term and long-term) kuna credits indexed to foreign currency, including interest rates on discounted short-term securities indexed to foreign currency.

Interest rates on foreign currency credits (columns 11, 12 and 13) refer to credits released in Deutsche Mark or US dollars in a reported month, while weighted averages are calculated based on their kuna equivalent using current exchange rate. Credits released in other currencies are not included in this table.

Relative significance of particular interest rates (reported in the last line of the table) refers to data for the last period included in the table. It is calculated as a percentage of corresponding credit category (to which exchange rates apply) in total credits included in the calculation of weighted averages for that period.

Table G2: Deposit Money Banks' Deposit Rates

The table shows weighted averages of monthly DMBs' interest rates on kuna and foreign currency deposits, reported on a yearly basis. Savings banks are not covered.

Data on interest rates on DMBs' deposits are obtained from DMBs' periodic reports.

Column 3 reports weighted averages of monthly interest rates on total kuna deposits (sight deposits, savings and time deposits) not indexed to foreign currency. Weighted averages of monthly interest rates on total kuna deposits indexed to foreign currency are reported in column 6.

Interest rates on foreign currency deposits refer to deposits received in Deutsche Mark or US dollars, while weighted averages are calculated based on their kuna equivalent using current exchange rate. Deposits received in other foreign currencies are not included in the data reported in this table.

The basis for calculation of weighted averages is the end-of-month balance of deposits. Kuna and foreign currency time and savings deposits are exceptions; for them weighted averages are calculated (since July

1995) based on the amounts of those deposits received during the reported month. Weighted averages of interest rates on total kuna and foreign currency deposits (columns 3 and 7) are weighted by the end-of-month balances of all categories included in the calculation.

Kuna and foreign currency deposits used as collateral for credit are included, while restricted deposits (deposits used for payment of imports and other restricted deposits) are not included into the calculation of weighted averages.

Table G3: Deposit Money Banks' Trade with Foreign Exchange

Data on trade with foreign exchange between DMBs comprise transactions of purchase and sale of foreign exchange on domestic foreign currency market. The transactions are classified by categories of participants (legal entities or individuals, banks, CNB). Source of data are DMBs periodic reports on trading with foreign exchange, sent to the CNB on a regular basis. The amounts are stated in Euro (EUR), converted from other foreign currencies using the CNB's midpoint exchange rate (reporting period average). Other Croatian National Bank transactions include foreign exchange sales and purchases on behalf of Ministry of Finance.

Table H1-H4: Balance of Payments

The balance of payments is compiled in accordance with the recommendations of the International Monetary Fund (Balance of Payments Manual, Fifth Edition, 1993). Data sources include: reports of the Central Bureau of Statistics, the Croatian Health Insurance Institute, the Payments Institute, Commercial banks, enterprises and the Croatian national Bank, as well as research by the Tourism Institute and the Croatian National Bank.

Exports and Imports are shown on an f.o.b. basis. The basic data source for these items is the Report of the Central Bureau of Statistics on merchandise foreign trade of the Republic of Croatia. The data of the Central Bureau of Statistics are modified in accordance

with the compilation method of the IMF: merchandise imports, which are shown in the Central Bureau of Statistics' report in c.i.f. terms, are corrected to f.o.b. (corrected for classification) and both imports and exports are corrected so that the coverage includes goods defined as such in the balance of payments methodology but not included in the statistics on merchandise trade.

Regarding exports, beginning with the first quarter of 1999, coverage has been increased via estimates of purchases by individual foreign travelers in the Republic of Croatia. These estimates are based on the Survey on Consumption of Foreign Travelers in Croatia carried out jointly by the Croatian National Bank and the Institute for Tourism. Regarding imports, the difference between c.i.f. and f.o.b. is estimated on the basis of research studies of the CNB on samples of the largest importers, and the resulting value of f.o.b. imports is adjusted on the basis of foreign payments for repairs of ships as well as supply purchases in foreign ports, as well as estimates of the purchases of individual Croatian citizens abroad, obtained via a research study of the CNB. From the first quarter of 1999 on, estimates are based on the Survey on Consumption of Domestic Travelers Abroad carried out jointly by the Croatian National Bank and the Institute for Tourism. For the 1993 to 1996 period, merchandise imports from the merchandise trade statistics are modified by estimates of imports in duty-free zones (prepared by the CNB), while from 1997 on, data on these imports are included in the merchandise trade statistics.

Beginning with the first quarter of 1999, income and expenditures from transport services are compiled on the basis of data from a new CNB research project on international transport services, with two exceptions: first, income and expenditures from road transport are compiled via data on realized foreign payments, and second, a portion of expenditures on transport services for transport of goods imported to the Republic of Croatia are based on a survey of the largest Croatia importers. This survey is carried out in the context of the reformulation of data on imports from a c.i.f. to an f.o.b. basis.

Income from travel-tourism is calculated on the basis of the Survey on the Consumption of Foreign Travelers in Croatia starting in the first quarter of 1999. This survey is carried out jointly by the Croatian National Bank and the Institute for Tourism. Additional data from the Croatian Health Insurance Institute on health services provided to non-residents is also used.

Expenditures from travel-tourism is, starting in the first quarter of 1999, based on the results of the Survey on the Consumption of Domestic Travelers Abroad, and is supplemented by data on foreign exchange expenditures of the Croatian Health Insurance Institute.

Income from transport services is recorded on the basis of research by the Croatian National Bank. This research was based on data provided by Croatian transport enterprises to the CNB. The data from this project are added to data from the statistics on international payments and income from pipelines and road transport, which were not included in the research project.

Expenditures on transport services include part of the difference between c.i.f. and f.o.b. imports, which pertain to services provided by non-residents, as well as estimates of the operating costs of Croatian transport companies in international transport. This estimate was performed by the Croatian National Bank, and amounts to 40% of the income of Croatian transport companies shown in the Croatian National Bank's research.

Income from travel and tourism is calculated as the total value of foreign exchange cash and checks purchased from nonresidents, the purchase of foreign checks from residents, foreign transfers of funds to the accounts of enterprises engaged in tourism, the sale of local currency and travelers checks abroad, health services provided to non-residents, receipts for scholarships and specialized study by non-residents in the Republic of Croatia, estimates of tourist expenditures of non-residents in registered lodging and accommodations and estimates of other forms of tourist expenditures of non-residents. The estimate of tourist expenditure in registered lodging and accommodations is

based on research by the Institute of Tourism, and the estimate of other forms of tourist expenditure is based on econometric analysis of the Croatian National Bank. The other categories mentioned are based on data from foreign payments statistics.

Expenditures for travel and tourism are calculated as the total value of outflows for official travel, stipends and specialized study, foreign exchange expenditures of the Croatian Health Insurance Institute, outflows for tourism organized by domestic tourism enterprises and estimates of the foreign tourist expenditures of residents. These estimates are based on research by the CNB, while the other categories mentioned are based on data on foreign payments.

Other services includes data from the foreign payments statistics which related to investment projects abroad, customs clearing services, representation fees, insurance services, postal services and the costs of Croatian representative offices overseas. To this category is added a part of unclassified services which can be explained as a linear trend, as well as estimates of the expenditures of international peacekeeping and humanitarian missions for goods and services in the Republic of Croatia, based on research by the Croatian National Bank.

The income account includes data from the foreign payments statistics on payments on the basis of interest, data from CNB research on income paid from foreign direct and portfolio investment of the private sector, Croatian National Bank data and Payments Institute data on income paid from foreign portfolio investment in the official sector and estimates of the factor income of resident peacekeeping and humanitarian missions in the Republic of Croatia, based on research of the Croatian National Bank. For the period 1993 to 1996, data on foreign direct investment do not include data on retained profit.

Current transfers to the government include data from the foreign payments statistics on the payment of pensions and other social transfers, monetary support and gifts, as well as data from the merchandise trade statistics of the Republic of Croatia on imports

and exports of goods without payment obligation.

Income from transfers to other sectors includes data from the foreign payments statistics on the total value of foreign exchange transfers received from abroad. To this is added an estimate for unregistered transfers. This estimate is seen as 15% of the difference between the unexplained foreign exchange inflows and outflows of the household sector.

The foreign exchange receipts of the household sector include the purchase of foreign cash at exchange offices from residents and deposits of foreign cash in foreign exchange accounts of residents at domestic banks. Payments made abroad and income earned through business trips, education and training, tourist receipts and other tourist income are added to this. The total inflow is decreased by: estimated tourist income and estimates of purchases by individual foreign tourists in the Republic of Croatia (Survey on the Consumption of Foreign Tourists in Croatia carried out jointly by the Croatian National Bank and Institute of Tourism) plus consumption of goods and services by members of peacekeeping and humanitarian missions in the Republic of Croatia.

The foreign exchange expenditures of the household sector include purchases of foreign cash by exchange offices and withdrawals of foreign cash from households' foreign exchange accounts at domestic banks. Realized foreign payments and expenditures from business trips, education and training, tourist payments and other tourist expenditures are added to this. The total outflow is decreased by: individuals' expenditures for goods abroad and expenditures for foreign tourism by residents.

Expenditures on transfers of other sectors is based on foreign payments data on the total value of foreign exchange transfers abroad.

Capital accounts are compiled from data on realized foreign payments by migrants (income and expenditures).

Foreign direct and portfolio investment includes data on those investments from the research of the CNB and data from the securities register of the official sector

(Central bank and central government) at the Croatian National Bank and Payments Institute. In the 1993 to 1996 period, data on foreign direct investment of the private sector (banks and other sectors) do not includes direct foreign debt investment, nor retained profit of the investor.

Credits--trade credit has been compiled since the first quarter of 1996. It includes advances paid for goods imports by Croatian importers. Starting in the first quarter of 1999, it includes loans with maturities below 90 days given by Croatian exporters to foreign buyers. Other investment is classified according to the following institutional sectors: Croatian National Bank, Government, Banks and Other. The Government sector comprises central government, local government and local funds. The Banking Sector comprises commercial banks.

Assets--foreign exchange and deposits--banks shows the change in the total liquid foreign exchange of banks authorized to do business abroad. Assets--foreign exchange and deposits--other sectors includes a part of the net foreign exchange inflows of the household sector which is not classified on the current account, and which amounts to 85% of the unexplained foreign exchange inflows to the household sector.

Debits--trade credit has been compiled since the first quarter of 1996, and includes data on loans with a maturity below 90 days granted by foreign suppliers to Croatian importers. From the first quarter of 1999 on, this item includes data on advances granted by Croatian exporters to foreign purchasers.

Data on credits and arrears are obtained from statistics on foreign credit relations of the Croatian National Bank, which are based on concluded credit agreements registered with the Croatian National Bank.

Currency and deposits includes changes in those foreign exchange and kuna foreign liabilities of the monetary authorities (CNB) and banks based on current accounts, time accounts, Loro letters of credit, guarantees, sight deposits and demand deposits.

Changes in the foreign exchange reserves of the Croatian National Bank on a transactions basis are estimated using accounting data on the stock of foreign exchange reserves in particular currencies at the end of the months. In the estimation of transactions, changes in the original currencies are transformed into dollar changes using the average monthly exchange rate of the currency in question with the US dollar.

Table H5: International Reserves and Banks' Foreign Exchange Reserves

The international reserves of the Croatian National Bank are shown according to the methodology contained in the *Balance of Payments Manual* (International Monetary Fund, 1993), and include those foreign claims of the Croatian National Bank that can be used to bridge imbalances in international payments. International reserves include Special Drawing Rights, reserve position in the International Monetary Fund, foreign currency, and deposits at foreign banks, as well as bonds and debt instruments.

The foreign exchange reserves of commercial banks include foreign currency and domestic commercial banks' deposits at foreign banks. These foreign exchange reserves represent an additional source of liquidity for bridging imbalances in international payments.

Table H8: External Debt

The table shows the balance of external debt at the end of the period, in millions of US dollars, according to the CNB's midpoint foreign currency rate at the end of the period.

External debt is defined as total value of following liabilities for foreign credits: outstanding debt (including principal in arrears) and projection of principal payments.

Principle arrears include principle payments which should have been paid, but for which no statistical information regarding payment has been received.

Interest arrears are estimated by using originally agreed interest rates and do not include late interest.

Short-term credits do not include the use of interbank line of credits.

Table H9: Structure of foreign debt and repayment projection

The table shows the structure of foreign debt by domestic institutional sectors, as well as the debt stock and a repayment projection for medium-term and long-term borrowing. All data are shown at the midpoint exchange rate of the Croatian National Bank at the end of the period.

Also, the tables show interest-payment projections for medium-term and long-term borrowing.

LICENSED BANKS WITH FULL AUTHORIZATION

1. AGROOBRTNIČKA BANKA d.d. Zagreb
2. ALPE JADRAN BANKA d.d. Split
3. BANK AUSTRIA CREDITANSTALT CROATIA d.d. Zagreb
4. BJELOVARSKA BANKA d.d. Bjelovar
5. BNP-DRESDNER BANK (CROATIA) d.d. Zagreb
6. BRODSKO-POSAVSKA BANKA d.d. Slavonski Brod
7. CASSA DI RISPARMIO DI TRIESTE - BANCA d.d. -
TRŠĆANSKA ŠTEDIONICA - BANKA d.d. Zagreb
8. CENTAR BANKA d.d. Zagreb
9. CIBALAE BANKA d.d. Vinkovci
10. CONVEST BANKA d.d. Zagreb
11. CREDO BANKA d.d. Split
12. CROATIA BANKA d.d. Zagreb
13. ČAKOVEČKA BANKA d.d. Čakovec
14. DALMATINSKA BANKA d.d. Zadar
15. DUBROVAČKA BANKA d.d. Dubrovnik
16. GOSPODARSKO KREDITNA BANKA d.d. Zagreb
17. HRVATSKA GOSPODARSKA BANKA d.d. Zagreb
18. HRVATSKA POŠTANSKA BANKA d.d. Zagreb
19. HYPO ALPE-ADRIA-BANK d.d. Zagreb
20. IMEX BANKA d.o.o. Split
21. ISTARSKA BANKA d.d. Pula
22. ISTARSKA KREDITNA BANKA UMAG d.d. Umag
23. JADRANSKA BANKA d.d. Šibenik
24. KAPTOL BANKA d.d. Zagreb
25. KARLOVAČKA BANKA d.d. Karlovac
26. KRAPINSKO ZAGORSKA BANKA d.d. Krapina
27. KREDITNA BANKA ZAGREB d.d. Zagreb
28. KVARNER BANKA d.d. Rijeka
29. MEDIMURSKA BANKA d.d. Čakovec
30. PARTNER BANKA d.d. Zagreb
31. PODRAVSKA BANKA d.d. Koprivnica
32. POŽEŠKA BANKA d.d. Požega
33. PRIVREDNA BANKA ZAGREB d.d. Zagreb
34. PRIVREDNA BANKA - LAGUNA BANKA d.d. Poreč
35. PROMDEI BANKA d.d. Zagreb
36. RAIFFEISENBANK AUSTRIA d.d. Zagreb
37. RIADRIA BANKA d.d. Rijeka
38. RIJEČKA BANKA d.d. Rijeka
39. SISAČKA BANKA d.d. Sisak
40. SLATINSKA BANKA d.d. Slatina
41. SLAVONSKA BANKA d.d. Osijek
42. SPLITSKA BANKA d.d. Split
43. ŠTEDBANKA d.o.o. Zagreb
44. TRGOVAČKA BANKA d.d. Zagreb
45. VARAŽDINSKA BANKA d.d. Varaždin
46. VOLKSBANK d.d. Zagreb

47. ZAGREBAČKA BANKA d.d. Zagreb
48. ZAGREBAČKA BANKA-POMORSKA BANKA SPLIT d.d. Split

LICENSED BANKS WITH LIMITED AUTHORIZATION

1. HYPOBANKA d.o.o. Zagreb
2. NAVA BANKA d.d. Zagreb
3. RAZVOJNA BANKA "DALMACIJA" d.o.o. Split
4. SAMOBORSKA BANKA d.d. Samobor
5. TRGOVAČKO-TURISTIČKA BANKA d.d. Split

LICENSED BRANCHES OF FOREIGN BANKS²⁾

1. Branch of SOCIETE GENERALE d.d. PARIS, Zagreb

LICENSED FOREIGN BANKS REPRESENTATIVE OFFICES

1. ERSTE BANK DER ÖSTERREICHISCHEN SPARKASSEN AG, Zagreb
2. STEIERMARKISCHE BANK UND SPARKASSEN AG, Zagreb
3. LHB INTERNATIONALE HANDELSBANK AG, Zagreb
4. KREDITNA BANKA d.d. TUZLA, Zagreb
5. MARKET BANKA, Split
6. PRIVREDNA BANKA BIHAĆ d.d., Zagreb
7. DEUTSCHE BANK AG, Zagreb
8. CASSA DI RISPARMIO DI UDINE E PORDENONE SPA, Zagreb
9. CREDIT SCHWEIZER BANK d.o.o. SARAJEVO, Zagreb
10. BANK FÜR KÄRNTEN UND STEIERMARK AG, Zagreb
11. COMMERZ BANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, Zagreb

Note:

Full authorization for money transfers and credit transactions
with foreign countries.

Limited authorization comprise f/c transfers in Croatia.

LICENSED SAVINGS BANKS

1. ADRIA ŠTEDIONICA d.o.o. Zagreb
2. BANICA CREDO ŠTEDIONICA d.o.o. Split ¹⁾
3. GOLD ŠTEDIONICA d.o.o. Split ¹⁾
4. GOSPODARSKA ŠTEDIONICA ADRIATIC d.o.o. Vrbovec ¹⁾
5. HIBIS ŠTEDIONICA d.o.o. Zagreb
6. INVESTICIJSKO-KOMERCIJALNA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Zagreb
7. KRAPINSKA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Krapina
8. KRIŽEVAČKA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Križevci
9. MARVIL ŠTEDIONICA d.o.o. Zagreb
10. MEĐIMURSKA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Čakovec ¹⁾
11. PRIMORSKA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Rijeka ¹⁾
12. PRVA OBRTNIČKA ŠTEDIONICA d.o.o. Zagreb ¹⁾
13. SLAVONSKA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Zagreb
14. ŠTEDIONICA BANAK d.o.o. Pula
15. ŠTEDIONICA BROD d.o.o. Slavonski Brod ¹⁾
16. ŠTEDIONICA DORA d.d. Zagreb ¹⁾
17. ŠTEDIONICA DUGI POGLED d.o.o. Zagreb
18. ŠTEDIONICA ISTRANOVA d.d. Pula
19. ŠTEDIONICA KOVANICA d.d. Varaždin ¹⁾
20. ŠTEDIONICA MEDITERAN d.o.o. Split ¹⁾
21. ŠTEDIONICA MORE d.o.o. Zagreb ¹⁾
22. ŠTEDIONICA SA-GA d.o.o. Zagreb ¹⁾
23. ŠTEDIONICA SONIC d.d. Zagreb ¹⁾
24. ŠTEDIONICA SPLITSKO DALMATINSKA d.o.o. Split ¹⁾
25. ŠTEDIONICA ZA RAZVOJ I OBNOVU d.o.o. Zagreb
26. ŠTEDIONICA ZAGIŠTED d.d. Zagreb
27. ŠTEDIONICA ZLATICA d.o.o. Zagreb ¹⁾
28. ŠTEDIONICA ZLATNI VRUTAK d.d. Zagreb
29. TRGOVAČKA ŠTEDIONICA d.o.o. Zagreb
30. ViD ŠTEDIONICA d.o.o. Zagreb ¹⁾
31. ZAGREBAČKA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Zagreb

LICENSED HOUSING SAVINGS BANKS

1. PRVA STAMBENA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Zagreb
2. WÜSTENROT STAMBENA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Zagreb
3. HRVATSKA STAMBENA ŠTEDIONICA d.d. Varaždin
4. RAIFFEISEN STAMBENA ŠTEDIONICA d.o.o. Zagreb ²⁾

OTHER LICENSED INSTITUTIONS WITH FULL AUTHORIZATION

1. HRVATSKA BANKA ZA OBNOVU I RAZVITAK Zagreb

¹⁾ Authorization includes raising households' f/c deposits and operating exchange offices

²⁾ Licenced savings bank not yet operative.

MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL OF THE CROATIAN NATIONAL BANK

Chairman of the Council
Marko Škreb Ph.D

Members
Zdravko Rogić M.S.

Relja Martić

Pero Jurković Ph.D

Ivan Milas

Gorazd Nikić Ph.D.

Mate Babić Ph.D.

Vlado Leko Ph.D.

Management of the CNB

Marko Škreb, Ph.D. Governor

Zdravko Rogić, M.S. Deputy Governor

Relja Martić, Vice Governor

Board of Executive Directors

Research and statistics area - Velimir Šonje M.S.

Area of central banking operation- Adolf Matejka M.S.

International financial relations area - Jadranka Granić

Area of control and supervision- Čedo Maletić

Accounting, treasury and payment operations area - Đurda Haramija M.S.

Area of organization planning and information processing- Petar Ćurković

Area of legal affairs and general services -

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS & SYMBOLS

CNB	- Croatian National Bank
GDP	- gross domestic product
DMB	- deposit money bank
dep.	- deposit
Q	- quarterly
CBS	- Central Bureau of Statistics
manufactur.	- manufacturer
mil	- million
bil	- billion
o.w.	- of which
IMF	- International Monetary Fund
res.	- reserve
SNA	- System of National Accounts
prod.	- producers
RR	- reserve requirement

ABBREVIATIONS FOR CURRENCY

HRK	- Croatian kuna
ATS	- Austrian schilling
FRF	- French franc
DEM	- German mark
CHF	- Swiss franc
GBP	- British pound
ITL	- Italian lira
USD	- US dollar
SIT	- Slovenian tolar
EUR	- euro

SYMBOLS

-	- no entry
....	- data not available
0	- value is less than 0.5 of the unit of measure being used
\bar{R}	- average
¹⁾	- indicates a note beneath the table
*	- corrected data
()	- incomplete or insufficiently verified data